S Guardian[®]

YOUR GROUP INSURANCE PLAN BENEFITS

FORT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CLASS 0001
VOLUNTARY LTD

The enclosed certificate is intended to explain the benefits provided by the Plan. It does not constitute the Policy Contract. Your rights and benefits are determined in accordance with the provisions of the Policy, and your insurance is effective only if you are eligible for insurance and remain insured in accordance with its terms.
00530311/00013.0/B /0001/Z81151/99999999/0000/PRINT DATE: 9/15/22

Have a complaint or need help?

If You have a problem with a claim or Your premium, call Your insurance company first. If You can't work out the issue, the Texas Department of Insurance may be able to help.

Even if You file a complaint with the Texas Department of Insurance, You should also file a complaint or appeal through Your insurance company. If You don't, You may lose Your right to appeal.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America and/or Managed DentalGuard (for DHMO coverage only)

To get information or to file a complaint with your insurance company or HMO:

Call: (toll-free) 1-888-GUARDIAN (1-888-482-7342) Online: www.guardiananytime.com/contact-us

Email: corporate_inquiries@glic.com

Mail: Corporate Complaints, 10 Hudson Yards, New York, NY 10001

The Texas Department of Insurance

To get help with an insurance question or file a complaint with the state:

Call: 1-800-252-3439
Online: www.tdi.texas.gov

E-mail: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Mail: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714

Tiene una queja o necesita ayuda?

Si tiene un problema con una reclamacion o con su prima de seguro, llame primero a su compania de seguros. Si no puede resolver el problema, es posible que el Departamento de Seguros de Texas (Texas Department of Insurance, por su nombre en ingles) pueda ayudar.

Aun si usted presenta una queja ante el Departamento de Seguros de Texas, tambien debe presentar una queja a traves del proceso de quejas o de apelaciones de su compania de seguros. Si no lo hace, podria perder su derecho para apelar.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America and/or Managed DentalGuard (for DHMO coverage only)

Para obtener informacion o para presentar una queja ante su compania de seguros:

Llame: (telefono gratuito) 1-888-GUARDIAN (1-888-482-7342)

En linea: www.guardiananytime.com/contact-us
Correo electronico: corporate_inquiries@glic.com

Direccion postal: Corporate Complaints, 10 Hudson Yards, New York, NY 10001

El Departamento de Seguros de Texas

Para obtener ayuda con una pregunta relacionada con los seguros o para presentar una queja ante el estado:

Llame: 1-800-252-3439
En linea: www.tdi.texas.gov

Correo electronico: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Direccion postal: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

10 Hudson Yards New York, New York 10001 (212) 598-8000 www.GuardianAnytime.com

If Your Group Certificate includes any of the following coverages: Guardian Insured: Group Accident, Group Cancer, Group Critical Illness, Group Hospital Indemnity, Group Dental or Group Vision, the following consumer complaint notice is applicable. (Employer Funded Coverages, if any, are excluded from this Rider.)

New Mexico Residents Consumer Complaint Notice

If You are a resident of New Mexico, Your coverage will be administered in accordance with the minimum applicable standards of New Mexico law. If You have concerns regarding a claim, premium, or other matters relating to this coverage, You may file a complaint with the New Mexico Office of Superintendent of Insurance (OSI) using the complaint form available on the OSI website and found at:

httsp://www.osi.stat.nm.us/ConsumerAssistance/index.aspx

CCN-2019-NM B999.0042

CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

The Guardian

10 Hudson Yards New York, New York 10001

We, The Guardian, certify that the employee named below is entitled to the insurance benefits provided by The Guardian described in this certificate, provided the eligibility and effective date requirements of the plan are satisfied.

Group Policy No.	Certificate No.	Effective Date
Issued To		

This CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE replaces any CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE previously issued under the above Plan or under any other Plan providing similar or identical benefits issued to the Planholder by The Guardian.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

MroPox

CGP-3-R-STK-90-3 B110.0023

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CGP-3-TOC-96 B140.0003

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The insurance policy under which this certificate is issued is not a policy of Workers' Compensation insurance. You should consult your employer to determine whether your employer is a subscriber to the Workers' Compensation system.

CGP-3-R-COMP-TX-92

B120.0015

GENERAL PROVISIONS

As used in this booklet:

"Covered person" means an employee insured by this plan.

"Employer" means the employer who purchased this plan.

"Our," "The Guardian," "us" and "we" mean The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

"Plan" means the Guardian *plan* of group insurance purchased by your *employer*.

"You" and "your" mean an employee insured by this plan.

CGP-3-R-GENPRO-90

B160.0013

B160.0004

Limitation of Authority

No person, except by a writing signed by the President, a Vice President or a Secretary of The Guardian, has the authority to act for us to: (a) determine whether any contract, plan or certificate of insurance is to be issued; (b) waive or alter any provisions of any insurance contract or plan, or any requirements of The Guardian; (c) bind us by any statement or promise relating to any insurance contract issued or to be issued; or (d) accept any information or representation which is not in a signed application.

CGP-3-R-LOA-90

Incontestability

This *plan* is incontestable after two years from its date of issue, except for non-payment of premiums.

No statement in any application, except a fraudulent statement, made by a person insured under this *plan* shall be used in contesting the validity of his insurance or in denying a claim for a loss incurred, or for a disability which starts, after such insurance has been in force for two years during his lifetime.

If this *plan* replaces a plan your *employer* had with another insurer, we may rescind the *employer's plan* based on misrepresentations made by the *employer* or an *employee* in a signed application for up to two years from the effective date of this *plan*.

CGP-3-R-INCY-90

B160.0003

Examination and Autopsy

We have the right to have a *doctor* of our choice examine the person for whom a claim is being made under this *plan* as often as we feel necessary. And we have the right to have an autopsy performed in the case of death, where allowed by law. We'll pay for all such examinations and autopsies.

CGP-3-R-EA-90

B160.0006

Accident and Health Claims Provisions

Your right to make a claim for any accident and health benefits provided by this *plan*, is governed as follows:

You must send us written notice of an injury or sickness for which a claim is being made within 20 days of the date the injury occurs or the sickness starts. This notice should include your name and plan number.

Proof of Loss We'll furnish you with forms for filing proof of loss within 15 days of receipt of notice. But if we don't furnish the forms on time, we'll accept a written description and adequate documentation of the injury or sickness that is the basis of the claim as proof of loss. You must detail the nature and extent of the loss for which the claim is being made. You must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

> If this plan provides weekly loss-of-time insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the end of each period for which we're liable. If this plan provides long term disability income insurance, you must send us written proof of loss within 90 days of the date we request it. For any other loss, you must send us written proof within 90 days of the loss.

Late Notice of Proof

We won't void or reduce your claim if you can't send us notice and proof of loss within the required time. But you must send us notice and proof as soon as reasonably possible.

Payment of Benefits

We'll pay benefits for loss of income once every 30 days for as long as we're liable, provided you submit periodic written proof of loss as stated above. We'll pay all other accident and health benefits to which you're entitled within 60 days after we receive written proof of loss.

We pay all accident and health benefits to you, if you're living. If you're not living, we have the right to pay all accident and health benefits, except dismemberment benefits, to one of the following: (a) your estate; (b) your spouse; (c) your parents; (d) your children; (e) your brothers and sisters; and (f) any unpaid provider of health care services. See "Your Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits" for how dismemberment benefits are paid.

When you file proof of loss, you may direct us, in writing, to pay health care benefits to the recognized provider of health care who provided the covered service for which benefits became payable. We may honor such direction at our option. But we can't tell you that a particular provider must provide such care. And you may not assign your right to take legal action under this plan to such provider.

Limitations of You can't bring a legal action against this plan until 60 days from the date Actions you file proof of loss. And you can't bring legal action against this plan after three years from the date you file proof of loss.

Workers' The accident and health benefits provided by this plan are not in place of, **Compensation** and do not affect requirements for coverage by Workers' Compensation.

> CGP-3-R-AHC-90-TX B160.0035

ELIGIBILITY FOR DISABILITY COVERAGE

B329.0002

Employee Coverage

Eligible Employees To be eligible for employee coverage, you must be an active full-time employee. And you must belong to a class of employees covered by this plan.

Other Conditions You must:

- (a) be legally working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.
- (b) be regularly working at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by your employer (but not less than 22.5 hours per week), at:
 - your employer's place of business;
 - (ii) some place where your employer's business requires you to travel: or
 - (iii) any other place you and your employer have agreed upon for performance of occupational duties.

Part or all of your insurance amounts may be subject to proof that you're insurable. Other parts of this coverage explain if and when we require proof. You won't be covered for any amount that requires such proof until you give the *proof* to us and we approve it in writing.

CGP-3-EC-90-1.0 B329.0887

When Your **Coverage Starts**

Employee benefits that don't require proof that you are insurable are scheduled to start on your effective date.

Employee benefits that require such proof won't start until you send us the proof and we approve it in writing. Once we have approved it, the benefits are scheduled to start on the effective date shown in the endorsement section of your application. A copy of the approved application is furnished to you.

But you must be fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation for your employer on a full-time basis at 12:01AM Standard Time for your place of residence on the scheduled effective date or dates. And you must have met all of the applicable conditions explained above, and any applicable waiting period. If you are not fully capable of performing the major duties of your regular occupation on any date part of your insurance is scheduled to start we will postpone that part of your coverage. We will postpone that part of your coverage until the date you are so capable and are working your regular number of hours for one full day, with the expectation that you could do so for one full week.

Sometimes, your effective date is not a regularly scheduled work day. If the scheduled effective date falls: on a holiday; on a vacation day; on a non-scheduled work day; or during an approved leave of absence, not due to sickness or injury, of 90 days or less; and if you were performing the major duties of your regular occupation and working your regular number of hours on your last regularly scheduled work day, your coverage will start on the scheduled effective date. However, any coverage or part of coverage for which you must elect and pay all or part of the cost, will not start if you are on an approved leave and such coverage or part of coverage was not previously in force for you under a prior plan which this plan replaced.

If you were previously covered under this plan and your coverage ended due to a temporary lay off or leave of absence, you will be eligible for insurance under this plan on the date you return to active full-time work, provided: (a) you return to active full-time service within 12 months of the date your coverage ended; (b) you were covered under this plan on the day before your coverage ended; and (c) you enroll for coverage within 31 days of the date you return to active full-time work.

Upon return to active full-time work, a new effective date will be established according to the actively at work rules above. However, you will not be required to re-satisfy any portion of a pre-existing condition provision under this *plan* that you had met prior to termination of coverage.

CGP-3-EC-90-2.0 B329.1160-R

Date For Disability Coverage

Delayed Effective With respect to this *plan*'s disability insurance, if an *employee* is not actively at work on a full-time basis on the date his or her coverage is scheduled to start, due to sickness or injury, we'll postpone coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to that condition. We'll postpone such coverage until he or she completes 10 consecutive days of active full-time service without missing a work day due to the same condition.

> Coverage for an otherwise covered loss due to all other conditions will start on the date the employee returns to active full-time service.

> CGP-3-DEF-97 B329.0103

When Your Your long term disability coverage ends on the last day of the month in Coverage Ends which your active full-time service ends for any reason, except as noted below under "Coverage During Temporary Layoff or Leave of Absence".

> It also ends on the date you stop being a member of a class of employees eligible for insurance under this plan, or when this plan ends for all employees. And it ends when this plan is changed so that benefits for the class of employees to which you belong ends.

> It ends on the date you are no longer working in the United States, or working outside of the United States for a United States based employer in a country or region approved by us.

> If you are required to pay all or part of the cost of this coverage and you fail to do so, your coverage ends. It ends on the last day of the period for which you made the required payments, unless coverage ends earlier for other reasons.

However, if you are disabled, as defined by this plan when your active full-time service ends, coverage remains in force during: (a) the elimination period, subject to premium payment, if: (i) the disability is not excluded under the plan; and (ii) benefits are not excluded due to application of this plan's pre-existing condition provision; and (b) the period for which benefits are payable under the plan.

Coverage During Temporary Layoff or Leave of Absence

If your active full-time service ends because you are laid off or on an employer approved leave of absence, your insurance may be continued, subject to continued payment of premium, until the earlier of: (a) the end of the temporary layoff or employer approved leave of absence; and (b) three months following the date the temporary layoff or approved leave of absence begins. If you become disabled under this plan while your coverage is being continued during a temporary layoff or leave of absence, your eligibility for benefits will be governed by all the terms of this plan.

Read this booklet carefully if your coverage ends. You may have the right to replace certain group benefits with converted policies.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.0903-R

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Long Term Disability **Income Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence**

Important Notice This section may not apply to an employer's plan. You must contact your employer to find out if your employer must allow for a leave of absence under federal law. In that case the section applies.

Disability Coverage

Continuation of Long term disability income coverage may be continued, under a uniform, non-discriminatory policy applicable to all employees. You must contact your employer to find out if you may continue this coverage.

If Your Group Group long term disability income insurance may normally end for an Insurance Would employee because he or she ceases work due to an approved leave of End absence. But, the employee may continue his or her group coverage if the leave of absence has been granted: (a) to allow the employee to care for a seriously injured or ill spouse, child or parent; (b) after the birth or adoption of a child; (c) due to the employee's own serious health condition; or (d) because of any serious injury or illness arising out of the fact that a spouse, child, parent, or next of kin, who is a covered servicemember, of the employee is on active duty (or has been notified of an impending call or order to active duty) in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation. The employee will be required to pay the same share of the premium as he or she paid before the leave of absence.

Ends

When Continuation Coverage may continue until the earliest of the following:

- The date you return to active work.
- In the case of a leave granted to you to care for a covered servicemember: The end of a total leave period of 26 weeks in one 12 month period. This 26 week total leave period applies to all leaves granted to you under this section for all reasons. If you take an additional leave of absence in a subsequent 12 month period, continued coverage will cease at the end of a total leave period of 12 weeks.

An Employee's Right To Continue Group Long Term Disability Income Insurance During A Family Leave Of Absence (Cont.)

- In any other case: The end of a total leave period of 12 weeks in any 12 month period.
- The date on which your Employer's Plan is terminated or you are no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan.
- The end of the period for which the premium has been paid.

Definitions As used in this section, the terms listed below have the meanings shown below:

- Active Duty: This term means duty under a call or order to active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- **Contingency Operation:** This term means a military operation that: (a) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as an operation in which members of the armed forces are or may become involved in military actions, operations, or hostilities against an enemy of the United States or against an opposing military force; or (b) results in the call or order to, or retention on, active duty of members of the uniformed services under any provision of law during a war or during a national emergency declared by the President or Congress.
- Covered Servicemember: This term means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, who for a serious injury or illness: (a), is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy; (b) is otherwise in outpatient status; or (c) is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list.
- Next Of Kin: This term means the nearest blood relative of the employee.
- Outpatient Status: This term means, with respect to a covered servicemember, that he or she is assigned to: (a) a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient; or (b) a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients.
- Serious Injury Or Illness: This term means, in the case of a covered servicemember, an injury or illness incurred by him or her in line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render him or her medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

CGP-3-EC-90-3.0 B329.1148

LONG TERM DISABILITY HIGHLIGHTS

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

This page provides a quick guide to some of the plan features about which people most often want to know. But it's not a complete description of your long term disability plan. Read the following pages carefully for a complete explanation of what we pay, limit, and exclude.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2628

Plan A

Own Occupation Period

The first 24 months of benefit payments from this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2651

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2653

Maximum Payment Period

See the following table:

For a disability starting before the *employee* reaches age 60, the *maximum* payment period will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	 65
1938	 65 and 2 months
1939	 65 and 4 months
1940	 65 and 6 months
1941	 65 and 8 months
1942	 65 and 10 months
1943-1954	 66
1955	 66 and 2 months
1956	 66 and 4 months
1957	 66 and 6 months
1958	 66 and 8 months
1959	 66 and 10 months
After 1959	 67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 61 Age 62 Age 63	4.00 years 3.50 years 3.00 years

Age 65	 2.00 years
Age 66	 1.75 years
Age 67	 1.50 years
Age 68	 1.25 years
Age 69 or older	 1.00 year

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment period until he reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2656

Plan B

Own Occupation Period

The first 24 months of benefit payments from this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2673

Elimination Period For disability due to injury 90 days

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2675

Maximum Payment Period

Maximum Payment See the following table:

For a disability starting before the *employee* reaches age 60, the *maximum* payment period will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	 65
1938	 65 and 2 months
1939	
1940	 65 and 6 months
1941	
1942	
1943-1954	
1955	
1956	
1957	
1958	
1959	
After 1959	 67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When	Maximum
Disability Starts	Payment Period
•	•
Age 60	 5.00 years
Age 61	 4.00 years
Age 62	 3.50 years
Age 63	 3.00 years

Age 64	 2.50 years
Age 65	 2.00 years
Age 66	 1.75 years
Age 67	 1.50 years
Age 68	 1.25 years
Age 69 or older	 1.00 vear

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend his maximum payment period until he reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2678

Maximum Monthly

66 2/3% of your insured earnings, rounded to the nearest \$1.00, if not Benefit already a multiple thereof, limited to a maximum of \$7,500.00.

> NOTE: We integrate your gross monthly benefit with certain other income you may receive. Read all the terms of this planto see what income we integrate with, and how.

> CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2686

Survivor Benefit 3 times the last gross monthly benefit you received.

CGP-3-LTD07-HL B380.2735

LONG TERM DISABILITY INCOME INSURANCE

This insurance replaces part of your income if you become disabled due to a covered sickness or injury. What we pay is governed by all the terms of this plan.

All terms in italics are defined terms with special meanings. See the definitions section of this plan. Other terms with special meanings are defined where they are used.

Benefit Provisions

How Payments Start To start getting payments from this plan, you must meet all of the conditions listed below:

- (a) You must: (i) become disabled while insured by this plan; and (ii) remain disabled for this plan's elimination period.
- You must provide proof of loss, as described in this plan's Claim Provisions section.

Benefits accrue as of the first day following the end of the elimination period, subject to all plan terms.

You can satisfy the elimination period while working, provided you are disabled as defined by this plan.

Waiver of Premium We waive your premiums for this insurance and for short term disability insurance, if included in the plan sponsor's plan of insurance while you are entitled to receive a monthly benefit payment from this plan.

When Payments Your benefits from this plan will end on the earliest of the dates shown End below:

- (a) The date you are no longer disabled.
- (b) The date you fail to provide proof of loss as required by this *plan*.
- The date you earn, or are able to earn, the maximum earnings allowed while disabled under this plan.
- (d) The date you are able to perform the major duties of your own occupation on a full-time basis with reasonable accommodation.
- (e) After the own occupation period, the date you are able to perform the major duties of any gainful work on a full-time basis with reasonable accommodation.
- The date you have been outside the United States and/or Canada for more than 6 months in a 12 month period.
- The date he or she dies.
- The end of the *maximum payment period*. (h)
- The date no further benefits are payable under any provision in this plan that limits the maximum payment period.
- The date you are no longer receiving regular and appropriate care from a doctor.
- (k) The date payments end in accord with a rehabilitation agreement.
- The date you refuse to take part in a rehabilitation program. (I)

CGP-3-LTD08-1.0-DR B383.0367-R

Maximum Payment The maximum payment period is the longest time that benefits are paid by Period: this plan for a covered person's disability. It is determined by the table shown below.

> But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the nature of the covered person's disability; (b) the date the covered person was first treated for the cause of his or her disability; and (c) the length of time the covered person has been insured by this plan. See "Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period" and "Pre-Existing Conditions."

> For a disability starting before the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	r	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938		65
1938		65 and 2 months
1939		65 and 4 months
1940		65 and 6 months
1941		65 and 8 months
1942		65 and 10 months
1943-1954		66
1955		66 and 2 months

1956	 66 and 4 months
1957	 66 and 6 months
1958	 66 and 8 months
1959	 66 and 10 months
After 1959	 67

For a disability starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will be determined according to the following table:

Age When Disability Starts	Maximum Payment Period
Age 60	 5.00 years
Age 61	 4.00 years
Age 62	 3.50 years
Age 64	 2.50 years
Age 65	 2.00 years
Age 66	 1.75 years
Age 67	 1.50 years
Age 68	 1.25 years
Age 69 or older	 1.00 year

But if an employee whose disability starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he or she reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend the maximum payment period until he or she reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-2.0 B383.0260

Period:

Maximum Payment The maximum payment period is the longest time that benefits are paid by this plan for a covered person's disability. It is determined by the table shown below.

> But, it may be less than that shown due to: (a) the nature of the covered person's disability; (b) the date the covered person was first treated for the cause of his or her disability; and (c) the length of time the covered person has been insured by this plan. See "Disabilities with a Limited Maximum Payment Period" and "Pre-Existing Conditions."

> For a disability starting before the employee reaches age 60, the maximum payment period will last until the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as shown in the following table:

Employee's Year of Birth	Social Security Normal Retirement Age
Before 1938	 3 5
1938	 35 and 2 months
1939	 35 and 4 months
1940	 35 and 6 months
1941	 35 and 8 months
1942	 35 and 10 months
1943-1954	 66
1955	 66 and 2 months
1956	 66 and 4 months

1957	 66 and 6 months
1958	 66 and 8 months
1959	 66 and 10 months
After 1959	 67

For a *disability* starting on or after the employee reaches age 60, the *maximum payment period* will be determined according to the following table:

Maximum
Payment Period
 5.00 years
 4.00 years
 3.50 years
 3.00 years
 2.50 years
 2.00 years
 1.75 years
 1.50 years
 1.25 years
 1.00 year

But if an employee whose *disability* starts after age 60 reaches the end of the maximum payment from this table before he or she reaches the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, we will extend the *maximum payment period* until he or she reaches Social Security Normal Retirement Age.

CGP-3-LTD07-2.0 B383.0260

Recurring Disability

Benefits from this *plan* end if you cease to be *disabled*. But, a later *disability* may be treated as a *recurring disability*, if all of the terms listed below are met:

- (a) You must return to active work right after your benefits end;
- (b) The *disability* must recur less than six months after you were last entitled to benefits;
- (c) The later *disability* must be due to the same or related cause of your earlier *disability*;
- (d) This plan must not end during your return to active work;
- (e) You must not become covered under any other similar group income replacement plan during the time you return to active work;
- (f) During the time you return to *active work*, you must: (i) stay insured by this *plan*; and (ii) premium payments must be made on your behalf; and
- (g) Your benefits must not have ended because you have used up the maximum payment period.

If the later *disability* is a *recurring disability*, you will not need to complete a new *elimination period*. The *recurring disability* will be subject to all the terms of the *plan* in effect on the date the earlier *disability* began.

If all of the terms listed above are not met, the later disability will be treated as a new period of disability. You will be required to complete a new elimination period. The new period of disability will be subject to all the terms of the plan in effect on the date the new period of disability occurs.

CGP-3-LTD07-3.0 B383.0183

Calculation of Your benefit is governed by the terms of the plan in effect on the date Monthly Benefit: disability occurs. Any changes to this plan that take place: (a) while you are disabled; or (b) during a period of active work that occurs between an initial period of disability and a recurring disability; will not affect your benefit.

> We calculate your gross monthly benefit according to the Schedule of Benefits.

> From your gross monthly benefit, subtract the amount of any income listed in Other Income Benefits that you receive or are entitled to receive. The result is your monthly benefit.

> CGP-3-LTD07-4.0 B383.0184

Redetermination:

This plan redetermines insured earnings for each covered person on January 1st .

Each January 1st, the plan sponsor must report current insured earnings for all covered persons under the plan. Changes to a covered person's insured earnings are subject to any proof of insurability requirements of this plan. As of this plan's redetermination date, we use a covered person's insured earnings on record with us to: (a) set rates; (b) project benefit amounts and limits; and (c) calculate premium payable under this plan. However, the covered person must be actively-at-work on a full-time basis on that date. If you are not, we do not do this until the date you return to active work on a full-time basis. But, changes in earnings will not apply to a recurring disability.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.1 B383.0187

Benefits:

Other Income You may receive, or be entitled to receive, income shown in the list below. We will reduce your gross monthly benefit by such other income benefits to determine your monthly benefitfrom this plan.

- Commissions or monies: (1) received; (2) payable but deferred; or (3) paid after disabilitybenefits start. This includes: (a) vested and nonvested renewal commissions; (b) bonuses; (c) royalties; and (d) other distributions.
- Disability benefits from any mandated benefit act or law. This includes all temporary disability or state disability benefits required by law.
- Disability benefits from all group plans of: (1) the plan sponsor; or (2) the employer. This includes payments made by a group life insurance plan due to your disability. This does not include payments made from a group life insurance plan's: (a) accelerated death benefit; or (b) like provision that allows payment of such plan's proceeds due to terminal illness.
- Disability benefits from any other group plan; but, if the other group plan was in force prior to this plan, and the other group plan also deducts for disability benefits from any other group plan, we will not deduct these other group disability benefits.

- Income from a sick leave, salary continuance or Paid Time Off plan, but only to the extent that such income plus the amount of your *gross monthly benefit* is more than 100% of your *insured earnings*. This applies whether such plan is sponsored on a formal or informal basis. This includes donated, lump sum and recurrent payments of accrued sick leave benefits. But, if you are working while *disabled*, we will account for such income as described in this *plan's* "Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for Disability Earnings".
- Benefits as shown below from: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; or (3) any other like U.S. or Canadian plan or act.
 - (a) All disability benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your *disability*;
 - (b) All unreduced retirement benefits for which: (i) you are entitled; and (ii) your spouse and children are entitled due to your entitlement; and
 - (c) All reduced retirement benefits paid to: (i) you; and (ii) your spouse and children due to your receipt of such benefits.

We do not reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by the retirement benefits described in (b) and (c) above, to the extent that you and your dependents were entitled to receive such income prior to the start of *disability*. We will reduce the *gross monthly benefit* by marginal increases in such income you and your dependents were entitled to receive after *disability* begins.

We will reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above, net of attorney fees approved by the Social Security Administration.

We will reduce your *gross monthly benefit* by benefits referred to in (a), (b) and (c) above to which your spouse and children are entitled due to your receipt of, or entitlement for, disability benefits. We do this without regard to: (a) your marital status; (b) where you live; (c) where your spouse lives; (d) where your child lives; or (e) any custody arrangements made on behalf of your child.

- Income of the type that is included in your *insured earnings* for purposes of determining your *gross monthly benefit* under this *plan*.
- That portion of retirement plan retirement benefits which the employer funds.
- That portion of retirement plan disability benefits which the employer funds.
- Retirement benefits or retirement plan disability benefits, due to the your disability, from any government plan other than those shown above.
- Disability benefits from any: (1) no-fault motor vehicle coverage; (2) motor vehicle financial responsibility act; or (3) like law.

- Payment or settlement, with or without admission of liability, from: (1) a Workers' Compensation law; (2) an occupational disease law; or (3) any other act or law of like intent. This includes: (a) the Jones' Act; (b) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (c) any Maritime doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure. If you receive a payment net of attorney fees approved by the Workers' Compensation Board or similar authority, we reduce our benefit by the net payment.
- Disability benefits from any third party when your disability is the result of the negligence or intentional tort liability of that third party.
- Unemployment compensation benefits.
- Payment from your employer as part of a termination or severance agreement.

We integrate your gross monthly benefit with income shown above that you are entitled to receive without regard to the reason you are entitled to receive it.

Our right to reduce your benefit by such income shall not be negated by a transfer of claim liability to a third party. Payment by such third party by law, settlement, judgment, waiver or otherwise shall not negate our right.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.2 B383.0194

Other Income Not Subject to **Deduction:**

We will not reduce your gross monthly benefit by any income you receive or are entitled to receive from the list below.

- Deferred compensation arrangements such as 401(k), 403(b) or 457 plans;
- Profit sharing plans;
- Thrift plans;
- Tax sheltered annuities;
- Stock ownership plans;
- Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA):
- Individual disability income plans;
- Credit disability insurance;
- Non qualified plans of deferred compensation;
- Pension plans for partners;
- Retirement plans of another employer not affiliated with this *plan*;
- Military pension and disability plans.

Income:

Lump Sum Income with which we integrate may be paid in a lump sum. In this case, we Payments of Other take the equivalent monthly rate stated in the award into account when we determine your monthly benefit. If no monthly rate is given, we pro-rate the lump sum over the lesser of: (a) 60 months; or (b) the expected remaining number of months for which you would be entitled to benefits from this plan, based on the proof of loss submitted to us.

Cost of Living Freeze:

You may receive a cost of living increase in other income with which we integrate. In this case, we do not further reduce your monthly benefit by the amount of such increase.

Application for You must apply for other income benefits to which you may be entitled. If Other Income: these benefits are denied, you must appeal until: (a) all possible appeals have been made; or (b) we notify you that no further appeals are required.

> If we feel you are entitled to receive such income benefits, we will estimate the amount due to you and his or your spouse and children. We will take this estimated amount into account when we determine your monthly benefit. But, we will not take this estimated amount into account if you sign our reimbursement agreement. In this agreement you promise: (a) to apply for any benefits for which you may be eligible; (b) to appeal any denial of such benefits until all possible appeals have been made; and (c) to repay any amount we overpaid due to an award of such benefits.

> If we do reduce the your gross monthly benefit by an estimated amount, we will adjust your monthly benefit when we receive written proof: (a) of the amount awarded; or (b) that the other income benefits have been denied; and no further appeals are possible. If we underpaid you, we pay the full amount of the underpayment in a lump sum.

We will assist you in applying for other income benefits.

CGP-3-LTD07-4.3 B383.0198

Adjustment of Monthly Benefit for

We adjust the monthly benefit for disability earnings as follows.

Disability Earnings: For each of the first 24 months of payments, following the date you first have disability earnings, add your gross monthly benefit and your disability earnings.

- (a) If the sum is not more than 100% of your indexed insured earnings, we do not reduce your monthly benefit.
- (b) If the sum is more than 100% of your indexed insured earnings, we reduce your monthly benefit by the amount over 100% of your indexed insured earnings.

For each month thereafter, we pay the greater of the amount calculated under Method 1 or Method 2.

Method 1:

- (a) If your disability earnings are less than 20% of your indexed insured earnings, we do not reduce your monthly benefit.
- (b) If your disability earnings are 20% or more of your indexed insured earnings, we reduce your monthly benefit by 50% of your disability earnings.

Method 2:

- (a) Subtract your disability earnings From your indexed insured earnings.
- (b) Divide the result in (a) above by your indexed insured earnings.
- (c) Multiply the result in (b) above by your monthly benefit. This is the amount we pay.

If your disability earnings fluctuate widely from month to month, we may adjust your monthly benefit using an average disability earnings amount. The average disability earnings amount will be computed using your most current month's disability earnings and the prior two months disability earnings.

Maximum Allowable This *plan* limits the amount of income you may earn, or may be able to earn, Disability Earnings: and still be considered disabled.

> If your disability earnings are more than the limit shown below, payments from this plan will end. Payments from this plan will also end if you are able to earn more than the limit shown below:

- (a) During the elimination period and the own occupation period, the limit is 80% of your indexed insured earnings.
- (b) After this plan has paid benefits for 24 months in a row, the limit is 60% of your indexed insured earnings.

CGP-3-LTD07-5.0 B383.0284

Indexing:

We apply an indexing factor to your insured earnings on the date you have received 12 consecutive monthly payments and each anniversary thereafter. This factor increases the amount of income you may earn and still be considered disabled. This adjustment does not increase your gross monthly benefit, monthly benefit, or any other benefit under this plan.

To make the first adjustment, we multiply your insured earnings by the indexing factor for that year. To make adjustments in each later year, we multiply the amount of your last indexed insured earnings by the indexing factor for the current year.

The indexing factor is the lesser of: (a) 10%; or (b) one-half of the CPI-W from the prior December.

Minimum Payment:

The minimum monthly payment for *disability* under this *plan* is \$100.00.

CGP-3-LTD07-5.1 B383.0206

Limitations and Exclusions

Payment Period

Disabilities with a We limit the maximum payment period, if you are disabled due to: (a) a Limited Maximum mental illness; (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below. However, if you have a coexistent condition, not subject to the limitations in this section, which is disabling in and of itself, we will not limit benefits as described below.

> The maximum payment period for all periods of disability due to: (a) a mental illness; (b) drug or alcohol abuse; or (c) a specific condition listed below is 24 months. This is a combined maximum for all such conditions and all periods of disability.

The specific conditions subject to a limited maximum payment period include the following:

- Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders including, but not limited to:
 - Sprains or strains of joints and muscles
 - Soft tissue conditions
 - Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
 - Fibromyalgia
- Chronic fatigue conditions including, but not limited to:
 - Chronic fatigue syndrome
 - Chronic fatigue immunodeficiency syndrome
 - Epstein-barr syndrome
- Chemical and environmental sensitivities
- Headache
- Chronic pain, Myofascial pain
- Gastro-esophageal reflux disorder
- Irritable bowel syndrome
- Vestibular dysfunction, vertigo, dizziness

This limitation will not apply to disabilities caused or contributed to by the following conditions:

- Arthritis
- Ruptured intervertebral discs
- Spinal fractures
- Osteopathies
- Spinal tumors, malignancy or vascular malformations
- Radiculopathies, documented by EMG
- Spondylolisthesis, Grade II or higher
- Myelopathies
- Demyelinating diseases
- Traumatic spinal cord necrosis

No benefits will be paid for *disability* due to a *mental illness* or drug or alcohol abuse if you are not receiving treatment for the cause of the *disability* from a provider, or in a facility that is: (a) licensed by the state to provide treatment for such condition; and (b) accredited or approved by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Facilities or Medicare.

If payments under this plan would end due to the limits in this section, we may extend such payments, as shown below. But, you must meet all of the following conditions: (a) you must be disabled due to a condition named above; (b) you must be an inpatient in a qualified institution because of your disability; and (c) you must have been treated as an inpatient for at least 14 days in a row. In such case, we extend payments until the earliest of: (i) 90 days from the date of your discharge; (ii) the end of this plan's maximum payment period; or (iii) the date your disability ends.

The term "qualified institution" means a legally operated hospital or other public or private facility licensed to provide inpatient medical care and treatment for the cause of your disability.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.0 B383.0212

Pre-Existing A pre-existing condition is an injury or sickness, whether diagnosed or Conditions: misdiagnosed, and any symptoms thereof, for which, in the look back period,

- (a) receive advice or treatment from a doctor;
- (b) undergo diagnostic procedures other than routine screening in the absence of symptoms or suspicion of disease process by a doctor;
- (c) are prescribed or take prescription drugs; or
- (d) receive other medical care or treatment, including consultation with a doctor.

The "look back period" is the three months before the latest of: (a) the effective date of your insurance under this plan; (b) the effective date of a change that increases the benefits payable by this plan; and (c) the effective date of a change in the your benefit election that increases the benefit payable by this plan.

No benefits are payable for disability: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition; unless the disability starts after you complete at least one full day of active work after the date you are insured under this plan for 12 months in a row.

Your disability: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) resulting from; a pre-existing condition may begin after: (a) a change which provides for an increase in the benefits payable by this plan; or (b) a change in your benefit election which increases the benefit payable by this plan. In this case, your benefit will be limited to the amount that would have been payable had the change not taken place. But, this limit does not apply if your disability starts after you complete at least one full day of active work after the change has been in force for 12 months in a row.

We do not cover any disability that starts before your insurance under this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.1 B383.0215

Credit:

Prior Coverage If this *plan* replaces a similar income replacement plan the *plan sponsor* had with another insurer, the pre-existing condition provision may not apply to you. This plan must start right after the old plan ends.

> The pre-existing condition provision will be waived for any covered person who: (a) is actively working on the effective date of this plan; and (b) fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan.

If you: (a) were covered under the old plan when it ended; (b) enroll for insurance under this *plan* on or before this *plan*'s effective date; and (c) are *actively working* on the effective date of this *plan*; but (d) have not fulfilled the requirements of any pre-existing condition provision of the old plan; we credit any time used to meet the old plan's pre-existing condition provision toward meeting this *plan*'s pre-existing condition provision.

But, we limit your *maximum monthly benefit* under this *plan* if: (a) it is more than the maximum monthly benefit for which you were insured under the old plan; (b) you become *disabled* due to a pre-existing condition; and (c) this *plan* pays benefits for such *disability* because we credit time as explained above. In this case, we limit the *maximum monthly benefit* to the amount you would have been entitled to under the old plan.

We deduct all payments made by the old plan under an extension provision.

CGP-3-LTD07-6.2 B383.0217

Exclusions: This plan does not pay benefits for disability caused by, or related to:

- (a) declared or undeclared war, act of war, or armed aggression;
- (b) service in the armed forces, National Guard, or military reserves of any state or country;
- (c) you take part in a riot or civil disorder;
- (d) your commission of, or attempt to commit a felony, for which you have been convicted;
- (e) your voluntary use of any poison, chemical, prescription or non-prescription drug or controlled substance unless: (a) it was prescribed for you by a doctor; and (b) it was used as prescribed. In the case of a non-prescription drug, we do not pay for any loss resulting from or contributed to by your use in a manner inconsistent with package instructions. A controlled substance is anything called a controlled substance in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended from time to time; or
- (f) intentional self-inflicted injuries.

We do not pay any benefits for any period of disability:

- (1) during which you are confined to a facility as a result of your conviction of a crime;
- (2) during which you receive medical treatment or care outside the United States or Canada unless expressly authorized by us;
- (3) which starts before you are insured by this plan; or
- (4) during which your loss of earnings is not solely due to your disability.

CGP-3-LTD07-7.0 B383.1868

Social Security Assistance:

This *plan* requires all *disabled* covered persons to apply for Social Security benefits. (See the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan.*) If we believe you to be eligible for such benefits, we may offer to assist you in applying for them. Receiving Social Security benefits will protect your earnings record for retirement and enable you to qualify for Medicare coverage after 24 months.

Services we can provide include:

- (a) Help in completing your application for such benefits, and any related forms;
- (b) Assistance finding suitable legal counsel; and
- (c) Copies of medical and vocational data needed to file your claim.

We may also provide these and other services if your benefits are under review for possible termination by the Social Security Administration.

You must apply for all income benefits for which you may be eligible, whether or not you use our help. Using our help does not cancel your duties shown in the "Application for Other Income" section of this *plan*.

Rehabilitation and Case Management:

We will review your *disability* to see if certain services are likely to help you return to *gainful work*. If needed, we may ask for more medical or vocational information.

When our review is complete, we may offer you a *rehabilitation program*. We have the right to suspend or end your *monthly benefit* if you do not accept it.

The *rehabilitation program* will start when a written *rehabilitation agreement* is signed by: (1) you; (2) us; and (3) your *employer*, if needed. The program may include, but is not limited to:

- (a) vocational assessment of your work potential;
- (b) coordination and transition planning with an employer for your return to work;
- (c) consulting with your *doctor* on your return to work and need for accommodations;
- (d) training in job seeking skills and resume preparation;
- (e) retraining; and
- (f) assistance with family care expenses you incur in order to participate in a *rehabilitation program*. (See the "Dependent Care Expenses" section of this *plan*.)

We have the right to determine which services are appropriate.

If you accept the *rehabilitation agreement*, we will pay an enhanced benefit. The enhanced benefit will be 110% of the *monthly benefit* that would otherwise be paid. This enhanced benefit will be payable as of the first *monthly benefit* after the *rehabilitation program* starts.

We stop paying the enhanced benefit on the earliest of:

- (a) The date your benefit from this *plan* end;
- (b) The date you violate the terms of the *rehabilitation agreement*;
- (c) The date you end the rehabilitation program; and
- (d) The date the *rehabilitation agreement* ends.

If you end a rehabilitation program without our consent, you must repay any enhanced benefits paid.

Dependent Care While you are participating in a rehabilitation program, we will pay a **Expenses:** dependent care expense benefit, when all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) you incur expense to provide care for a qualified dependent;
- (b) the care is provided by a licensed provider other than a family member.

A qualified dependent is: (a) dependent upon you for main support and maintenance; and (b) under the age of fourteen and your: (i) biological child; (ii) lawfully adopted child; (iii) stepchild; or (iv) any other child who is living with you in a regular parent-child relationship; or (c) a family member age 14 or over who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself.

The dependent care expense benefit will be the lesser of: (a) \$350 per month per qualified dependent; not to exceed \$1,000 per month for all qualified dependents combined; and (b) the actual monthly day care expense incurred by you.

We will stop paying the dependent care expense benefit on the earlier of the date you are no longer: (a) incurring dependent care expenses for a qualified dependent; (b) participating in a rehabilitation program; or (c) entitled to receive a monthly benefit from this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-8.0 B383.2097

Worksite In order to accommodate your disability, an employer may incur a cost to Modification modify his or her worksite. We may reimburse the employer, up to \$2,500 for Benefit: the cost of the worksite modification. We make this payment if we agree that the modification will enable the covered person to: (a) return to work; or (b) remain at work.

> CGP-3-LTD07-8.1 B383.0222

Early Intervention Services

This plan includes Early Intervention services as part of our disability management program. The intent of these services is to: (a) assist disabled persons in reaching better outcomes; and (b) support the employer's absence management goals by promoting stay-at work and return-to work agendas where possible.

The key to success of an early intervention program is prompt notification of work absences which have the potential to exceed this plan's elimination period. With a prompt notification, we are able to more effectively manage the potential claim.

When you are disabled from one of the conditions listed below, a long term disability claim form should be completed as soon as possible following the date of disability. To facilitate an immediate intervention, the form should be submitted to us within one week of the date your *disability* begins.

- Chronic fatigue conditions, including Epstein-barr syndrome
- Mental illness
- Repetitive motion syndromes or injuries
- Fibromyalgia
- Back pain/strain
- Neck pain/strain
- Chronic pain
- Diabetes
- Cardiovascular conditions

Upon receipt of the completed claim form, we will determine whether the claim is appropriate for Early Intervention services. You will be notified of our decision. Examples of services, which we may provide, at our discretion, include, but are not limited to: (a) job accommodation; (b) ergonomic adjustments to workstations; (c) proactive case management consultations with your doctor or other providers of medical care.

CGP-3-LTD07-8.2 B383 0223

The Survivor We pay a survivor benefit if you die after you: (a) had been disabled for at Benefit least six months in a row; and (b) were entitled to receive at least one full monthly benefit. When we receive proof of your death, we pay your eligible survivor a lump sum benefit.

> We pay a benefit equal to 3 times the amount of your last gross monthly benefit after it is reduced by disability earnings. But, we first apply such benefit to reduce any overpayment you may owe us.

If you have no eligible survivor, we pay this benefit to your estate.

Your eligible survivor is your spouse, if living.

If your spouse is not living, your eligible survivor is your: (a) unmarried child under age 20; and (b) unmarried child under age 26 who is enrolled as a full-time student at an accredited school. If there is more than one such child when you die, this benefit will be paid to each child in equal shares.

Survivor Benefit survivor benefit.

Accelerated If you have a terminal illness, we may accelerate payment of this plans'

For purposes of the accelerated survivor benefit, a terminal illness means a medical condition that is expected to result in your death within 6 months.

To receive an accelerated survivor benefit, you must: (a) be entitled to receive a monthly benefit from this plan; (b) request this benefit in writing; and (c) provide written proof of terminal illness from a doctor. However, we will not pay an accelerated survivor benefit if there are less than 6 months remaining in the maximum benefit period.

If you elect to receive an accelerated survivor benefit, no survivor benefit is payable upon your death.

CGP-3-LTD07-9.1 B383.0293

Income Recovery Benefit

This plan may pay an Income Recovery Benefit, if monthly benefits cease because you are no longer disabled.

To be eligible for the Income Recovery Benefit, you must be:

- (a) able to perform the major duties of your own occupation; or
- (b) if this plan has already paid benefits for the own occupation period, able to perform the major duties of any gainful occupation; and
- (c) working in your own occupation the same number of hours as you did prior to disability; and
- (d) unable to earn this plan's maximum allowable disability earnings, due to the sickness or injury which caused the prior disability.

We pay this benefit monthly, in arrears. We determine the amount we pay in two steps. In step one, we compute the following: (a) your gross monthly benefit as of the last month you were disabled under the terms of this plan; less (b) any other income this plan integrates with that you are entitled to receive. In step two we make a current earnings adjustment. We add: (a) your gross monthly benefit as of the last month you were disabled under the terms of this plan; and (b) your current disability earnings. If such sum exceeds 100% of your insured earnings, we pay the amount in step one less the excess over 100%. If such sum does not exceed 100%, we pay the amount in step one.

We stop paying this benefit on the earliest of:

- (a) the date you are able to earn this plan's maximum allowable disability earnings;
- (b) the date you become disabled;
- (c) the date you stop working;
- (d) the date 12 consecutive months after the first Income Recovery Benefit is paid; or
- (e) the end of the maximum payment period.

We will not pay more than 12 monthly Income Recovery Benefit payments following any one period of disability, including any recurrent disability.

CGP-3-LTD07-9.5 B383.0227

Converting This Group Long Term Disability Income Insurance

When Group When your coverage under this group long term disability income insurance Coverage Ends: plan ends, you may apply to convert your group coverage, subject to all the terms below.

> You may apply to convert your coverage if you: (a) are not disabled as defined by this plan and (b) have been covered under this plan for at least 12 months in a row. To meet this 12 months requirement, we will include any time you were covered under a similar group disability income replacement plan which this plan replaced. We do not include any time you were disabled, as defined by this plan.

But, you will not be eligible to apply for conversion if your coverage under this plan ends because: (a) you: (i) fail to make a required contribution; (ii) change to a class not eligible under this plan; (iii) retire; or (iv) do not become insured again under this group plan after your disability ends. You will also not be eligible to apply for conversion if your coverage ends because: (a) this plan ends; or (b) this plan is amended to end coverage for all persons in a class.

How and When to You must apply to us in writing and pay any required premium for the Convert: converted coverage. You must do this within 31 days of the date your coverage under this plan ends.

> You do not have to provide proof of good health. But, issuance of the converted coverage may be subject to other underwriting criteria. You must give us details about all other disability income insurance: (a) that you have; (b) for which you have applied; and (c) for which you may become eligible under another plan within 31 days after your coverage under this plan ends.

> Guardian will not issue the converted coverage if such coverage would result in the person being overinsured by our standards.

Coverage Under the Conversion Policy:

Your converted coverage, if issued, will be effective on the date your coverage under this plan ends. The benefits, terms and conditions of the converted coverage will be those in use in the state where you then live. These may be different from the benefits, terms and conditions of this *plan*.

The premium for the converted coverage will be that in effect for your age and class of risk on the date the converted coverage is issued.

CGP-3-LTD07-10.0 B383 0232

Claim Provisions

Administration We as a part of our routine operations apply the terms of this plan for making decisions, including making determination regarding eligibility, receipt of benefits and claims, or explaining our administrative policies, procedures, and processes.

Notice: You must send us written notice of his or her intent to file a claim under this plan as described in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions."

For details, you can call Guardian at 1-800-538-4583.

Proof of Loss: When we receive your notice, we will provide you with a claim form for filing proof of loss. This form requires data from the employer, you, and the doctor(s) treating you for your sickness or injury. Proof of loss must be given to us within the time stated in "Accident and Health Claims Provisions." If you do not receive a claim form within 15 days of the date you sent your notice, you should send us written proof of loss without waiting for the form.

Proof of loss, provided at your expense, consists of the following. Failure to provide this information may delay, suspend, reduce or terminate your benefits.

- (a) The date disability began;
- (b) Your last day of active work;
- (c) The cause of disability;
- (d) The extent of *disability*, including limitations and restrictions preventing you from performing the major duties of your *own occupation* and any *gainful occupation*.
- (e) If your occupation requires that he or she carry liability or malpractice insurance, any changes to such insurance that become effective on or after the date of disability;
- (f) Objective medical evidence in support of your limitations and restrictions, beginning with the date disability began;
- (g) The prognosis of disability;
- (h) The name and address of all *doctors*, hospitals and health care facilities where the you have been treated for your *disability* since the date *disability* began;
- (i) Proof that you: (i) are currently; and (ii) have been receiving regular and appropriate care from a doctor, from the date disability began;
- (j) Proof of insured earnings, and, if applicable, disability earnings;
- (k) Payroll or absence data from the *employer* for the three months prior to the date *disability* began, or other period we specify;
- (I) Proof of application for all other sources of income to which you may be entitled, that may affect your payment from this *plan*; and
- (m) Proof of receipt of other income that may affect your payment from this *plan*.

You must provide *objective medical evidence* from a *doctor* who is not him or herself, your spouse, child, parent, sibling or business associate.

Proof of *insured earnings* and *disability earnings* may consist of: (1) copies of your W-2 forms; (2) payroll records from your employer(s); (3) copies of your U.S. Individual Income Tax Returns; (4) copies of the U.S. income tax returns from any business in which you hold an ownership or shareholder interest; (5) a statement from a certified public accountant; (6) copies of any income records accepted or required by the I.R.S; or (7) any other records we deem necessary.

Proof of loss and other claim data should be submitted to:

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America Group Long Term Disability Claims Department P.O. 14331

Lexington, KY 40512

Authorization You must provide us with written, unaltered authorizations to obtain medical, Required: financial, vocational, occupational, and governmental information required to determine our liability under this plan. You must provide us with such authorizations as often as we may require, in order that they remain current. Failure to provide such authorizations may delay, suspend or terminate your benefits.

Right to Request We may ask you to take part in a medical, financial, vocational or other Medical, Financial assessment that we feel is necessary to determine whether the terms of the or Vocational plan are met. We may require this as often as we feel is reasonably Assessment: necessary. We will pay for all such assessments. But, if you postpone a scheduled assessment without our approval, you will be responsible for any rescheduling fees. If you do not take part in or cooperate with the assessment, we have the right to stop or suspend your payments under this plan.

Ongoing Proof of To continue to receive payments from this plan, you must give us current Loss: proof of loss as often as we may reasonably require. Ongoing proof of loss must be provided to us within 30 days of the date we request it.

Payment of We pay benefits to you, if you are legally competent. If you are not, we pay Benefits: benefits to the legal representative of your estate. Benefits are paid in US dollars.

> We pay benefits once each month at the end of the period for which they are payable.

No benefits are payable for this *plan's elimination period*.

Benefits to which you are entitled may remain unpaid at your death. Such benefits may be paid at our discretion to: (a) your estate; or (b) your spouse, parents, children, or brothers and sisters.

Partial Month You may be disabled for only part of a month. In this case, we compute your Payment: payment as 1/30th of the benefit to which you would be entitled for the full month times the number of days you are disabled. Payment will not be made for more than 30 days in any month.

Overpayment Recovery:

If we overpaid you, you must repay us in full. We have the right to reduce your payment or apply any benefits payable, including the minimum payment, toward recovery of the overpayment.

CGP-3-LTD11-11.0-TX B383.2343

Active Work, You are able to perform and are performing all of the regular duties of your Actively-At-Work or work for your employer, on a full-time basis at: (a) one of your employer's Actively Working usual places of business; (b) some place where your employer's business requires you to travel; or (c) any other place you and your employer have agreed on for your work.

CPI-W

That part of the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index that measures the relative value of the cost of a typical urban wage earner's purchase of certain goods and services. If the Department of Labor stops publishing the CPI-W, we have the right to use some other similar standard.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.0 B383.0009

Disability or These terms mean that a current sickness or injury causes physical or **Disabled** mental impairment to such a degree that you are:

- During the elimination period and the own occupation period, not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of your own occupation.
- (2) After the end of the own occupation period, not able to perform, on a full-time basis, the major duties of any gainful work.

You are not disabled if you earn, or are able to earn, more than this plan's maximum allowed disability earnings.

You may be required, on average, to work more than 40 hours per week. In this case, you are not disabled if you are able to work for 40 hours per week.

Neither: (a) loss of a professional or occupational license; or (b) receipt of or entitlement to Social Security disability benefits; in and of themselves constitute disability under this plan.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.1 B383.0011

Disability Earnings

The monthly income you earn from working while disabled. It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When you have an ownership interest in the business, disability earnings also includes business profits, attributable to you, whether received or not. It includes any income you earn while disabled and return to your employer, partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If you have the ability to work on a part-time or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date you: (a) have been terminated from employment with the employer; b) have been disabled for 12 months in a row; or (c) have been offered a job or workplace modification by the employer and you do not return to work; disability earnings also includes maximum capacity earnings.

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be disabled, due to a covered disability, before this plan's benefits are payable.

> Any days during which you return to work earning more than 80% of your insured earnings will not count toward the elimination period. If you are or become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are working during the elimination period, you will not be entitled to benefits from this plan.

> We do not require you to complete an elimination period if: (a) you were covered under a similar income replacement plan the plan sponsor had with another insurer on the day before this plan starts; (b) your disability would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the plan sponsor or (b) associated with the plan sponsor.

Gainful Occupation Work for which you are, or may become, qualified by: (a) training; (b) or Gainful Work education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 60% of your indexed insured earnings within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Monthly

This plan's monthly benefit before it is integrated with other income and Benefit earnings.

Injury A bodily injury due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an injury when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such injury.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.12 B383.0086

Disability Earnings

The monthly income you earn from working while disabled. It includes salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses and any other compensation earned or accrued while working including pension, profit sharing contributions, sick pay, paid time off, holiday and vacation pay. When you have an ownership interest in the business, disability earnings also includes business profits, attributable to you, whether received or not. It includes any income you earn while disabled and return to your employer, partnership, or any other similar business arrangement to cover any business or overhead expenses. If you have the ability to work on a part-time or full-time basis, following the earlier of the date you: (a) have been terminated from employment with the employer; b) have been disabled for 12 months in a row; or (c) have been offered a job or workplace modification by the employer and you do not return to work; disability earnings also includes maximum capacity earnings.

Doctor Any medical practitioner we are required by law to recognize. He or she must: (a) be properly licensed or certified by the laws of the state where he or she practices; and (b) provide services that are within the lawful scope of his or her practice.

Elimination Period The period of time you must be disabled, due to a covered disability, before this plan's benefits are payable.

> Any days during which you return to work earning more than 80% of your insured earnings will not count toward the elimination period. If you are or become eligible under any other similar group income replacement plan while you are working during the elimination period, you will not be entitled to benefits from this plan.

> We do not require you to complete an elimination period if: (a) you were covered under a similar income replacement plan the plan sponsor had with another insurer on the day before this plan starts; (b) your disability would have been a recurring disability under the prior plan had it remained in effect.

Employer The business entity that employs you and is: (a) the *plan sponsor* or (b) associated with the plan sponsor.

Gainful Occupation Work for which you are, or may become, qualified by: (a) training; (b) or Gainful Work education; or (c) experience. When you are able to perform such work on a full-time basis, you can be expected to earn at least 60% of your indexed insured earnings within 12 months of returning to work.

Government Plan Any of the following: (1) the United States Social Security Act; (2) the Railroad Retirement Act; (3) the Canadian Pension Plan; or (4) any other plan provided under the laws of a state, province or any other political subdivision. It also includes: (a) any public employee retirement plan; or (b) any plan provided in place of the above named plan or acts. It does not include: (i) any Workers' Compensation Act or similar law; (ii) the Jones' Act; (iii) the Longshoreman's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act; or (iv) the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure.

Gross Monthly

This plan's monthly benefit before it is integrated with other income and Benefit earnings.

Injury A bodily injury due to an accident that occurs, independent of all other causes, while you are insured by this plan. We will cover a disability caused by an injury when the disability starts within 90 days of the date of such injury.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.12 B383.0086

Insured Earnings Only your earnings from the *employer* will be included as *insured earnings*.

We calculate benefit amounts and limits based on the amount of your insured earnings as of the Redetermination date immediately prior to the start of your disability. See the "Redetermination" section of this plan.

For Partners and S Corporation Shareholders:

Insured earnings means the sum of the amounts listed below, divided by 12.

- (a) Your compensation as an employee or S Corporation shareholder, as reported on your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less the gross total of unadjusted employee business expenses as included on the corresponding Schedule A-Itemized Deductions:
- (b) Your non-passive income (loss) from trade or business as reported on Schedule E-Part II of your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year, less any expenses incurred and reported elsewhere on your Return; and
- (c) Your contributions during the prior calendar year, deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

You may not have been a partner or S Corporation shareholder for the entire previous calendar year. In this case, your earnings are based on the monthly average of the sum of the listed amounts, averaged for the full number of months that you were a partner or an S Corporation shareholder during such calendar year.

For Sole Proprietors:

Insured earnings means: (a) the average monthly net profit as determined from Schedule C - Part II of your Federal Income Tax Returns, Form 1040, for the prior calendar year; plus (b) your average monthly contribution during the prior calendar year deposited into a: (i) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (ii) a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Monthly net profit is calculated as gross income less total expenses. You may not have been a sole proprietor for the previous calendar year. In this case, we calculate average monthly net profit and average monthly contributions using the full number of months that you were a sole proprietor during such calendar year.

For Covered Persons Who Are Compensated on Less Than a 12 Month Basis:

Insured earnings means your average rate of monthly earnings determined from your annual contract salary. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Insured earnings does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For Covered Persons Whose Income Is Reported on a IRS Form 1099:

Insured earnings means your average rate of monthly earnings as figured from the 1099 form received from the employer for the prior calendar year, calculated as (a) minus (b), divided by 12 or the number of months you worked for the employer during such calendar year, if less than 12.

(a) your earned income as reported on the 1099 form.

(b) business expenses, as reported on Schedule C - Part II of your Federal Income Tax Return, Form 1040. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account.

Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

For All Other Covered Persons:

Insured earnings means your base monthly salary. Insured earnings also includes your contributions deposited into a: (a) cash or deferred compensation plan, or salary reduction plan, qualified under IRC Section: 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan; and (b) elective employee pre-tax deferrals to a Section 125 plan or flexible spending account. Insured earnings does not include bonuses, commissions, overtime pay, expense accounts, stock options and any other extra compensation. We do not include pay for hours worked or billed over 40 per week. Earnings based on excluded income and employer contributions deposited into such 401(k); 403(b); 457; or similar plan are excluded.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.13 B383.1804

Maximum Capacity Earnings

During the own occupation period, the income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in your own occupation. After the own occupation period, the income you could earn if working to the fullest extent you are able to in any gainful occupation. We decide the fullest extent of work you are able to do based on objective data provided by any or all of the following sources: (a) your treating doctor; (b) impartial medical or vocational exams; (c) peer review specialists; (d) functional capacities exams; and (e) other medical and vocational specialists whose area of expertise is appropriate to your disability.

Period

Maximum Payment The longest time that benefits are paid by this *plan*.

Mental Illness Means any mental disorder, regardless of cause, listed in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) currently in use by the American Psychiatric Association (APA). If the APA stops publishing the DSM, we have the right to use some other similar standard. A mental illness may be: (a) caused by; (b) contributed to by; or (c) result in; physical, biological or chemical factors or symptoms. For purposes of this plan, mental illness does not include: (a) irreversible dementia caused by Alzheimer's disease, stroke, trauma or viral infection; or (b) any other condition not typically treated by a psychiatrist, clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health practitioner with psychotherapy or psychotropic drugs.

Monthly Benefit This plan's gross monthly benefit reduced by other income. If you are working while disabled, your monthly benefit will be further reduced based on the amount of your disability earnings.

No-Fault Motor A motor vehicle plan that pays disability or medical benefits no matter who **Vehicle Coverage** was at fault in an accident.

Objective Medical May include but is not limited to: (a) diagnostic testing; (b) laboratory reports; **Evidence** and (c) medical records of a *doctor* 's exam documenting: (i) clinical signs; (ii) presence of symptoms; and (iii) test results consistent with generally accepted medical standards supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field.

Own Occupation

Means the occupation: (a) you are routinely performing immediately prior to disability; (b) which is your primary source of income prior to disability; and (c) for which you are insured under this plan. Occupation includes any employment, trade or profession that are related in terms of similar: (i) tasks; (ii) functions; (ii) skills; (iv) abilities; (v) knowledge; (vi) training; and (vii) experience; required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation in the general labor market in the national economy. Occupation is not specific to a certain employer or a certain location.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.14 B383.0096

Part-Time

The ability to work and earn between 40% and 80% of insured earnings during the own occupation period and between 40% and 60% of insured earnings after the own occupation period.

Plan Sponsor The employer, association, union, trustee, or other group to which this plan is issued.

Reasonable Any modification or adjustment to: (i) a job; (ii) an employment practice; (iii) a **Accommodation** work process; or (iv) the work place; that an employer willingly provides. The modification or adjustment must make it possible for a disabled person to: (1) reach the same level of performance as a similarly situated non-disabled person; or (2) enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment as are available to a similarly situated non-disabled person. The modification or adjustment must not place an undue hardship on the employer.

Recurring Disability

A later disability that: (a) is related to an earlier disability for which this plan paid benefits; and (b) meets the conditions described in "Recurring Disability."

Regular and **Appropriate Care**

Means, with respect to your: (a) disabling condition; and (b) any other condition which, if left untreated, would adversely affect your disabling condition; you (i) visit a doctor as frequently as medically required, according to generally accepted medical standards, to effectively manage these conditions; and (ii) are receiving the most appropriate treatment, according to generally accepted medical standards, designed to achieve maximum medical improvement in these conditions. Treatment must be provided by a doctor(s) whose specialty is most appropriate for your: (a)disability; and (b) any other conditions which left untreated would adversely affect your disabling condition; according to generally accepted medical standards. Generally accepted medical standards are those supported by nationally recognized authorities in the health care field including: the American Medical Association (AMA); the AMA Board of Medical Specialties; the Food and Drug Administration; the Centers for Disease Control; the National Cancer Institute; the National Institutes of Health; the Department of Health and Human Services; and any other agency of similar repute.

Rehabilitation A formal agreement between: (a) you; (b) us; and (c) your employer, if Agreement needed. It outlines the rehabilitation program in which you agree to take part.

Rehabilitation A program of work or job-related training for you that we approve in writing. **Program** Its aim is to restore your wage earning abilities.

Retirement Plan A defined benefit or defined contribution plan funded wholly or in part by the employer's deposits for your benefit. The term does not include: (a) profit sharing plans; (b) thrift plans; (c) non-qualified deferred compensation plans; (d) individual retirement accounts; (e) tax sheltered annuities; (f) 401(k), 403(b), 457 or similar plans; or (g) stock ownership plans. Retirement Plan "retirement benefits" are lump sum or periodic payments at normal or early retirement. Some retirement plans make payments for disability (as defined by those plans) that start before normal retirement age. When such payments reduce the amount that would have been paid at normal retirement age, they are retirement benefits. When such payments do not reduce the normal retirement amount, they are "disability benefits."

Sickness An illness or disease. Pregnancy is treated as a sickness under this plan.

Guardian

We, Us, and The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America.

CGP-3-LTD07-12.15 B383.0093

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT Critical Disability Supplement Benefit

This rider amends the group long term disability *plan*. We pay an added benefit if you have a *functional disability*. What we pay is subject to the terms below and to all the terms of the *plan*.

Definitions Functional Disability means that, due to sickness or injury, you are:

- (a) not able to perform two or more *activities of daily living*, on a routine basis, without help; or
- (b) cognitively impaired and need verbal cueing to protect yourself or others.

Activities of Daily Living mean:

- 1. **Bathing:** the ability to wash in a tub or shower; or by taking a sponge bath; and to towel dry; with or without equipment or adaptive devices.
- 2. **Dressing:** the ability to put on and take off all clothes; and those medically necessary braces or prosthetic limbs usually worn; and also to fasten or unfasten them.
- 3. **3. Toileting:** the ability to get to and from and on and off the toilet; to maintain personal hygiene; and to care for clothes.
- 4. **Transferring:** the ability to move in and out of a chair or bed with or without equipment such as: canes; walkers; crutches; grab bars; or any other support devices.
- 5. **Continence:** the ability to control bowel and bladder function; or, in the event of incontinence, the ability to maintain personal hygiene.
- 6. **Eating:** the ability to get food into the body by any means once it has been prepared and made available.

Cognitively Impaired means a decline or loss in intellectual aptitude. Such loss may result from: (a) *injury;* (b) *sickness;* (c) Alzheimer's disease; or (d) like forms of senility or irreversible dementia. It must be supported by clinical proof and standardized tests that precisely measure decline in the areas of: (i) short term memory; (ii) orientation to time, place and person; (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning; and (iv) judgement as it relates to awareness of safety.

Additional terms, not explained here, are defined in the plan.

When Critical Disability Supplement Coverage Starts

When Critical You will be covered under this rider on the later of:

- (a) the date this benefit takes effect; or
- Coverage Starts (b) the date you become covered under the plan.

When And How This Rider's Critical Disability Supplement

When And How This To start getting payments under this rider, you must meet all of the Rider's Critical conditions shown below:

- (a) you must be disabled while insured by the plan;
- Payments Start (b) you must stay disabled for the plan's elimination period;
 - (c) you must have a *functional disability:* (i) while entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from the *plan;* and (ii) that lasts at least 30 days in a row; and
 - (d) you must be receiving regular and appropriate care from a doctor.

We use an independent entity to assess your functional disability.

You must also permit timely reassessments of your *functional disability* when we request them.

What We Pay If you meet the conditions stated above, we pay:

10% of your *insured earnings*. We round this amount to the nearest dollar. The monthly maximum for this benefit is \$5,000.00.

When This Rider's Critical Disability Supplement

When This Rider's We stop paying this benefit on the earlier of:

- (a) the date your monthly benefits from the plan end; or
- Payments End (b) the date you no longer have a functional disability.

When Critical Disability Supplement

When Critical Your coverage under this rider ends on the earlier of:

- (a) the date the *plan* is changed to end this benefit; or
- **Coverage Ends** (b) the date your coverage under the *plan* ends.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-3-A-LTD2K-CDS B380.0272

CERTIFICATE AMENDMENT Critical Disability Supplement Benefit

This rider amends the group long term disability *plan*. We pay an added benefit if you have a *functional disability*. What we pay is subject to the terms below and to all the terms of the *plan*.

Definitions Functional Disability means that, due to sickness or injury, you are:

- (a) not able to perform two or more *activities of daily living*, on a routine basis, without help; or
- (b) cognitively impaired and need verbal cueing to protect yourself or others.

Activities of Daily Living mean:

- 1. **Bathing:** the ability to wash in a tub or shower; or by taking a sponge bath; and to towel dry; with or without equipment or adaptive devices.
- 2. **Dressing:** the ability to put on and take off all clothes; and those medically necessary braces or prosthetic limbs usually worn; and also to fasten or unfasten them.
- 3. **3. Toileting:** the ability to get to and from and on and off the toilet; to maintain personal hygiene; and to care for clothes.
- 4. **Transferring:** the ability to move in and out of a chair or bed with or without equipment such as: canes; walkers; crutches; grab bars; or any other support devices.
- 5. **Continence:** the ability to control bowel and bladder function; or, in the event of incontinence, the ability to maintain personal hygiene.
- 6. **Eating:** the ability to get food into the body by any means once it has been prepared and made available.

Cognitively Impaired means a decline or loss in intellectual aptitude. Such loss may result from: (a) *injury;* (b) *sickness;* (c) Alzheimer's disease; or (d) like forms of senility or irreversible dementia. It must be supported by clinical proof and standardized tests that precisely measure decline in the areas of: (i) short term memory; (ii) orientation to time, place and person; (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning; and (iv) judgement as it relates to awareness of safety.

Additional terms, not explained here, are defined in the plan.

When Critical Disability Supplement Coverage Starts

When Critical You will be covered under this rider on the later of:

- (a) the date this benefit takes effect; or
- Coverage Starts (b) the date you become covered under the plan.

When And How This Rider's Critical Disability Supplement

When And How This To start getting payments under this rider, you must meet all of the Rider's Critical conditions shown below:

- (a) you must be disabled while insured by the plan;
- Payments Start (b) you must stay disabled for the plan's elimination period;
 - (c) you must have a *functional disability:* (i) while entitled to receive a *monthly benefit* from the *plan;* and (ii) that lasts at least 30 days in a row; and
 - (d) you must be receiving regular and appropriate care from a doctor.

We use an independent entity to assess your functional disability.

You must also permit timely reassessments of your *functional disability* when we request them.

What We Pay If you meet the conditions stated above, we pay:

10% of your *insured earnings*. We round this amount to the nearest dollar. The monthly maximum for this benefit is \$5,000.00.

When This Rider's Critical Disability Supplement

When This Rider's We stop paying this benefit on the earlier of:

- (a) the date your monthly benefits from the plan end; or
- Payments End (b) the date you no longer have a functional disability.

When Critical Disability Supplement

When Critical Your coverage under this rider ends on the earlier of:

- (a) the date the *plan* is changed to end this benefit; or
- **Coverage Ends** (b) the date your coverage under the *plan* ends.

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America

Michael Prestileo, Senior Vice President

CGP-3-A-LTD2K-CDS B380.0272

GLOSSARY

This Glossary defines the italicized terms appearing in your booklet.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0118

Employee means a person who works for the employer at the employer's place of

business, and whose income is reported for tax purposes using a W-2 form.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B750.0006

Employer means FORT BEND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0051

Full-time means the *employee* regularly works at least the number of hours in the normal work week set by the *employer* (but not less than 22.5 hours per

week), at his employer's place of business.

CGP-3-GLOSS.1 B750.0230

Plan means the *Guardian* group *plan* purchased by your *employer*, except in the provision entitled "Coordination of Benefits" where "plan" has a special

meaning. See that provision for details.

CGP-3-GLOSS-90 B900.0039

The following notice applies if your plan is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and its amendments. This notice is not part of the Guardian plan of insurance or any employer funded benefits, not insured by Guardian.

STATEMENT OF ERISA RIGHTS

The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America 10 Hudson Yards New York, New York 10001 (212) 598-8000

Your group Short Term and/or Long Term Disability Income benefits may be covered by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). If so, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA.

ERISA provides that all plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information (a) about Your Plan and **Benefits**

- Examine, without charge, at the plan administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as worksites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U. S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- (b) Obtain, upon written request to the plan administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report. The plan (c) administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate the plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Your Rights

Enforcement of If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules (see Claims Procedures below).

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the plan administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110.00 a day until you receive the material, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds that your claim is frivolous.

Questions

Assistance with If you have questions about the plan, you should contact the plan administrator. If you have questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor listed in your telephone directory or the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

Disability Benefits Claims Procedure

If you seek benefits under the plan you should complete, execute and submit a claim form. Claim forms and instructions for filing claims may be obtained from The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America (hereinafter referenced as Guardian).

Guardian is the Claims Fiduciary with discretionary authority to interpret and construe the terms of the Policy, the Certificate, the Schedule of Benefits, and any riders, or other documents or forms that may be attached to the Certificate or the Policy, and any other plan documents. Guardian has discretionary authority to determine eligibility for benefits and coverage under those documents. Guardian has the right to secure independent professional healthcare advice and to require such other evidence as needed to decide your claim.

In addition to the basic claim procedure explained in your certificate, Guardian will also observe the procedures listed below. These procedures are the minimum requirements for benefit claims procedures of employee benefit plans covered by Title 1 of ERISA.

Definitions

"Adverse determination" means any denial, reduction or termination of a benefit or failure to provide or make payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit.

Determination

Timing for Initial The benefit determination period begins when a claim is received. Guardian Benefit will make a benefit determination and notify a claimant within a reasonable period of time, but not later than the maximum time period shown below. A written or electronic notification of any adverse benefit determination must be provided.

Guardian will provide a benefit determination not later than 45 days from the date of receipt of a claim. This period may be extended by up to 30 days if Guardian determines that an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period. Such notification will include the reason for the extension and a date by which the determination will be made. If prior to the end of the 30-day period Guardian determines that an additional extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the plan, and so notifies the claimant, the time period for making a benefit determination may be extended for up to an additional period of up to 30 days. Such notification will include the special circumstances requiring the extension and a date by which the final determination will be made.

A notification of an extension to the time period in which a benefit determination will be made will include an explanation of the standards upon which entitlement to a benefit is based, any unresolved issues that prevent a decision of the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

If Guardian extends the time period for making a benefit determination due to a claimant's failure to submit information necessary to decide the claim, the claimant will be given at least 45 days to provide the requested information. The extension period will begin on the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

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Determination

Adverse Benefit If a claim is denied, Guardian will provide a notice that will set forth:

- The specific reason(s) for the adverse determination;
- References to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan or other documents, on which the determination is based;
- A description of any additional material or information necessary to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- A description of the plan's claim review procedures which a claimant may follow to have a claim for benefits reviewed and the time limits applicable to such procedures;
- A statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination:
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;

- If applicable, an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;
- A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures, including a statement of the claimant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA Section 502(a) following an adverse benefit determination on appeal, and:
- In the case of an adverse benefit determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, notice will either include an explanation of the scientific or clinical basis for the determination, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Appeal of Adverse If a claim is wholly or partially denied, the claimant will have up to 180 days Benefit to make an appeal. Guardian will conduct a full and fair review of an appeal **Determinations** which includes providing to claimants the following:

- The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records and other information relating to the claim;
- The opportunity, upon request and free of charge, for reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the claim; and
- A review that takes into account all comments, documents, records and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

In reviewing an appeal, Guardian will:

- Provide for a review conducted by a named fiduciary who is neither the person who made the initial adverse determination nor that person's subordinate;
- In deciding an appeal based upon a medical judgment, consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment;
- Identify medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained in connection with an adverse benefit determination; and
- Ensure that a health care professional engaged for consultation regarding an appeal based upon a medical judgment shall be neither the person who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination, nor that person's subordinate.

Guardian will notify the claimant of its decision not later than 45 days after receipt of the request for review of the adverse determination. This period may be extended by an additional period of up to 45 days if Guardian determines that special circumstances require an extension of the time period for processing and so notifies the claimant before the end of the initial 45-day period.

A notification with respect to an extension will indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of the time period for review, and the date by which the final determination will be made.

In the event Guardian denies the appeal of an adverse benefit determination, it will:

- Provide the specific reason or reasons why the appeal was denied;
- Refer to the specific provisions in the Policy, Certificate, plan, or other documents on which the benefit determination is based;
- Provide a statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonably access to, and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits:
- Provide a statement disclosing any internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion relied on in making the adverse benefit determination (or a statement that such information will be provided free of charge upon request); or a statement that no internal rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse benefit determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis of disagreement with or not following the views presented by you, of health care professionals who treated you, and vocational professionals who evaluated you;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following the views of any medical or vocational expert whose advice was obtained on our behalf in connection with the adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the determination;
- If applicable, provide an explanation of the basis for disagreeing with or not following a disability determination made by the Social Security Administration that you present to us;
- Provide a statement describing the claimant's right to bring a civil suit under Section 502(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 which shall also describe any applicable contractual limitations period that applies the claimant's right to bring such an action, including the calendar date on which the contractual limitations period expires for the claim, and;

 In the event the adverse benefit determination is based on a medical necessity or experimental treatment or similar exclusion or limit, provide either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the plan to the claimant's medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided free of charge upon request.

Alternative Dispute Options

The claimant and the plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact the local U.S Department of Labor Office and the State insurance regulatory agency.

In addition to any legal rights you may have under section 502(a), if you believe that we have violated ERISA's procedural requirements, you may request that we review any claimed violation(s) and we will respond to you within ten days.

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YOUR BENEFITS INFORMATION - ANYTIME, ANYWHERE

www.guardianlife.com

You can access helpful, secure information about your Guardian benefits online 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Anytime, anywhere you have internet access, you'll be able to:

- Review your benefits
- Look up coverage amounts
- Check the status of your claim
- Print forms and plan materials
- And so much more!

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