

# The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company

A Stock Company Home Office Location: Fort Wayne, Indiana Group Insurance Service Office: 8801 Indian Hills Drive, Omaha, NE 68114-4066 800-423-2765 Online: www.LincolnFinancial.com

CERTIFIES THAT Group Policy No. 000010247277 has been issued to

News-Press & Gazette Company (The Group Policyholder)

The Issue Date of the Policy is January 1, 2019.

Certificate of Insurance for Class 2

You are entitled to the benefits described in this Certificate only if you are eligible, become and remain insured under the provisions of the Policy. This Certificate replaces any other certificates for the benefits described inside. As a Certificate of Insurance, it is not a contract of insurance; it only summarizes the provisions of the Policy and is subject to the Policy's terms. If the provisions of this Certificate and the Policy do not agree, the provisions of the Policy will apply.

Ellen Corper
PRESIDENT

# News-Press & Gazette Company 000010247277 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS ELIGIBLE CLASS

Class 2 All Other Full-Time Employees excluding Board of Directors

There will be an Open Enrollment Period held for 3 weeks during the 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter to be determined by the Group Policyholder for eligible employees to enroll for Long Term Disability Income Insurance or to increase their current amounts of Long Term Disability Income Insurance. Evidence of insurability will not be required during this enrollment period provided the Insured Person:

(1) has not been previously declined; and

(2) elects an amount of insurance or an increase to the Insured Person's current insurance amount not to exceed the Maximum Monthly Benefit.

Coverage elected during this period that is not subject to Evidence of Insurability will become effective:

(1) January 1st following the enrollment period, if Actively at Work on that day; or

(2) The day the Insured Person resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day the elected coverage or increase would otherwise take effect.

GL3002-CERT 10 MO -SB 10 (MO)

# News-Press & Gazette Company 000010247277 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS For

# Class 2 - All Other Full-Time Employees excluding Board of Directors

MINIMUM HOURS: 30 hours per week

WAITING PERIOD: (For date insurance begins, refer to "Effective Date" section)

30 days of continuous Active Work

CONTRIBUTIONS: Insured employees are required to contribute to the cost of the Long-Term Disability

coverage.

### LONG-TERM DISABILITY BENEFITS

BENEFIT PERCENTAGE: 60%

MAXIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$13,000

MINIMUM MONTHLY BENEFIT: \$50 or 15% of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit, whichever is

greater

Long-Term Disability Benefits for PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS will be subject to the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion on the Exclusion page.

The Maximum Monthly Benefit will not exceed the Benefit Percentage times Basic Monthly Earnings.

ELIMINATION PERIOD: 90 calendar days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury, which must be accumulated within a 180 calendar day period.

MAXIMUM BENEFIT PERIOD: (For Sickness, Injury or Pre-Existing Conditions): The Insured Employee's Social Security Normal Retirement Age, or the Maximum Benefit Period shown below (whichever is later).

Age at Disability	Maximum Benefit Period
Less than Age 60	To Age 65
60	60 months
61	48 months
62	42 months
63	36 months
64	30 months
65	24 months
66	21 months
67	18 months
68	15 months
69 and Over	12 months

OWN OCCUPATION PERIOD means a period beginning at the end of the Elimination Period and ending 24 months later for Insured Employees.

GL3002-CERT 10 MO -SB 10 (MO)

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## **DEFINITIONS**

As used throughout the Policy, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated below. Other parts of the Policy contain definitions specific to those provisions.

**ACTIVE WORK** or **ACTIVELY AT WORK** means an Employee's full-time performance of all Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation, for the regularly scheduled number of hours, at:

- the Employer's usual place of business; or
- 2. any other business location where the Employer requires the Employee to travel.

Unless disabled on the prior workday or on the day of absence, an Employee will be considered Actively at Work on the following days:

- a Saturday, Sunday or holiday that is not a scheduled workday;
- 2. a paid vacation day or other scheduled or unscheduled non-workday; or
- a non-medical leave of absence of 12 weeks or less, whether taken with the Employer's prior approval or on an emergency basis.

This includes a Military Leave or an approved Family or Medical Leave that is **not** due to the Employee's own health condition.

ANNUAL SALARY means the Insured Employee's BASIC MONTHLY EARNINGS or PREDISABILITY **INCOME** multiplied by 12.

BASIC MONTHLY EARNINGS or PREDISABILITY INCOME means the Insured Employee's average monthly base salary or hourly pay from the Employer before taxes on the Determination Date. "Determination Date" is the last day worked just prior to the date the Disability begins. It also includes:

- 1. paid commissions averaged over the 12 months just prior to the Determination Date; or over the actual period of employment with the Employer just prior to that date, if shorter; and
- 2. bonuses averaged over the 36 months just prior to the Determination Date; or over the actual period of employment with the Employer just prior to that date, if shorter.

It does **not** include overtime pay, or any other extra compensation. It does **not** include income from a source other than the Employer. It will not exceed the amount shown in the Employer's financial records, the amount for which premium has been paid, or the Maximum Covered Monthly Earnings permitted by the Policy; whichever is less. (Maximum Covered Monthly Earnings equals the Maximum Monthly Benefit divided by the Benefit Percentage shown in the Schedule of Benefits.) Exception: For purposes of determining the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit, Basic Monthly Earnings will not exceed the amount shown in the Employer's financial records.

**COMPANY** means The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company, an Indiana corporation. Its Group Insurance Service Office address is 8801 Indian Hills Drive, Omaha, Nebraska 68114-4066.

**DAY** or **DATE** means the period of time that begins at 12:01 a.m. and ends at 12:00 midnight, standard time, at the Policyholder's place of business. When used with regard to effective dates, it means 12:01 a.m. When used with regard to termination dates, it means 12:00 midnight.

**DISABILITY** or **DISABLED** means Total Disability or Partial Disability.

**DISABILITY BENEFIT,** when used with the term Retirement Plan, means a benefit that:

- is payable under a Retirement Plan due to disability as defined in that plan; and
- 2. does not reduce the benefits that would have been paid as Retirement Benefits at the normal retirement age under the plan if the disability had not occurred.

If the payment of the benefit does cause such a reduction, the benefit will be deemed a Retirement Benefit as defined in the Policy.

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**ELIMINATION PERIOD** means the number of days of Disability during which no benefit is payable. The Elimination Period is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. It applies as follows.

- The Elimination Period:
  - begins on the first day of Disability; and
  - is satisfied when the required number of days is accumulated within a period which does b. not exceed two times the Elimination Period.

During a period of Disability, the Insured Employee may return to full-time work, at his or her own or any other occupation, for an accumulated number of days not to exceed the Elimination Period.

Only days of Disability caused by the same or a related Sickness or Injury will count towards 2. the Elimination Period. Days on which the Insured Employee returns to full-time work will not count towards the Elimination Period.

# **EMPLOYEE** or **FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE** means a person:

- whose employment with the Employer is the person's main occupation;
- 2. whose employment is for regular wage or salary, on a full-time basis;
- 3. who is regularly scheduled to work at such occupation at least the Minimum Hours shown in the Schedule of Benefits;
- who is a member of an Eligible Class which is eligible for coverage under the Policy; 4.
- who is not a temporary or seasonal employee; and 5.
- who is a citizen of the United States or legally works in the United States.

**EMPLOYER** means the Policyholder. It includes any division, subsidiary or affiliated company named in the Application or Participation Agreement.

EVIDENCE OF INSURABILITY means a statement of proof of an Employee's medical history. The Company uses this to determine his or her acceptance for insurance or an increased amount of insurance. Such proof will be provided at the Employee's own expense.

## **FAMILY OR MEDICAL LEAVE** means an approved leave of absence that:

- is subject to the federal FMLA law (the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 and any amendments to it) or a similar state law:
- is taken in accord with the Employer's leave policy and the law which applies; and
- does not exceed the period approved by the Employer and required by that law.

Under the federal FMLA law, such leaves are permitted for up to 12 weeks in a 12-month period, as defined by the Employer. The 12 weeks:

- may consist of consecutive or intermittent work days; or 1.
- may be granted on a part-time equivalency basis.

If an Employee is entitled to a leave under both the federal FMLA law and a similar state law, he or she may elect the more favorable leave (but not both). If an Employee is on an FMLA leave due to his or her own health condition on the date Policy coverage takes effect, he or she is not considered Actively at Work.

FULL-TIME, as it applies to the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit, means the average number of hours the Insured Employee was regularly scheduled to work, at his or her Own Occupation, during the month just prior

- the date the Elimination Period begins; or 1.
- 2. the date an approved leave of absence begins, if the Elimination Period begins while the Insured Employee is continuing coverage during a leave of absence.

## **INJURY** means an accidental bodily Injury that:

- requires treatment by a Physician; and 1.
- 2. directly, and independently of all other causes, results in a Disability that begins while the Insured Employee is insured under the Policy.

# **INSURANCE MONTH** or **POLICY MONTH** means that period of time:

- beginning at 12:01 a.m. Standard Time, at the Policyholder's place of business on the first day of any calendar month; and
- 2. ending at 12:00 midnight on the last day of the same calendar month.

**INSURED EMPLOYEE** means an Employee for whom Policy coverage is in effect.

## MAIN DUTIES or MATERIAL AND SUBSTANTIAL DUTIES means those job tasks that:

- are normally required to perform the Insured Employee's Own Occupation; and
- 2. could not reasonably be modified or omitted.

To determine whether a job task could reasonably be modified or omitted, the Company will apply the Americans with Disabilities Act's standards concerning reasonable accommodation. It will apply the Act's standards, whether or not:

- the Employer is subject to the Act; or
- the Insured Employee has requested such a job accommodation.

An Employer's failure to modify or omit other job tasks does **not** render the Insured Employee unable to perform the Main Duties of the job.

Main Duties include those job tasks:

- as described in the U.S. Department of Labor Dictionary of Occupational Titles; and
- as performed in the general labor market and national economy.

Main Duties are **not** limited to those specific job tasks as performed for a certain firm or at a certain work site.

MEDICALLY APPROPRIATE TREATMENT means diagnostic services, consultation, care or services that are consistent with the symptoms or diagnosis causing the Insured Employee's Disability. Such treatment must be rendered:

- by a Physician whose license and any specialty are consistent with the disabling condition; and 1.
- according to generally accepted, professionally recognized standards of medical practice.

# MILITARY LEAVE means a leave of absence that:

- is subject to the federal USERRA law (the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 and any amendments to it);
- is taken in accord with the Employer's leave policy and the federal USERRA law; and
- does not exceed the period required by that law.

**MONTHLY BENEFIT** means the amount payable monthly by the Company to the Insured Employee who is Totally Disabled or Partially Disabled.

**OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIOD** means a designated timeframe for eligible employees to elect coverage who did not enroll during their initial eligibility period or for employees with existing coverage under the Policy to elect additional benefit amounts. Evidence of insurability is not required during this period provided certain conditions are met as described in the Schedule of Benefits. Participation in an Open Enrollment Period does not change the Policy provisions related to Waiting Periods or Pre-Existing Condition Exclusions. Employees who have been previously declined for coverage or increased coverage may resubmit satisfactory evidence of insurability to apply for initial coverage or increased coverage during this Open Enrollment Period.

## OWN OCCUPATION or REGULAR OCCUPATION means the occupation, trade or profession:

- in which the Insured Employee was employed with the Employer prior to Disability; and
- 2. which was his or her main source of earned income prior to Disability.

It means a collective description of related jobs, as defined by the U.S. Department of Labor Dictionary of Occupational Titles. It includes any work in the same occupation for pay or profit, regardless of:

- whether such work is with the Employer, with some other firm, or on a self-employed basis; or
- 2. whether a suitable opening is currently available with the Employer or in the local labor market.

**OWN OCCUPATION PERIOD** means a period as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

## PARTIAL DISABILITY or PARTIALLY DISABLED will be defined as follows.

- During the Elimination Period and Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee:
  - is unable to perform one or more of the Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation; or is unable to perform such duties full-time; and
  - is engaged in Partial Disability Employment.
- 2. After the Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured
  - is unable to perform one or more of the Main Duties of any occupation which his or her training, education or experience will reasonably allow; or is unable to perform such duties full-time; and
  - b. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment.

PARTIAL DISABILITY EMPLOYMENT means the Insured Employee is working at his or her Own Occupation or any other occupation; however, because of a Partial Disability:

- the Insured Employee's hours or production is reduced:
- 2. one or more Main Duties of the job are reassigned; or
- 3. the Insured Employee is working in a lower-paid occupation.

During Partial Disability Employment, his or her current earnings:

- must be at least 20% of Predisability Income; and
- may not exceed the percentage specified in the Partial Disability Benefit section.

### **PHYSICIAN** means:

- a legally qualified medical doctor who is licensed to practice medicine, to prescribe and administer drugs, or to perform surgery; or
- any other duly licensed medical practitioner who is deemed by state law to be the same as a 2. legally qualified medical doctor.

The medical doctor or other medical practitioner must be acting within the scope of his or her license. He or she must be qualified to provide Medically Appropriate Treatment for the Insured Employee's disabling condition.

Physician does **not** include the Insured Employee or a relative of the Insured Employee receiving treatment. Relatives include:

- the Insured Employee's spouse, siblings, parents, children and grandparents; and
- 2. his or her spouse's relatives of like degree.

**POLICY** means this group insurance Policy issued by the Company to the Policyholder.

**POLICYHOLDER** means the person, company, trust or other organization as shown on the Face Page of the Policy.

PREDISABILITY INCOME—See Basic Monthly Earnings definition.

# REGULAR CARE OF A PHYSICIAN or REGULAR ATTENDANCE OF A PHYSICIAN means the **Insured Employee:**

- personally visits a Physician, as often as medically required according to standard medical practice to effectively manage and treat his or her disabling condition; and
- 2. receives Medically Appropriate Treatment, by a Physician whose license and any specialty are consistent with the disabling condition.

Such care will be deemed medically necessary until the attending Physician certifies in writing that the Insured Employee has reached his or her maximum point of recovery and that further treatment would be useless.

**REGULAR OCCUPATION**—See Own Occupation or Regular Occupation definition.

## **RETIREMENT BENEFIT,** when used with the term Retirement Plan, means a benefit that:

- is payable under a Retirement Plan either in a lump sum or in the form of periodic payments;
- 2. does not represent contributions made by an Insured Employee (Payments representing Employee contributions are deemed to be received over the Insured Employee's expected remaining life, regardless of when they are actually received.); and
- is payable upon: 3.
  - early or normal retirement; or
  - disability (if the payment does reduce the benefit which would have been paid at b. the normal retirement age under the plan, if disability had not occurred).

# **RETIREMENT PLAN** means a defined benefit or defined contribution plan that:

- provides Retirement Benefits to Employees; and
- 2. is not funded wholly by Employee contributions.

The term shall **not** include any 401(k), profit-sharing or thrift plan; informal salary continuance plan; individual retirement account (IRA); tax sheltered annuity (TSA); stock ownership plan; or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation.

An Employer's Retirement Plan is deemed to include any Retirement Plan:

- which is part of any federal, state, county, municipal or association retirement system; and
- 2. for which the Insured Employee is eligible as a result of employment with the Employer.

## SICK LEAVE or SALARY CONTINUANCE PLAN means a plan that:

- is established and maintained by the Employer for the benefit of Employees; and
- 2. continues payment of all or part of an Insured Employee's Predisability Income for a specified period after he or she becomes Disabled.

It does **not** include compensation the Employer pays an Insured Employee for work actually performed during a Disability.

**SICKNESS** means illness, pregnancy or disease.

TOTAL COVERED PAYROLL means the total amount of Basic Monthly Earnings for all Employees insured under the Policy.

## **TOTAL DISABILITY** or **TOTALLY DISABLED** will be defined as follows.

- During the Elimination Period and Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee is unable to perform each of the Main Duties of his or her Own Occupation.
- 2. After the Own Occupation Period, it means that due to an Injury or Sickness the Insured Employee is unable to perform each of the Main Duties of any occupation which his or her training, education or experience will reasonably allow.

The loss of a professional license, an occupational license or certification, or a driver's license for any reason does **not**, by itself, constitute Total Disability.

**WAITING PERIOD** means the period of time an Employee must be employed in an eligible class with the Employer, before he or she becomes eligible to enroll for coverage under the Policy. The period of service must be continuous, except as explained in the Eligibility provision captioned Prior Service Credit Towards Waiting Period.

## **CLAIMS PROCEDURES**

**NOTICE OF CLAIM.** Written notice of claim must be given within 20 days after the loss occurs, or by the end of the Elimination Period, if later. The notice must be sent to the Company's Group Insurance Service Office It should include:

- the Insured Employee's name and address; and 1.
- the number of the Policy.

If this is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible.

CLAIM FORMS. When notice of claim is received, the Company will send claim forms to the Insured Employee. If the Company does not send the forms within 15 days, the Insured Employee shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of the Policy as to proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in the Policy for filing proof of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, character, and extent of the loss for which claim is made. The Company will periodically send the Insured Employee additional claim forms.

**PROOF OF CLAIM.** The Company must be given written proof of claim within 90 days after the end of the Elimination Period. When it is not reasonably possible to give written proof in the time required, the claim will not be reduced or denied solely for this reason, if the proof is filed:

- as soon as reasonably possible; and
- 2 in no event later than one year after it was required.

These time limits will not apply while an Insured Employee lacks legal capacity.

Proof of claim must be provided at the Insured Employee's own expense. It must show the date the Disability began, its cause and degree. Documentation must include:

- completed statements by the Insured Employee and the Employer; 1.
- 2. a completed statement by the attending Physician, which must describe any restrictions on the Insured Employee's performance of the duties of his or her Regular Occupation;
- 3. proof of any other income received;
- proof of any benefits available from other income sources, which may affect Policy benefits;
- 5. a signed authorization for the Company to obtain more information; and
- any other items the Company may reasonably require in support of the claim.

Proof of continued Disability, Regular Care of a Physician, and any Other Income Benefits affecting the claim must be given to the Company. This must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. If it is not, benefits may be denied or suspended.

**EXAMINATION.** The Company may have the Insured Employee examined:

- 1. by a Physician, specialist or vocational rehabilitation expert of the Company's choice;
- 2 as often as reasonably required while a claim or appeal is pending.

Any such exam will be at the Company's expense.

The Company may determine that (in its opinion) the Insured Employee has:

- failed to cooperate with an examiner:
- 2. failed to take an exam scheduled by the Company; or
- postponed such an exam more than twice.

In that event, benefits may be denied or suspended, until the required exam is completed.

TIME OF PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Benefits payable under the Policy will be paid immediately after the Company receives complete proof of claim and confirms liability. After that:

- Any benefits will be paid monthly, during any period for which the Company is liable. If benefits are due for less than a month, they will be paid on a pro rata basis. The daily rate will equal 1/30 of the Monthly Benefit.
- 2. Any balance, which remains unpaid at the end of the period of liability, will be paid immediately after the Company receives complete proof of claim and confirms liability.

# **CLAIMS PROCEDURES** (Continued)

TO WHOM PAYABLE. All benefits are payable to the Insured Employee, while living. After his or her death, benefits will be payable as follows.

- Any Survivor Benefit will be payable in accord with that section.
- 2. Any other benefits will be payable to the Insured Employee's estate.

If a benefit becomes payable to:

- the Insured Employee's estate; or
- a minor or any other person who is not legally competent to give a valid receipt;

then up to \$2,000 may be paid to any relative of the Insured Employee that the Company finds entitled to payment. If payment is made in good faith to such a relative, the Company will not have to pay that benefit again.

**NOTICE OF CLAIM DECISION.** The Company will send the Insured Employee a written notice of its claim decision. If the Company denies any part of the claim, the written notice will explain:

- the reason for the denial, under the terms of the Policy and any internal guidelines;
- 2. how the Insured Employee may request a review of the Company's decision; and
- 3. whether more information is needed to support the claim.

This notice will be sent:

- within 15 days after the Company resolves the claim;
- within 30 days after the Company receives acceptable proof of claim; and
- within 45 days after the Company receives the first proof of claim, if reasonably possible.

**Delay Notice.** The Company may need more than 15 days to process the claim, due to matters beyond its control. If so, an extension will be permitted. In that event, the Company will send the Insured Employee a written delay notice:

- by the 15th day after receiving the first proof of claim; and
- every 30 days after that, until the claim is resolved.

The notice will explain:

- what additional information is needed to determine liability; and 1.
- when a decision can be expected.

If the Insured Employee does not receive a written decision by the 105th day after the Company receives the first proof of claim, there is a right to an immediate review, as if the claim was denied.

**Exception:** The Company may need more information from the Insured Employee to process a claim. If so, it must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. The resulting delay will not count towards the above time limits for claim processing.

**REVIEW PROCEDURE.** Within 180 days after receiving a denial notice, the Insured Employee may request a claim review by sending the Company:

- a written request; and
- any written comments or other items to support the claim.

The Insured Employee may review certain non-privileged information relating to the request for review.

The Company will review the claim and send the Insured Employee a written notice of its decision. The notice will state the reasons for the Company's decision, under the terms of the Policy and any internal guidelines. If the Company upholds the denial of all or part of the claim, the notice will also describe:

- any further appeal procedures available under the Policy;
- the right to access relevant claim information; and
- the right to request a state insurance department review, or to bring legal action.

This notice will be sent within 45 days after the Company receives the request for review, or within 90 days if a special case requires more time.

# **CLAIMS PROCEDURES** (Continued)

**Delay Notice.** If the Company needs more than 45 days to process an appeal, in a special case:

- an extension of up to 45 more days will be permitted; and
- the Company will send the Insured Employee a written delay notice, by the 30th day after 2. receiving the request for review.

The notice will explain:

- the special circumstances which require the delay;
- 2. whether more information is needed to review the claim; and
- 3. when a decision can be expected.

**Exception:** The Company may need more information from the Insured Employee to process an appeal. If so, it must be supplied within 45 days after the Company requests it. The resulting delay will not count towards the above time limits for appeal processing.

Claims Subject to ERISA (Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974). Before bringing a civil legal action under the federal labor law known as ERISA, an employee benefit plan participant or beneficiary must exhaust available administrative remedies. Under the Policy, the plan participant or beneficiary must first seek two administrative reviews of the adverse claim decision, in accord with this section. After the required reviews:

- an ERISA plan participant or beneficiary may bring legal action under Section 502(a) of 1.
- 2. the Company will waive any right to assert that he or she failed to exhaust administrative

RIGHT OF RECOVERY. If benefits have been overpaid on any short-term disability or long-term disability claim, full reimbursement to the Company is required within 60 days. If reimbursement is not made, the Company has the right to:

- reduce future benefits and suspend payment of the Minimum Monthly Benefit under the Policy, until full reimbursement is made;
- reduce benefits payable to the Insured Employee or his or her beneficiary under any group 2. insurance policy issued by the Company, until full reimbursement is made; or
- 3. recover such overpayments from the Insured Employee or his or her estate.

Such reimbursement is required whether the overpayment is due to:

- the Company's error in processing a claim;
- the Insured Employee's receipt of Other Income Benefits;
- 3. fraud, misrepresentation or omission of relevant facts; or
- any other reason.

**LEGAL ACTIONS.** No legal action to recover any benefits may be brought until 60 days after the required written proof of claim has been given. No such legal action may be brought more than three years after the date written proof of claim is required.

## **ELIGIBILITY**

**ELIGIBLE CLASSES.** The classes of Employees eligible for insurance are shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The Company has the right to review and terminate any or all classes eligible under the Policy, if any class ceases to be covered by the Policy.

**ELIGIBILITY DATE.** An Employee becomes eligible for coverage provided by the Policy on the later of:

- the Policy's date of issue; or
- 2. the date the Waiting Period is completed.

**Prior Service Credit Towards Waiting Period.** The Waiting Period is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Prior service in an Eligible Class will apply toward the Waiting Period, when:

- a former Employee is rehired within one year after his or her employment ends; or
- 2. an Employee returns from an approved Family or Medical Leave within:
  - the 12-week leave period required by federal law; or
  - any longer period required by a similar state law; or
- 3. an Employee returns from a Military Leave within the period required by federal USERRA law.

## **EFFECTIVE DATES**

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** An Employee's initial amount of coverage becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on the latest of:

- 1. the first day of the Insurance Month following the date the Employee becomes eligible for the coverage;
- the date the Employee resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day he or she 2. becomes eligible:
- 3. the date the Employee makes written application for coverage and signs;
  - a payroll deduction order, if the Employees pay any part of the Policy premium;
  - an order to pay premiums from the Employee's Flexible Benefits Plan account, if b. premiums are paid through such an account: or
- 4 the date the Company approves the Employee's Evidence of Insurability, if required.

Any increased or additional coverage becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on the latest of:

- the first day of the Insurance Month coinciding with or next following the date on which the Insured Employee becomes eligible for the increase, if Actively at Work on that day;
- the date the Insured Employee resumes Active Work, if not Actively at Work on the day the 2. increase would otherwise take effect; or
- 3. the date any required Evidence of Insurability is approved by the Company.

Any decrease will take effect on the day of the change, whether or not the Insured Employee is Actively at Work.

**EVIDENCE OF INSURABILITY.** Evidence of Insurability satisfactory to the Company must be submitted (at the Employee's expense) when:

- an Employee makes written application for coverage (or an increased amount of coverage) more than 31 days after becoming eligible for the coverage;
- an Employee makes written application to enroll for coverage after he or she has requested: 2.
  - to cancel insurance;
  - to stop payroll deductions for the insurance; or b.
  - to stop premium payments from the Flexible Benefits Plan account:
- coverage is elected after the Employee has caused insurance to lapse, by failing to pay the 3. required premium when due; or
- optional, supplemental or voluntary coverage is elected in excess of any Guaranteed Issue 4. Amounts shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

# **EFFECTIVE DATES** (Continued)

**EFFECTIVE DATE FOR CHANGE IN ELIGIBLE CLASS.** An Insured Employee may become a member of a different Eligible Class. Coverage under the different Eligible Class will be effective:

- 1. on the first day of the Insurance Month coinciding with or next following the date of the change;
- 2. except as stated in the Effective Date provision for increases or decreases.

**REINSTATEMENT RIGHTS.** If an Insured Employee's coverage terminates due to one of the following breaks in service, he or she will be entitled to reinstate the coverage upon resuming Active Work with the Employer within the required timeframe. "**Reinstatement**" or "to reinstate" means to re-enroll for Policy coverage, without satisfying a new Waiting Period or providing Evidence of Insurability. Reinstatement is available upon:

- 1. return from an approved Family or Medical Leave within:
  - a. the 12-week period required by federal law; or
  - b. any longer period required by a similar state law;
- 2. return from a Military Leave within the period required by federal USERRA law;
- 3. return from any other approved leave of absence within six months after the leave begins;
- 4. return within 12 months following a lay off; or
- 5. return within 12 months following termination of employment for any other reason.

To reinstate coverage, the Employee must apply for coverage or be re-enrolled within 31 days after resuming Active Work in an Eligible Class. The reinstated amount of insurance may not exceed the amount that terminated. Reinstatement will take effect on the date the Insured Employee returns to Active Work.

If the above conditions are met, then:

- 1. the months of leave will count towards any unmet Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion period; and
- 2. a new Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will not apply to the reinstated amount of insurance.

A new Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion will apply to any increased amount of insurance.

#### INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION

**INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION OF COVERAGE.** An Insured Employee's coverage will terminate at 12:00 midnight on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Policy or the Employer's participation terminates; but without prejudice to any claim incurred prior to termination;
- 2. the date the Insured Employee's Class is no longer eligible for insurance;
- 3. the date such Insured Employee ceases to be a member of an Eligible Class;
- 4. the last day of the Insurance Month in which the Insured Employee requests termination;
- 5. the last day of the Insurance Month for which premium payment is made on the Insured Employee's behalf;
- 6. the end of the period for which the last required premium has been paid;
- 7. with respect to a particular insurance benefit, the date the portion of the Policy providing that benefit terminates:
- 8. the date on which the Insured Employee's employment with the Employer terminates; unless coverage is continued as provided below; or
- 9. the date the Insured Employee enters the armed services of any state or country on active duty, except for duty of 30 days or less for training in the Reserves or National Guard. (If the Insured Employee sends proof of military service, the Company will refund any unearned premium.)

**CONTINUATION RIGHTS.** Ceasing Active Work results in termination of the Insured Employee's eligibility for insurance, but coverage may be continued as follows.

- **1. Disability.** If an Insured Employee is absent due to Total Disability, or is engaged in Partial Disability Employment, coverage may be continued during:
  - a. the Elimination Period; provided the Company receives the required premium from the Employer; and
  - b. the period for which benefits are payable, without payment of premium.

Premium payments will be waived from the satisfaction of the Elimination Period until the end of the period for which benefits are payable. If coverage is to be continued following a period for which premiums were waived, premium payments must be resumed, as they become due.

- **2. Family or Medical Leave.** If an Insured Employee goes on an approved Family or Medical Leave, and is **not** entitled to the more favorable continuation available during Disability, coverage may be continued, until the earliest of:
  - a. the end of the leave period approved by the Employer;
  - b. the end of the 12-week leave period required by federal law, or any more favorable period required by a similar state law;
  - c. the date the Insured Employee notifies the Employer that he or she will not return; or
  - d. the date the Insured Employee begins employment with another employer.

The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.

- **3. Military Leave.** If an Insured Employee goes on a Military Leave, coverage may be continued for the same period allowed for an approved Family or Medical Leave. The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.
- **4. Lay-off or Other Leave.** When an Insured Employee ceases work due to a temporary lay-off, or due to an approved leave of absence (other than an approved Family or Medical Leave or a Military Leave); coverage may be continued for three Insurance Months after the lay-off or leave begins. The required premium payments must be received from the Employer, throughout the period of continued coverage.

# INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION (Continued)

**Conditions.** In administering the above continuation, the Employer must not act so as to discriminate unfairly among Employees in similar situations. Insurance may **not** be continued when an Insured Employee ceases Active Work due to a labor dispute, strike, work slowdown or lockout.

**INDIVIDUAL TERMINATION DURING DISABILITY.** Termination of an Insured Employee's coverage during a Disability will have no effect on benefits payable for that period of Disability.

### **PORTABILITY**

ELIGIBILITY. The Policy provides portability, when an Insured Employee's insurance under the Policy terminates because his or her employment with the Employer ends; provided:

- (1) the Insured Employee is not Disabled, retired or on a leave of absence; and
- (2) the Insured Employee was insured under the Employer's group long term disability plan for at least 12 months in a row, just prior to the date employment ended.

The 12 months may be a combination of coverage under the Policy, and under any prior group long term disability plan the Policy replaces.

APPLICATION. To continue insurance, written application and the first premium payment must be made within 31 days of the date insurance would otherwise end.

AMOUNT OF COVERAGE. The amount of continued insurance may not exceed the amount in force when employment ends. A former Employee may decrease the amount of continued insurance:

- (1) at any time during the continuation period;
- (2) by completing a request form supplied by the Company.

The decrease will take effect on the first day of the Insurance Month after the Company receives the request.

PAYMENT OF PREMIUM. Timely payment of premium must be made directly to the Company, throughout the period of continued insurance. The required premium will equal:

- (1) the group rate in effect when employment ends; plus
- (2) a direct billing fee based upon the premium frequency chosen.

The premium frequency may be changed by sending the Company advance written request on forms supplied by the Company. Such request may be sent at any time while continued insurance is in force; but not during a Grace Period

TERMINATION OF COVERAGE. Continued insurance will end on the earliest of:

- (1) the date insurance has been continued for 12 months;
- (2) the date the Policy terminates; but without prejudice to any claim incurred prior to termination;
- (3) the end of the period for which premium has been paid;
- (4) the date the Insured Employee retires;
- (5) the date the Insured Employee enters the armed services of any state or country on active duty (If the Insured Employee sends proof of military service, the Company will refund any unearned premium); or
- (6) the date the Insured Employee is covered under any other group long term disability plan.

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## TOTAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT

**BENEFIT**. The Company will pay a Total Disability Monthly Benefit to an Insured Employee, after the completion of the Elimination Period, if he or she:

- 1. is Totally Disabled;
- 2. becomes Disabled while insured for this benefit:
- 3. is under the Regular Care of a Physician; and
- 4. at his or her own expense, submits proof of continued Total Disability and Physician's care to the Company upon request.

The Total Disability Monthly Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee ceases to be Totally Disabled or dies;
- 2. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends; or
- 3. the date the Insured Employee is able, but chooses not to engage in Partial Disability Employment:
  - a. in his or her Own Occupation, during the Own Occupation Period; or
  - b. in any occupation, after the Own Occupation Period.

Proportional benefits will be paid for a partial month of Total Disability.

At the Company's option, Total Disability Monthly Benefit payments may also be denied or suspended on any of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause):
  - a. fails to take a required medical exam;
  - b. fails to cooperate with the examiner; or
  - c. postpones a required exam more than twice;
- 2. the 45th day after the Company mails a request for additional proof, if not given; or
- 3. the 45<sup>th</sup> day after the Company mails a request for proof of the Insured Employee's application for any Other Income Benefits to which he or she may be entitled, if not given.

# **AMOUNT.** The amount of the Total Disability Monthly Benefit equals:

- 1. the Insured Employee's Basic Monthly Earnings multiplied by the Benefit Percentage (limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit); minus
- 2 Other Income Benefits

The amount of the Total Disability Monthly Benefit will not be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit.

The Benefit Percentage, Maximum Monthly Benefit, Minimum Monthly Benefit, and Maximum Benefit Period are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

# PARTIAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT

**BENEFIT**. The Company will pay a Partial Disability Monthly Benefit to an Insured Employee, after completion of the Elimination Period, if he or she:

- 1. is Disabled;
- 2. becomes Disabled while insured for this benefit:
- 3. is engaged in Partial Disability Employment;
- 4. is earning at least 20% of Predisability Income when Partial Disability Employment begins;
- 5. is under the Regular Care of a Physician, if required; and
- 6. at his or her own expense, submits proof of continued Partial Disability, Physician's care and reduced earnings to the Company upon request.

The Insured Employee does not have to be Totally Disabled prior to receiving Partial Disability Monthly Benefits. The Elimination Period may be satisfied by days of Total Disability, Partial Disability or any combination of these.

The Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee ceases to be Partially Disabled or dies;
- 2. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends;
- 3. the date the Insured Employee earns more than:
  - a. 99% of Predisability Income, until Partial Disability Monthly Benefits have been paid for 24 months for the same period of Disability; or
  - b. 85% of Predisability Income, after Partial Disability Monthly Benefits have been paid for 24 months for the same period of Disability;
- 4. the date the Insured Employee is able, but chooses not to work full-time:
  - a. in his or her Own Occupation, during the Own Occupation Period; or
  - b. in any occupation, after the Own Occupation Period.

Proportional benefits will be paid for a partial month of Partial Disability.

At the Company's option, Partial Disability Monthly Benefit payments may also be denied or suspended on any of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee (without good cause):
  - a. fails to take a required medical exam;
  - b. fails to cooperate with the examiner; or
  - c. postpones a required exam more than twice;
- 2. the 45<sup>th</sup> day after the Company mails a request for additional proof, if not given; or
- 3. the 45<sup>th</sup> day after the Company mails a request for proof of the Insured Employee's application for any Other Income Benefits to which he or she may be entitled, if not given.

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# PARTIAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT (Continued)

BENEFIT AMOUNT. The Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will replace the Insured Employee's Lost Income; provided it does not exceed the Total Disability Monthly Benefit, which would otherwise be payable during Total Disability without the Partial Disability Employment.

Thus, the amount of the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will equal the lesser of A or B below.

- A. LOST INCOME: The Insured Employee's Predisability Income, minus all Other Income Benefits (including earnings from Partial Disability Employment).
- B. TOTAL DISABILITY MONTHLY BENEFIT otherwise payable:
  - 1. The Insured Employee's Predisability Income multiplied by the Benefit Percentage (limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit); minus
  - 2. Other Income Benefits, except for earnings from Partial Disability Employment.

The Partial Disability Monthly Benefit will never be less than the Minimum Monthly Benefit. The Benefit Percentage, Maximum Monthly Benefit, Minimum Monthly Benefit, and Maximum Benefit Period are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

#### OTHER INCOME BENEFITS

**OTHER INCOME BENEFITS** means benefits, awards, settlements or Earnings from the following sources. These amounts will be offset, in determining the amount of the Insured Employee's Monthly Benefit. Except for Retirement Benefits and Earnings, these amounts must result from the same Disability for which a Monthly Benefit is payable under the Policy.

**Workers' Compensation.** Any benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under a law that compensates for job related Injury or Sickness. This includes:

- 1. any Workers' Compensation or occupational disease law;
- 2. the Jones Act;
- 3. the Longshoreman's and Harbor Worker's Act;
- 4. the Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages or Cure; or
- 5. any plan provided in place of one of the above plans.

It includes any benefits for partial or total disability, whether temporary or permanent. It also includes any benefits for vocational rehabilitation.

**Other Compulsory Benefits.** Any disability income benefits the Insured Employee is eligible to receive under any other compulsory benefit act or law. This includes (but is not limited to):

- 1. state temporary disability income benefit laws;
- 2. state no fault auto insurance laws; or
- 3. any other compulsory benefit act or law.

**Other Insurance Plans.** Any disability income benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under:

- 1. any other group insurance plan (except credit or mortgage insurance); or
- 2. any no fault auto plan.

**Employee Benefit Plans.** Any disability income benefits for which the Insured Employee is eligible under the Employer's Sick Leave or Salary Continuance Plan. This does **not** include vacation pay, severance pay or pay for work actually performed during a Disability.

**Employer's Retirement Plan.** Any Disability Benefits or Retirement Benefits the Insured Employee receives under the Employer's Retirement Plan.

**Social Security and other Government Retirement Plans.** The following Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits will be offset:

- 1. **disability benefits** for which the Insured Employee is eligible; and for which any spouse or child is eligible, because of the Insured Employee's Disability;
- 2. **unreduced retirement benefits** for which the Insured Employee is eligible; and for which any spouse or child is eligible, because of the Insured Employee's eligibility for unreduced retirement benefits; or
- 3. **reduced retirement benefits** actually received by the Insured Employee; and by any spouse or child, because of the Insured Employee's receipt of reduced retirement benefits.

As used above, "Government Retirement Plans" include disability and retirement benefits under:

- 1. the federal Social Security Act, Jones Act or Railroad Retirement Act;
- 2. the Canada Pension Plan or Quebec Pension Plan;
- 3. any similar plan or act of any country, state, province or other political unit; or
- 4. any plan provided in place of one of the above plans.

# OTHER INCOME BENEFITS (Continued)

"Earnings", as used in this provision, means pay the Insured Employee earns or receives from any occupation or form of employment, as reported for federal income tax purposes. Earnings include (but are not limited to) a:

- 1. salaried or hourly Employee's gross earnings (shown on Form W-2); including:
  - a. wages, tips, commissions, bonuses and overtime pay; and
  - b. any pre-tax contributions to a Section 125 Plan, flexible spending account, or qualified deferred compensation plan;
- 2. proprietor's net profit (figured from Form 1040, Schedule C);
- 3. professional corporation shareholder's net profit (figured from Form 1040, Schedule C);
- 4. partner's net earnings from self-employment (shown on Schedule K-1) and any W-2 earnings; and
- 5. Subchapter S Corporation shareholder's net earnings from trade or business activities (shown on Schedule K-1).

**Exceptions.** The following will **not** be considered Other Income Benefits, and will not be offset in determining the Monthly Benefit:

- 1. a cost-of-living increase in any Other Income Benefit (except Earnings); if it takes effect after the first offset for that benefit during a period of Disability;
- 2. reimbursement for hospital, medical or surgical expense;
- 3. reimbursement for attorney fees and other reasonable costs of claiming Other Income Benefits;
- 4. group credit or mortgage disability insurance benefits;
- 5. early retirement benefits that are not elected or received under the federal Social Security Act or other Government Retirement Plan;
- 6. any amounts under the Employer's Retirement Plan that:
  - a. represent the Insured Employee's contributions; or
  - b. are received upon termination of employment without being disabled or retired;
- 7. benefits from a 401(k), profit-sharing or thrift plan; an individual retirement account (IRA); a tax sheltered annuity (TSA); a stock ownership plan; or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation;
- 8. vacation pay, holiday pay, or severance pay; or
- 9. disability income benefits under any individual policy, association group plan, franchise plan, or auto liability insurance policy (except no fault auto insurance).

**RULES FOR OTHER INCOME BENEFIT OFFSETS.** If the Insured Employee may be entitled to Other Income Benefits that affect Policy benefits, the following rules will apply.

**Claiming Other Income Benefits.** An Insured Employee who may be entitled to some Other Income Benefit is required to actively pursue it. For example, if benefits may be payable under the federal Social Security Act, the Insured Employee:

- 1. must apply for such benefits on a timely basis:
- 2. must file a request for reconsideration, if benefits are denied; and
- 3. must request a hearing before an Administrative Law Judge, if denied again (unless the Company waives this in writing).

An Employer whose Insured Employee may be entitled to Workers' Compensation or similar benefits is also required to cooperate in filing that claim. If the Insured Employee fails to pursue Other Income Benefits on a timely basis, the Company has the option to:

- 1. deny or suspend Monthly Benefits; or
- 2. reduce Monthly Benefits by an estimated amount.

# OTHER INCOME BENEFITS (Continued)

**Estimating Offsets.** While a claim for Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits is pending, the Insured Employee must elect one of the following options in writing. (If no written election is made, Monthly Benefits will be reduced in accord with Option 1.)

- 1. **Reduced Monthly Benefits.** The Insured Employee may receive Monthly Benefits reduced by estimated Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits. The Company will adjust Policy benefits and will refund any underpayment, in a lump sum, upon receiving proof of:
  - a. the amount actually awarded; or
  - b. the claim denial and completion of any appeal the Company requires.
- 2. **Unreduced Monthly Benefits.** The Insured Employee may receive unreduced Monthly Benefits while the claim is pending. He or she must agree in writing to promptly refund any overpayment that results, in a lump sum, upon receiving Social Security or other Government Retirement Plan benefits. If he or she does not promptly refund an overpayment:
  - a. the Company will reduce or eliminate future payments; and
  - b. the Minimum Monthly Benefit will not apply, until the amount is repaid.

**Lump Sum Payments.** Other Income Benefits that are paid in a lump sum will be pro rated as follows.

- 1. The lump sum will be pro rated on a monthly basis, over the time period for which it is given.
- 2. If no time period is stated, the Company will continue its estimated monthly offset for that benefit, until full amount is offset.
- 3. If no estimated monthly offset was being made for that benefit, the lump sum will be pro rated on a monthly basis over a reasonable time period. It will not exceed 60 months or the Maximum Benefit Period (whichever occurs first).

**Cost-of-Living Freeze.** After the first deduction for each of the Other Income Benefits (except Earnings), its amount will be frozen. The Monthly Benefit will not be further reduced due to any cost-of-living increases payable under these Other Income Benefits.

## RECURRENT DISABILITY

"Recurrent Disability" means a Disability caused by an Injury or Sickness that is the same as, or related to, the cause of a prior Disability for which Monthly Benefits were payable. A Recurrent Disability will be treated as follows.

- **New Disability.** A Recurrent Disability will be treated as a new Disability, if the Recurrent 1 Disability begins after the Insured Employee returns to his or her Own Occupation with the Employer:
  - on a full-time basis working at least the Minimum Number of Hours Per Week as a. shown in the Schedule of Benefits: and
  - for six consecutive months or more following the date the prior Disability benefits b. ended.

A new Elimination Period must be completed before further Monthly Benefits become payable. A new Maximum Benefit Period will apply.

- 2 **Prior Disability.** A Recurrent Disability will be treated as part of the prior Disability, if the Recurrent Disability begins after the Insured Employee returns to his or her Own Occupation with the Employer:
  - on a full-time basis working at least the Minimum Number of Hours Per Week as shown in the Schedule of Benefits; but
  - for less than six consecutive months following the date the prior Disability b. benefits ended.

The completion of a new Elimination Period is not required before further Monthly Benefits become payable. The same Maximum Benefit Period will apply to the Recurrent Disability as to the prior Disability. The Predisability Income used in determining the prior Disability benefit will apply as well.

In addition, a Recurrent Disability will be treated as a prior Disability if all of the subsequent events occur in less than six consecutive months following the date the prior Disability benefits end under the Policy:

- a job opening is not available for the Insured Employee to return to work with the Employer:
- the Insured Employee's coverage under the Policy terminates; b.
- the former Employee returns to his or her Own Occupation with a new employer on a full-time basis working at least the Minimum Number of Hours Per Week as shown in the Schedule of Benefits;
- d. benefits are not payable under any other group long-term disability plan; and
- a Recurrent Disability begins.

Benefits for the former Employee will be reinstated for the Recurrent Disability and the completion of a new Elimination Period will not be required before further Monthly Benefits become payable. The same Maximum Benefit Period, Exclusions, and Limitations will apply to the Recurrent Disability as to the prior Disability. The Predisability Income used in determining the prior Disability benefit will apply as well. Benefits reinstated under this provision are subject to the Policy's terms and conditions that were in effect at the time the prior Disability began.

To qualify for a Monthly Benefit, the Insured Employee or former Employee must earn less than the percentage of Predisability Income specified in the Partial Disability Monthly Benefit section. Monthly Benefit payments will be subject to all other terms of the Policy that applied to the prior Disability.

This Recurrent Disability provision will cease to apply to an Insured Employee or former Employee who becomes eligible for coverage under any other group long-term disability plan.

## PROGRESSIVE INCOME BENEFIT

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** An Insured Employee will become insured for the Progressive Income Benefit on:

- 1. the effective date of his or her coverage for Long Term Disability Benefits under the Policy; or
- 2. the effective date of this provision, if it is added later by amending the Policy.

**Exception:** The effective date will be delayed for an Insured Employee who is unable to perform one or more Activities of Daily Living or suffers from a Cognitive Impairment on that date. In that event, the Insured Employee will become insured for this benefit on the first day he or she:

- 1. is able to safely and completely perform all of the Activities of Daily Living without another person's active, hands-on help; or
- 2. no longer suffers from a Cognitive Impairment.

**BENEFIT.** After completion of the Elimination Period shown in the Schedule of Insurance, the Company will pay an additional monthly benefit to an Insured Employee; if he or she:

- 1. is receiving Total Disability or Partial Disability Monthly Benefits under the Policy; and
- 2. submits proof of suffering the Loss of Activities of Daily Living or a Cognitive Impairment (as defined below).

Proof must be submitted at the Insured Employee's own expense.

## **AMOUNT.** The amount of the Progressive Income Benefit:

- 1. will equal 10% of the Insured Employee's Basic Monthly Earnings; but
- 2. will not exceed the Maximum Monthly Benefit for Long Term Disability Benefits, or \$5,000 per month (whichever is less).

The Maximum Monthly Benefit for Long Term Disability Benefits is shown in the Schedule of Insurance. The Progressive Income Benefit will not be reduced by any Other Income Benefits, or by earnings from any form of employment.

**DURATION.** This Progressive Income Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee no longer suffers from the Loss of Activities of Daily Living or Cognitive Impairment (as defined below);
- 2. the date the Insured Employee is no longer entitled to Total Disability or Partial Disability Monthly Benefits under the Policy;
- 3. the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends; or
- 4. the date the Insured Employee dies.

If the Policy includes a Family Income Benefit, the amount paid to the Eligible Surviving Spouse or Children will not increase due to the Insured Employee's receipt of this Progressive Income Benefit.

### **DEFINITIONS**

"Loss of Activities of Daily Living" means that, due to an Injury or Sickness, the Insured Employee has lost the ability to safely and completely perform **two or more** of the following six Activities of Daily Living without another person's active, hands-on help with all or most of the activity.

The six Activities of Daily Living are:

- 1. **Bathing** washing self in a tub, in a shower or by sponge bath; with or without equipment.
- 2. **Dressing** putting on, taking off, fastening or unfastening garments, any medically necessary braces, or any artificial limbs normally worn.
- 3. **Toileting** getting to, from, on and off toilet and performing related personal hygiene.
- 4. **Transferring** moving in and out of bed, chair or any wheelchair; with or without equipment such as canes, walkers, crutches, grab bars, other support devices, or mechanical or motorized devices
- 5. **Continence** voluntarily maintaining control of bladder and bowel function; or performing related personal hygiene, including care of any catheter or colostomy bag, if not continent.
- 6. **Eating** once food is prepared and made available, getting nourishment into one's body by any means. This includes eating from a table, tray or container (such as a bowl or cup); or using special equipment (such as a feeding tube or intravenous tube).

# PROGRESSIVE INCOME BENEFIT (Continued)

"Cognitive Impairment" means that due to an Injury or Sickness, the Insured Employee:

- 1. has suffered a permanent deterioration or loss of cognitive or intellectual capacity; and
- 2. requires another person's active, hands-on help or verbal cues to prevent harm to self or others, due to that impairment.

The impairment must be diagnosed by a Physician, based upon clinical evidence and reliable standardized tests of short or long-term memory; orientation as to person, place and time; and deductive or abstract reasoning. It may result from moderate to severe head trauma, stroke, Alzheimer's disease or other form of irreversible dementia.

"Mental Sickness," as used in this provision, means any emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, adjustment, mood or stress-related abnormality, disorder, disturbance, dysfunction or syndrome; regardless of its cause. It includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder;
- 2. bipolar affective disorder, manic depression, or other psychosis; and
- 3. obsessive-compulsive, depressive, panic or anxiety disorders.

These conditions are usually treated by a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health care provider. Treatment usually involves psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs or similar methods of treatment.

Mental Sickness does **not** include irreversible dementia resulting from stroke; trauma; viral infection; Alzheimer's disease; or other conditions which are not usually treated by a mental health care provider using psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs, or similar methods of treatment.

"Pre-Existing Condition," as used in this provision, means a Sickness or Injury for which the Insured Employee received treatment within 3 months prior to his or her effective date for this benefit. Treatment includes a Physician's consultation, care and services; diagnostic measures; and the prescription, refill or taking of prescribed drugs or medicines.

## EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

**Prior Disability.** This benefit will not be payable during a period of Disability which begins before the Insured Employee's effective date of coverage under this benefit.

**Pre-Existing Conditions.** This benefit will not be payable for a Loss of Activities of Daily Living or Cognitive Impairment:

- 1. which is caused or contributed to by, or results from a Pre-Existing Condition (as defined above); and
- 2. which begins in the first 12 months after the Insured Employee's effective date under this benefit.

unless the Insured Employee received no Treatment of the condition for 12 consecutive months after his or her effective date under this benefit.

Mental Sickness and Substance Abuse. This benefit will not be payable during a period of Disability which is caused or contributed to by or results from a Mental Sickness, alcoholism, or voluntary use of a Controlled Substance; unless prescribed by a Physician. Controlled Substances are those defined as such in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, and any amendments to it.

**Other Provisions.** This benefit will be subject to all of the Definitions, Exclusions, Proof of Claim, Waiver of Premium and other provisions of the Policy.

## **EXCLUSIONS**

**GENERAL EXCLUSIONS.** The Policy will not cover any period of Total or Partial Disability:

- 1. due to war, declared or undeclared, or any act of war;
- 2. due to intentionally self-inflicted injuries;
- 3. due to active participation in a riot;
- 4. due to the Insured Employee's committing of or the attempting to commit a felony or any type of assault or battery;
- 5. during which the Insured Employee is incarcerated for the commission of a felony;
- 6. during which the Insured Employee is not under the Regular Care of a Physician; or
- 7. after the Insured Employee has resided outside the United States or Canada for more than 12 consecutive benefit months for purposes other than employment with the Employer.

# **PRE-EXISTING CONDITION EXCLUSION.** The Policy will not cover any Total or Partial Disability:

- 1. which is caused or contributed to by, or results from a Pre-Existing Condition; and
- 2. which begins in the first 12 months after the Insured Employee's Effective Date; unless such Insured Employee received no Treatment of the condition for 12 consecutive months after the Insured Employee's Effective Date.

"Pre-Existing Condition" means a Sickness or Injury for which the Insured Employee received treatment within 3 months prior to the Insured Employee's Effective Date.

"Treatment" means consultation, care or services provided by a Physician. It includes diagnostic measures and the prescription, refill of prescription, or taking of any prescribed drugs or medicines.

## SPECIFIED INJURIES OR SICKNESSES LIMITATION

LIMITATION. If an Insured Employee is Disabled primarily due to one or more of the Specified Injuries or Sicknesses defined below; then Partial or Total Disability Monthly Benefits:

- 1. will be payable subject to the terms of the Policy; but
- 2. will be limited to 24 months for any one period of Disability; unless the Insured Employee is confined to a Hospital.

"Specified Injuries or Sicknesses" include any Mental Sickness or Substance Abuse, as defined below.

### **CONDITIONS**

- 1. If the Insured Employee is confined in a Hospital at the end of the 24<sup>th</sup> month for which Policy benefits are paid for the Specified Injury or Sickness; then benefits will be payable until he or she is discharged from that facility.
- 2. In no event will the Monthly Benefit be paid beyond the Maximum Benefit Period shown in the Schedule of Insurance, however.

### **DEFINITIONS**

"Hospital," as used in this provision, means:

- 1. a general hospital which:
  - (a) is licensed, approved or certified by the state where it is located; or
  - (b) is recognized by the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations; and
  - (c) is operated to treat resident inpatients; has a registered nurse always on duty or call; and has a lab, x-ray facility and place where surgery is performed.
- 2. a skilled nursing care facility or unit, which provides convalescent or nursing care; and which is recognized as a skilled nursing care facility under Medicare.

The term Hospital also includes:

- 1. a Mental Hospital when treatment is for a Mental Sickness; and
- 2. a Treatment Center when treatment is for Substance Abuse.

"Mental Hospital" means a health care facility (or its psychiatric unit) which:

- 1. is licensed, certified or approved as a mental hospital by the state where it is located;
- 2. is equipped to treat resident inpatients' mental diseases or disorders; and
- 3. has a resident psychiatrist on duty or on call at all times.

"Mental Sickness" means any emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, adjustment, mood or stress-related abnormality, disorder, disturbance, dysfunction or syndrome; regardless of its cause. It includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. schizophrenia or schizoaffective disorder;
- 2. bipolar affective disorder, manic depression, or other psychosis; and
- 3. obsessive-compulsive, depressive, panic or anxiety disorders.

These conditions are usually treated by a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist or other qualified mental health care provider. Treatment usually involves psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs or similar methods of treatment.

Mental Sickness does **not** include irreversible dementia resulting from:

- 1. stroke, trauma, viral infection, Alzheimer's disease; or
- 2. other conditions which are not usually treated by a mental health care provider using psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs, or similar methods of treatment.

"Substance Abuse" means alcoholism, drug abuse, or chemical dependency of any type.

# SPECIFIED INJURIES OR SICKNESSES LIMITATION (Continued)

"Treatment Center" means a health care facility (or its medical or psychiatric unit) which:
1. is licensed, certified or approved by the state where it is located;
2. has a program for inpatient treatment of substance abuse; and

- 3. provides such treatment based upon a written plan approved and supervised by a Physician.

## **VOLUNTARY VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION BENEFIT PROVISION**

BENEFIT. If an Insured Employee is Disabled and is receiving Policy benefits; then he or she may be eligible for a Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit. This Benefit consists of services which may include:

- 1. vocational evaluation, counseling, training or job placement;
- 2. job modification or special equipment; and
- 3. other services which the Company deems reasonably necessary to help the Insured Employee return to work.

The Company will determine the Insured Employee's eligibility and the amount of any Benefit payable.

ELIGIBILITY. An Insured Employee may be eligible for this Benefit, if the Company finds that he or she:

- 1. has a Disability that prevents the performance of his or her regular occupation; and, after the Own Occupation Period, also lacks the skills, training or experience needed to perform any other gainful occupation;
- 2. has the physical and mental abilities needed to complete a Program; and
- 3. is reasonably expected to return to work after completing the Program; in view of his or her degree of motivation and the labor force demand for workers in the proposed occupation.

The Company must also find that the cost of the proposed services is less than its expected claim liability.

AMOUNT. The amount of any Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit will not exceed the Company's expected claims liability. This benefit will not be payable for services covered under the Insured Employee's health care plan or any other vocational rehabilitation program. Payment may be made to the provider of the services, at the Company's option.

CONDITIONS. Either the Company, the Insured Employee, or his or her Physician may first propose vocational rehabilitation. When a Program is approved by the Company, the Policy's definition of "Disability" will be waived during the rehabilitation period; but it will be reapplied after the Program ends. The Company will determine the amount and duration of any Long Term Disability benefits payable after the Program ends.

LIMITATION. The Policy will not cover any period of Disability for an Insured Employee who has received a Vocational Rehabilitation Benefit and has failed to complete the Program, without Good Cause.

## **DEFINITIONS**

"Good Cause", as used in this provision, means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. documented physical or mental impairments, which render the Insured Employee unable to take part in or complete a Program;
- 2. involvement in a medical program, which prevents or interferes with the Insured Employee's taking part in or completing a Program; or
- 3. participating in good faith in some other vocational rehabilitation program, which:
  - (a) conflicts with taking part in or completing a Program developed by the Company; and
  - (b) is reasonably expected to return the Insured Employee to work.

"**Program**" means a written vocational rehabilitation program:

- 1. which the Company develops with input from the Insured Employee; his or her Physician; and any current or prospective employer, when appropriate; and
- 2. which describes the Program's goals; each party's responsibilities; and the times, dates and costs of the rehabilitation services.

## REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION BENEFIT

If an Insured Employee of the Employer is Disabled, and is receiving Policy benefits; then the Employer may be eligible for a Reasonable Accommodation Benefit. This Benefit reimburses the Employer for 50% of the expense incurred for reasonable accommodation services for the Insured Employee; but will not exceed:

- a maximum benefit of \$5,000 for any one Insured Employee; or
- 2. the Company's expected liability for the Insured Employee's Long Term Disability claim (whichever is less).

Such services may include:

- providing the Insured Employee a more accessible parking space or entrance: 1.
- 2 removing barriers or hazards to the Insured Employee from the worksite;
- 3. special seating, furniture or equipment for the Insured Employee's work station:
- providing special training materials or translation services during the Insured Employee's 4. training: and
- 5. other services the Company deems reasonably necessary to help the Insured Employee return to work with the Employer.

ELIGIBILITY FOR BENEFIT. The Company will determine the Employer's eligibility to receive the Benefit. To qualify for the Benefit, the Employer must have an Insured Employee:

- whose Disability prevents the performance of his or her regular occupation at the Employer's worksite:
- (b) who has the physical and mental abilities needed to perform his or her own or another occupation at the Employer's worksite; but only with the help of the proposed accommodation; and
- who is reasonably expected to return to work with the help of the proposed accommodation.

The Company must also find that the requested Reasonable Accommodation Benefit is less than the expected liability for the Insured Employee's Long Term Disability claim.

WRITTEN PROPOSAL. The reasonable accommodation services must be provided in accord with a written proposal, which is developed with input from:

- 1. the Employer;
- 2. the Insured Employee: and
- his or her Physician, when appropriate.

The proposal must state the purpose of the proposed accommodation; and the times, dates and costs of the services.

CONDITIONS. Either the Company, the Employer, the Insured Employee, or his or her Physician may first propose an accommodation.

The proposal must be approved by the Company in writing.

The Company will then reimburse the Employer, upon receipt of proof that the Employer:

- has provided the services for the Insured Employee: and 1.
- 2 has paid the provider for the services.

## PRIOR INSURANCE CREDIT UPON TRANSFER OF INSURANCE CARRIERS

To prevent loss of coverage for an Employee because of a transfer of insurance carriers, the Policy will provide Prior Insurance Credit for employees insured under the prior carrier's policy on its termination date as follows.

FAILURE TO BE ACTIVELY-AT-WORK DUE TO INJURY OR SICKNESS. Subject to premium payments, the Policy will provide coverage to an Employee:

- who was insured by the prior carrier's policy at the time of transfer; and 1
- 2 who was not Actively-At-Work due to Injury or Sickness on the Policy's Effective Date.

The coverage will be that provided by the prior carrier's policy, had it remained in force. The Company will pay:

- 1. the benefit that the prior carrier would have paid; minus
- 2. any amount for which the prior carrier is liable.

DISABILITY DUE TO A PRE-EXISTING CONDITION. Benefits may be payable for a Total Disability due to a Pre-Existing Condition for an Employee who:

- was insured by the prior carrier's policy at the time of transfer; and
- 2. was Actively-At-Work and insured under the Policy on the Policy's Effective Date.

The benefits will be determined as follows:

- The Company will apply the Policy's Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion. If the Insured Employee qualifies for benefits, such Insured Employee will be paid according to the Policy's benefit schedule.
- If the Insured Employee cannot satisfy the Policy's Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion, but can 2. satisfy the prior carrier's pre-existing condition exclusion giving consideration towards continuous time insured under both policies; then he or she will be paid in accord with the benefit schedule and all other terms, conditions and limitations of:
  - the Policy without applying the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion; or
  - the prior carrier's policy;
  - whichever is less.
- If the Insured Employee cannot satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion of the Policy or 3. that of the prior carrier, no benefit will be paid.

# **FAMILY INCOME BENEFIT**

The Company will pay a lump sum benefit to the Eligible Survivor when proof is received that an Insured Employee died:

- 1. after Disability had continued for 180 or more consecutive days; and
- 2. while receiving a Monthly Benefit.

The benefit will be equal to three times the Insured Employee's Last Monthly Benefit.

"Last Monthly Benefit" means the gross Monthly Benefit payable to the Insured Employee immediately prior to death. Any reductions for Other Income Benefits, or for earnings the Insured Employee received for Partial Disability Employment, will not apply.

"Eligible Survivor" means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. surviving spouse; or, if none
- 2. surviving children who are under age 25 on the Insured Employee's date of death.

If payment becomes due to the Insured Employee's children; then payment will be made to:

- 1. the surviving children, in equal shares; or
- 2. a person named by the Company to receive payments on the children's behalf.

This payment will be valid and effective against all claims by others representing, or claiming to represent, the children.

# RECOVERY BENEFIT FOR COMMISSIONED EMPLOYEES

**BENEFIT.** The Company will pay a Recovery Benefit to an Insured Employee who returns to Full-Time employment in his or her Own Occupation with the Employer and:

- 1. earned commissions as part of Predisability Income;
- 2. has received Total or Partial Disability Benefits for at least 1 month;
- 3. upon return continues to earn commissions; and
- 4. earns less than 100% of Predisability Income.

**AMOUNT.** The amount of the Recovery Benefit equals the Insured Employee's Predisability Income minus all Other Income Benefits, limited to the Maximum Monthly Benefit.

**TERMINATION OF RECOVERY BENEFIT.** An Insured Employee's Recovery Benefit will terminate on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee's earnings upon return to Full-Time employment equal or exceed 100% of Predisability Income; or
- 2. six months after the Insured Employee returns to Full-Time employment in his or her Own Occupation with the Employer.

## FAMILY CARE EXPENSE BENEFIT

**BENEFIT.** The Company will reimburse an Insured Employee's Family Care Expenses as described below, while he or she is:

- 1. receiving a Partial Disability Monthly Benefit under the Policy; or
- 2. receiving a Total Disability Benefit under the Policy, and:
  - a. is Terminally Ill;
  - b. has suffered a Cognitive Impairment; or
  - c. has suffered a Loss of Activities of Daily Living.

The Family Care Expense Benefit is paid in addition to all other Policy benefits and will not be offset by Other Income Benefits.

**PROOF.** The Insured Employee must submit to the Company satisfactory proof that a Family Care Expense has been incurred for a Dependent and paid by the Insured Employee. Proof must be submitted on a monthly basis. Satisfactory proof is a signed receipt from the Dependent care provider showing:

- 1. Dependent name;
- 2. Dependent age;
- 3. if Dependent age exceeds the maximum shown in definition of "Dependent" below, reason for care;
- 4. dates of care;
- 5. total charges for care;
- 6. total payments for care; and
- 7. provider name, address, telephone number, and Federal Employer Identification Number/Taxpayer Identification Number.

**AMOUNT.** The Family Care Expense Benefit will equal actual Family Care Expenses paid by the Insured Employee that are not reimbursable from other sources, up to \$250 per month for each eligible Dependent.

**DURATION.** The Family Care Expense Benefit will cease on the earliest of:

- 1. the date the Insured Employee's Total or Partial Disability Benefits under the Policy cease;
- 2. the date an Insured Employee's Dependents no longer meet the definition of Dependent in this provision; or
- 3. the date the Company has made 12 monthly Family Care Expense Benefit payments.

## **DEFINITIONS.**

"Child" includes the Insured Employee's naturally born child, legally adopted child, stepchild, foster child, or child for whom the Insured Employee is the legal guardian.

"Cognitive Impairment" means that the Insured Employee or Dependent:

- 1. has suffered a permanent deterioration or loss of cognitive or intellectual capacity; and
- 2. requires another person's active, hands-on help or verbal cues to prevent harm to self or others, due to that impairment.

The impairment must be diagnosed by a Physician, based upon clinical evidence and reliable standardized tests of short or long-term memory; orientation as to person, place and time; and deductive or abstract reasoning. It may result from moderate to severe head trauma, stroke, Alzheimer's disease or other form of irreversible dementia

# FAMILY CARE EXPENSE BENEFIT (Continued)

# "Dependent" means the Insured Employee's:

- 1. legal spouse, who is:
  - a. living with the Insured Employee; and
  - b. Incapable of Independent Living due to a mental or physical condition;
- 2. Child less than age 16;
- 3. unmarried Child age 16 years or older, who is:
  - a. living with the Insured Employee; and
  - b. Incapable of Independent Living due to a mental or physical condition; or
- 4. parent or parent-in-law, who is:
  - a. living with the Insured Employee; and
  - b. Incapable of Independent Living due to a mental or physical condition.

**"Family Care Expense"** means an expense for the care of a Dependent, charged by a licensed care provider who:

- 1. is not a member of the Insured Employee's immediate family; and
- 2. is not living in the Insured Employee's home.

# "Incapable of Independent Living" means the Dependent:

- 1. is Terminally Ill;
- 2. suffers a Cognitive Impairment; or
- 3. suffers a Loss of Activities of Daily Living.

"Loss of Activities of Daily Living" means that the Insured Employee or Dependent has lost the ability to safely and completely perform **two or more** of the following six Activities of Daily Living without another person's active, hands-on help with all or most of the activity.

The six Activities of Daily Living are:

- 1. **Bathing** washing self in a tub, in a shower or by sponge bath; with or without equipment.
- 2. **Dressing** putting on, taking off, fastening or unfastening garments, any medically necessary braces, or any artificial limbs normally worn.
- 3. **Toileting** getting to, from, on and off toilet and performing related personal hygiene.
- 4. **Transferring** moving in and out of bed, chair or any wheelchair; with or without equipment such as canes, walkers, crutches, grab bars, other support devices, or mechanical or motorized devices
- 5. **Continence** voluntarily maintaining control of bladder and bowel function; or performing related personal hygiene, including care of any catheter or colostomy bag, if not continent.
- 6. **Eating** once food is prepared and made available, getting nourishment into one's body by any means. This includes eating from a table, tray or container (such as a bowl or cup); or using special equipment (such as a feeding tube or intravenous tube).

"Terminally III" means the Insured Employee or Dependent has a medical condition which is expected to result in death within 12 months, despite appropriate medical treatment.

# NOTICE OF PROTECTION PROVIDED BY MISSOURI LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE GUARANTY ASSOCIATION

This notice provides a *brief summary* of the Missouri Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association ("the Association") and the protection it provides for policyholders. This safety net was created under Missouri law, which determines who and what is covered and the amounts of coverage.

The Association was established to provide protection in the unlikely event that your life, annuity, or health insurance company becomes financially unable to meet its obligations and is taken over by its insurance department. If this should happen, the Association will typically arrange to continue coverage and pay claims, in accordance with Missouri law, with funding from assessments paid by other insurance companies. (For the purposes of this notice, the terms "insurance company" and "insurer" include health maintenance organizations (HMOs).)

The basic protections provided by the Association are as follows:

- Life Insurance
  - \$300,000 in death benefits, but not more than \$100,000 in net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values.
- Health Insurance
  - \$500,000 for health benefit plans
  - \$300,000 in disability insurance benefits
  - \$300,000 in long-term care insurance benefits
  - \$100,000 in other types of health insurance benefits
- Annuities
  - \$250,000 in the present value of annuity benefits, including net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values

The maximum amount of protection for each individual, regardless of the number of policies or contracts, is as follows:

- \$300,000 in aggregate for all types of coverage listed above, with the exception of health benefit plans
- \$500,000 in aggregate for health benefit plans
- \$5,000,000 to one policy owner of multiple non-group policies of life insurance, whether the policy owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person, and whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or other persons

"Health benefit plan" is defined in section 376.718, RSMo.

Note: Certain policies and contracts may not be covered or fully covered. For example, coverage does not extend to any portion(s) of a policy or contract that the insurer does not guarantee, such as certain investment additions to the account value of a variable life insurance policy or a variable annuity contract. There are also various residency requirements and other limitations under Missouri law.

Benefits provided by a long-term care (LTC) rider to a life insurance policy or annuity contract shall be considered the same type of benefits as the basic life insurance policy or annuity contract to which it relates.

To learn more about the above protections, as well as protections relating to group contracts or retirement plans, please visit the Association's website at *www.mo-iga.org*, or contact:

Missouri Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association 630 Bolivar Street, Suite 204 Jefferson City, Missouri 65101

Ph.: 573-634-8455 Fax: 573-634-8488 Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance 301 West High Street, Room 530 Jefferson City, Missouri 65101 Ph.: 573-522-6115

Insurance companies and agents are not allowed by Missouri law to use the existence of the Association or its coverage to encourage you to purchase any form of insurance or HMO coverage. When selecting an insurance company, you should not rely on Association coverage. If there is any inconsistency between this notice and Missouri law, then Missouri law will control.

## SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

The following information together with your group insurance certificate issued to you by The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company of Fort Wayne, Indiana, is the Summary Plan Description required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to be distributed to participants in the Plan. This Summary Plan Description is only intended to provide an outline of the Plan's benefits. The Plan Document will govern if there is any discrepancy between the information contained in this Description and the Plan.

The name of the Plan is: Group Long Term Disability Insurance for Employees of News-Press & Gazette Company.

The name, address and ZIP code of the Sponsor of the Plan is: News-Press & Gazette Company, 825 Edmond Street, St. Joseph, MO, 64501.

Employer Identification Number (EIN): 44-0371250 IRS Plan Number: 501

The name, business address, ZIP code and business telephone number of the Plan Administrator is: News-Press & Gazette Company, 825 Edmond Street, St. Joseph, MO, 64501, (816) 271-8571.

The Plan Administrator is responsible for the administration of the Plan and is the designated agent for the service of legal process for the Plan. Functions performed by the Plan Administrator include: the receipt and deposit of contributions, maintenance of records of Plan participants, authorization and payment of Plan administrative expenses, selection of the insurance consultant, selection of the insurance carrier and assisting The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company has the sole discretionary authority to determine eligibility and to administer claims in accord with its interpretation of policy provisions, on the Plan Administrator's behalf (this does not apply to employers sitused in California or to California residents).

Type of Administration. The Plan is administered directly by the Plan Administrator with benefits provided in accordance with provisions of the group insurance policy issued by The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company whose Group Insurance Service Office address is 8801 Indian Hills Drive, Omaha, Nebraska.

Type of Plan. The benefits provided under the Plan are: Group Long Term Disability Insurance benefits.

Type of Funding Arrangement: The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company.

All employees are given a Certificate of Group Insurance which contains a detailed description of the Benefits, Pre-Existing Condition Limitation, Exclusions and Prior Carrier Credit provisions. The Certificate also contains the Schedule of Benefits which includes information on the Benefit Percentage, Maximum and Minimum Monthly Benefits, Elimination Period, Maximum Benefit Period, Own Occupation Period and Waiting Period. If your Booklet, Certificate or Schedule of Benefits has been misplaced, you may obtain a copy from the Plan Administrator at no charge.

Eligibility. Full-time employees working at least 30 hours per week.

Employees become eligible on the first of the month following completion of 30 days of active full-time employment.

Contributions. Insured employees are required to contribute to the cost of the Long-Term Disability coverage.

The Plan's year ends on: December 31st of each year.

The name and section of relevant Collective Bargaining Agreements: None

The name, title and address of each Plan Trustee: None

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Loss of Benefits. The Plan Administrator may terminate the policy, or subject to The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company's approval, may modify, amend or change the provisions, terms and conditions of the policy. Coverage will also terminate if the premiums are not paid when due. No consent of any Insured Person or any other person referred to in the policy will be required to terminate, modify, amend or change the policy. See your Plan Administrator to determine what, if any, arrangements may be made to continue your coverage beyond the date you cease active work.

Claims Procedures. You may obtain claim forms and instructions for filing claims from the Plan Administrator or from the Group Insurance Service Office of The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. To expedite the processing of your claim, instructions on the claim form should be followed carefully; be sure all questions are answered fully. In accordance with ERISA, The Lincoln

National Life Insurance Company will send you a written notice of its claim decision within:

• 45 days after receiving the first proof of a claim (105 days under special circumstances).

If a claim is partially or wholly denied, this written notice will explain the reason(s) for denial, how a review of the decision may be requested, and whether more information is needed to support the claim. You may request a review of the claim by making a written request to The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company within:

180 days after receiving a denial notice of a claim.

This written request for review should state the reasons why you feel the claim should not have been denied and should include any additional documentation to support your claim. You may also submit for consideration additional questions or comments you feel are appropriate, and you may review certain non-privileged information relating to the request for review. The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company will make a full and fair review of the claim and provide a final written decision to you within:

45 days after receiving the request for review (90 days under special circumstances).

If more information is needed to resolve a claim, the information must be supplied within 45 days after requested. Any resulting delay

will not count toward the above time limits for claims or appeals processing. Please refer to your certificate of insurance for more information about how to file a claim, how to appeal a denied claim, and for details regarding the claims procedures.

Statement of ERISA Rights
The following statement of ERISA rights is required by federal law and regulation. As a participant in this plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). ERISA provides that all Plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits. Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, such as work sites and union halls, all documents governing the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series), if any, filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Pension and Welfare Benefit Administration.

Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the plan, including insurance contracts and collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series), if any, and updated summary plan description. The administrator may make a reasonable charge for copies.

Receive a summary of the plan's annual financial report if the plan covers 100 or more participants. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries. In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the employee benefit plan. The people who operate your plan, called "fiduciaries" of the plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

**Enforce Your Rights.** If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request a copy of plan documents or the latest annual report from the plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. If it should happen that plan fiduciaries misuse the plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance with Your Questions. If you have any questions about your plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the plan administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration.

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## What Does Lincoln Financial Do with Your Personal Information?

The Lincoln Financial companies\* are committed to protecting your privacy. To provide the products and services you expect from a financial services leader, we must collect personal information about you. This Notice describes our current privacy practices. While your relationship with us continues, we will update and send our Privacy Practices Notice as required by law. Even after that relationship ends, we will continue to protect your personal information. You do not need to take any action because of this Notice, but you do have certain rights as described below.

We are committed to the responsible use of information and protecting individual privacy rights. As such, we look to leading data protection standards to guide our privacy program. These standards include collecting data through fair and lawful means, such as obtaining your consent when appropriate.

Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal and state law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this carefully to understand what we do.

# **Information We May Collect and Use**

We collect personal information about you:

- · to help us identify you as a consumer, our customer or our former customer;
- · to process your requests and transactions;
- to offer investment, insurance, retirement and other financial services to you;
- · to pay your claim;
- · to analyze in order to enhance our products and services;
- · to tell you about our products or services we believe you may want and use; and
- · as otherwise permitted by law.

The types of personal information we collect depend on your relationship and on the products or services you request and may include the following:

- Information from you: When you submit your application or other forms, you give us information such as your name; address; Social Security number; your financial health; and employment history. We may also collect voice recordings or biometric data for use in accordance with applicable law.
- Information about your transactions: We maintain information about your transactions with us, such as the products you buy from us; the amount you paid for those products; your account balances; payment details; and your payment and claims history.
- Information from outside our family of companies: If you are applying for or purchasing insurance
  products, we may collect information from consumer reporting agencies, such as your credit history; credit
  scores; and driving and employment records. With your authorization, we may also collect information (such
  as medical information, retirement information, and information related to Social Security benefits), from other
  individuals or businesses.
- **Information from your employer:** If your employer applies for or purchases group products from us, we may obtain information about you from your employer or group representative to enroll you in the plan.

When you are no longer our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.

### How We Share and Use Your Personal Information

We may share your personal information within our companies and with certain service providers. They may use this information:

- to process transactions you, your employer, or your group representative have requested;
- · to provide customer service;
- to analyze in order to evaluate or enhance our products and services;
- · to gain customer insight; to provide education and training to our workforce and customers; and/or
- · to inform you of products or services we offer that you may find useful.

Our service providers may or may not be affiliated with us. Affiliates are companies related by common ownership or control. Nonaffiliates are companies not related by common ownership or control. They include:

- Financial service providers: third party administrators; broker-dealers; insurance agents and brokers; registered representatives; reinsurers and other financial services companies with which we have joint marketing agreements. A joint marketing agreement is a formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you. Our joint marketing partners include, but are not limited to, insurance providers and financial technology solutions.
- Non-financial companies and individuals: consultants; vendors; and companies that perform marketing services on our behalf.

Information we obtain from a report prepared by a service provider may be kept by the service provider and shared with other persons; however, we require our service providers to protect your personal information and to use or disclose it only for the work they are performing for us, or as permitted by law. We may execute agreements with our service providers that permit the service provider to process your personal information outside of the United States, when not prohibited by our contracts and permitted by applicable law.

When you apply for one of our products:

- · We may share information about your application with credit bureaus.
- We may provide information to group policy owners or their designees (for example, to your employer for employer-sponsored plans and their authorized service providers).
- We may provide information to regulatory authorities, law enforcement officials, and to other nonaffiliated or affiliated parties as permitted by law.
- In the event of a sale of all or part of our businesses, we may share customer information with the acquiror as part of the sale.
- We do not sell or release your information to outside marketers who may want to offer you their own products and services unless we receive your express consent; nor do we release information we receive about you from a consumer reporting agency.

All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Lincoln chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does Lincoln share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes—such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes—to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
For joint marketing with other financial companies	Yes	No
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness	No	We Don't Share
For our affiliates to market to you	Yes	Yes (We only share if we receive your express consent)
For nonaffiliates to market to you	Yes	Yes (We only share if we receive your express consent)

Page 2 of 3 Last updated: 10/24 Federal law gives you the right to limit only:

- sharing for our affiliates' everyday business purposes information about your creditworthiness;
- · sharing for our affiliates to market to you; and
- · sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you.

State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing. California residents can review our California Privacy Notice located at <a href="https://www.lincolnfinancial.com/public/general/privacy/californiaprivacynotice">https://www.lincolnfinancial.com/public/general/privacy/californiaprivacynotice</a>.

# **Security of Information**

We have an important responsibility to keep your information safe. We use safeguards to protect your information from unauthorized disclosure. To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. Our employees are authorized to access your information only when they need it to perform their job responsibilities. Employees who have access to your personal information are required to keep it confidential. Employees are required to complete privacy training annually.

# **Your Rights Regarding Your Personal Information**

This Privacy Notice describes how you can exercise your rights regarding your personal information. Lincoln complies with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the provision of personal information. The rights provided to you in this Privacy Notice will be administered in accordance with your state's specific laws and regulations.

Access to personal information: You must submit a written request to receive a copy of your personal information. You may see your personal information in person, or you may ask us to send you a copy of your personal information by mail or electronically, whichever you prefer. We will need to verify your identity before we process the request. Within 30 business days of receiving your request, we will, depending on the specific request you make, (1) inform you of the nature and substance of the recorded personal information we have about you; (2) permit you to obtain a copy of your personal information; and (3) provide the identity (if recorded) of persons to whom we disclosed your personal information within two years prior to the request (if this information is not recorded, we will provide you with the names of those insurance institutions, agents, insurance support organizations or other persons to whom such information is normally disclosed). We will send you notification within 30 business days if we need additional time to respond to your request. If you request a copy of your information by mail, we may charge you a fee for copying and mailing costs.

**Changes to personal information:** If you believe that your personal information is inaccurate or incomplete, you may ask us to correct, amend, or delete the information. Your request must be in writing and must include the reason you are requesting the change. We will respond within 30 business days from the date we receive your request.

If we make changes to your records as a result of your request, we will notify you in writing and we will send the updated information, at your request, to any person who may have received your personal information within the past two years. We will also send the updated information to any insurance support organization that gave us the information and any insurance support organization that systematically received personal information from us within the prior 7 years unless that support organization no longer maintains your personal information.

If we deny your request to correct, amend, or delete your information, we will provide you with the reasons for the denial. You may write to us and concisely describe what you believe our records should say and why you disagree with our denial of your request to correct, amend, or delete that information. We will file this communication from you with the disputed information, identify the disputed information if it is disclosed, and provide notice of the disagreement to the recipients and in the manner described in the paragraph above.

**Basis for adverse underwriting decision:** You may ask in writing for the specific reasons for an adverse underwriting decision. An adverse underwriting decision is where we decline your application for insurance, offer to insure you at a higher than standard rate, or terminate your coverage.

Your state may provide for additional privacy protections under applicable laws. We will protect your information in accordance with these additional protections.

If you would like to exercise your rights regarding your personal information, please provide your full name, address and telephone number and either email your inquiry to our Data Subject Access Request Team at <a href="mailto:DSAR@lfg.com">DSAR@lfg.com</a> or mail to: Lincoln Financial, Attn: Corporate Privacy Office, 1301 South Harrison St., Fort Wayne, IN 46802. The DSAR@lfg.com email address should only be used for inquiries related to this Privacy Notice.

For general account service requests or inquiries unrelated to this Privacy Notice, please call 1-877-ASK-LINC.

\*This information applies to the following Lincoln Financial companies:

First Penn-Pacific Life Insurance Company Lincoln Financial Distributors, Inc.

Lincoln Financial Group Trust Company, Inc.

Lincoln Financial Investments Corporation (formerly

Lincoln Investment Advisors Corporation)
Lincoln Life & Annuity Company of New York
GB06714

Lincoln Life Assurance Company of Boston Lincoln Retirement Services Company, LLC Lincoln Variable Insurance Products Trust The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company Lincoln Financial Insurance Agency Incorporated

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