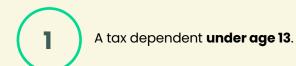


Dependent Care Flexible Spending Accounts

Work without worry

A Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account (DC-FSA) lets you set aside pre-tax payroll dollars to pay for dependent care expenses, including after-school care or adult daycare for qualifying dependents. These expenses must be for the purpose of letting you (or your spouse, if married) work.

Who qualifies as a dependent?



Any other tax dependents living with you, such as a spouse or elderly parent, physically or mentally incapable of self-care.

How a DC-FSA works:

- Make pre-tax contributions to your DC-FSA through payroll deduction. Your employer can also contribute.
- Pay for eligible expenses. Pay your provider directly with your Benefits Card or pay out of pocket and submit a claim for reimbursement.
- To submit a claim, scan and upload your receipt(s) online or on the HSA Bank app.
- Once your claim is approved based on eligibility and availability of funds, you'll be reimbursed.
- Check balances and account information online or on the app 24/7.

How much can you contribute?

The IRS limits the amount you can put into a DC-FSA. Visit **hsabank.com/irs-guidelines** for the current limits.

How can you benefit from tax savings?

- Contributions, including any from your employer, are excluded from your taxable gross income.
- Distributions are tax-free for eligible dependent care expenses.

What's covered?

Visit **hsabank.com/qme** for a summary of common eligible dependent care expenses. Refer to Publication 503 at **irs.gov** for more details on qualified expenses.

Did you know?

- Under IRS guidelines, you can only be reimbursed for dependent care that has already taken place.
- Unlike a Healthcare FSA, your full dependent care election is not available at the start of the plan year. You can't get reimbursed for more than you have currently in your account.



