

GROUP LIFE, ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT, SHORT TERM DISABILITY AND LONG TERM DISABILITY CERTIFICATE OF COVERAGE

FOR IMMUNOTEK BIO CENTERS, LLC

POLICY NUMBER: 309759

CERTIFICATE EFFECTIVE DATE: January 1, 2025

TX-UHIC/2008

STATE MANDATED DISABILITY REQUIREMENTS

The following states legislatively mandate that certain employers provide state disability benefits for employees working in the state:

California Hawaii New Jersey New York Rhode Island Puerto Rico

The disability coverage available under this plan is not intended to replace any state mandated disability coverage. The disability benefits provided in this Certificate of Coverage will be reduced by any benefits received under a state mandated disability plan.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company 185 Asylum Street, Hartford, Connecticut (Home Office)

Policyholder: Immunotek Bio Centers, LLC

Effective Date: January 1, 2022

Policy Number: 309759

Beneficiary: As on file with the Administrator

We, UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company, issue this Certificate to the Covered Person as evidence of insurance under the Policy We issued to the Policyholder shown above. This Certificate describes the benefits and other important provisions of the Policy. Please read it carefully.

The Policy may be amended, changed, cancelled or discontinued without the consent of the Covered Person or the Covered Person's beneficiary.

The benefits described in this Certificate insure the Covered Person and, if applicable, any Dependents eligible for insurance. This Certificate becomes effective at 12:01 A.M. Eastern Standard time on the Effective Date shown above.

Read the Group Certificate Carefully

This is a legal contract between the Policyholder and Us. If the Policyholder has any questions or problems with the Policy, We will be ready to help the Policyholder. The Policyholder may call upon his agent or Our Home Office for assistance at any time.

If the Policyholder or the Covered Person have questions, need information about their insurance, or need assistance in resolving complaints, call 1-866-615-8727.

It is signed at the Home Office of UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company as of the Effective Date shown above.

Secretary

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Group Term Life, Accidental Death and Dismemberment, Working Returns Short Term Disability, Working Returns Long Term Disability Insurance Policy Non-Participating

President

Administrative Office: 9900 Bren Road East Minnetonka, MN 55343

Death benefits will be reduced if an acceleration-of-life insurance benefit is paid.

DISCLOSURE: Receipt of Acceleration Death Benefits may affect You, Your spouse or Your family's eligibility for public assistance programs such as medical assistance (Medicaid), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), supplementary social security income (SSI), and drug assistance programs. You are advised to consult with a qualified tax advisor and with social service agencies concerning how receipt of such payment will affect You, Your spouse and Your family's eligibility for public assistance.

DISCLOSURE: The Accelerated Death Benefits offered under this Policy may or may not qualify for favorable tax treatment under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Whether such benefits qualify depends on factors such as Your life expectancy at the time benefits are accelerated or whether you use the benefits to pay necessary long-term care expense, such as nursing home care. If the Accelerated Death Benefits qualify for favorable tax treatment, the benefits will be excludable from Your income and to subject to federal taxation. Tax laws relating to Accelerated Death Benefits are complex. You are advised to consult with a qualified tax advisor about circumstances under which You could receive Accelerated Death Benefits excludable from income under federal law.

Have a complaint or need help?

If you have a problem with a claim or your premium, call your insurance company first. If you can't work out the issue, the Texas Department of Insurance may be able to help.

Even if you file a complaint with the Texas Department of Insurance, you should also file a complaint or appeal through your insurance company. If you don't, you may lose your right to appeal.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

To get information or file a complaint with your insurance company:

Call: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Toll-free: 1-866-615-8727

Mail: United HealthCare Insurance Company Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka. MN 55343

The Texas Department of Insurance

To get help with an insurance question or file a complaint with the state:

Call with a question: 1-800-252-3439 File a complaint: www.tdi.texas.gov

Email: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Mail: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714-9091

¿Tiene una queja o necesita ayuda?

Si tiene un problema con una reclamación o con su prima de seguro, llame primero a su compañía de seguros. Si no puede resolver el problema, es posible que el Departamento de Seguros de Texas (Texas Department of Insurance, por su nombre en inglés) pueda ayudar.

Aun si usted presenta una queja ante el Departamento de Seguros de Texas, también debe presentar una queja a través del proceso de quejas o de apelaciones de sucompañía de seguros. Si no lo hace, podría perder su derecho para apelar.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Para obtener información o para presentar una queja ante su compañía de seguros:

Llame a: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Teléfono gratuito: 1-866-615-8727

Dirección postal: United HealthCare Insurance Company Administrative Offices, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka. MN 55343

El Departamento de Seguros de Texas

Para obtener ayuda con una pregunta relacionada con los seguros o para presentar una queja ante el estado:

Llame con sus preguntas al: 1-800-252-3439 Presente una queja en: www.tdi.texas.gov

Correo electrónico: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Dirección postal: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714-9091

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SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

THE INSURANCE POLICY UNDER WHICH THE CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED IS NOT A POLICY OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR EMPLOYER TO DETERMINE WHETHER YOUR EMPLOYER IS A SUBSCRIBER TO THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION SYSTEM.

Class of Employees

This schedule covers the following class(es) of Employees of companies and affiliates controlled by the Policyholder:

All active full-time Employees residing in the United States, excluding temporary and seasonal employees

Description of Class:

Employees are considered full-time if they customarily work: 30 hours per week

Employee Waiting Period:

An Employee is eligible for insurance on the later of the first day of the month following the date the Employee completes 30 days of continuous employment with the Policyholder.

If the Covered Person's employment ends and the same employer rehires him within thirty day, We will apply his previous employment in an eligible class toward completing the Waiting Period.

Cost of Insurance: The Covered Person is not required to contribute to the cost of his Basic Life and Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance.

The Covered Person is required to contribute to the entire cost of his Supplemental Life, Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment, Supplemental Dependent Life and Supplemental Dependent Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance.

The Covered Person is required to contribute to the cost of his Short Term Disability and Long Term Disability insurance.

Covered Person Insurance:

Basic Life Insurance Benefit:

One times basic Annual Earnings to a maximum of \$100,000.

Basic Life Insurance Benefit will reduce to 65% at age 65, 50% at age 70, 35% at age 75 and terminate at retirement.

Annual Earnings Definition: The Annual Earnings received from the Covered Person's Employer for the year ending immediately prior to the Policy Anniversary period. Annual Earnings do not include commissions, bonuses, overtime pay and other extra compensation.

Any change to Annual Earnings that will increase the Covered Person's insurance is subject to the requirements stated in the Effective Date of Change in Amount of Insurance provision.

Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit:

The benefit amount applicable to the Covered Person is that which is elected at the time of enrollment.

\$10,000 to \$200,000, in increments of \$10,000, not to exceed 5 times basic Annual Earnings.

Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit will reduce to 65% at age 65, 50% at age 70, 35% at age 75 and terminate at retirement.

Annual Earnings Definition: The Annual Earnings received from the Covered Person's Employer for the year ending immediately prior to the Policy Anniversary period. Annual Earnings do not include commissions, bonuses, overtime pay and other extra compensation.

Any change to Annual Earnings that will increase the Covered Person's insurance is subject to the requirements stated in the Effective Date of Change in Amount of Insurance provision.

Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit:

One times basic Annual Earnings to a maximum of \$100,000.

Basic Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit will reduce to 65% at age 65, 50% at age 70, 35% at age 75 and terminate at retirement

Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit:

\$10,000 to \$200,000, in increments of \$10,000, not to exceed 5 times basic Annual Earnings.

Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit will reduce to 65% at age 65, 50% at age 70, 35% at age 75 and terminate at retirement.

Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits are issued on a:

\boxtimes	24 hour basis		non-occupational	basis
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Accelerated Death Benefit: Up to 75% of the combined Basic Life Insurance and Supplemental Life Insurance amount in force to a maximum of \$168,750. Employee must have at least \$10,000 in Basic Life Insurance in-force to qualify for this benefit.

Dependent Life Insurance:

The Dependent's Insurance included in this Certificate applies only to Employees who have elected, paid premiums and are insured for Dependent Insurance.

Dependent: Includes

- a legal Spouse; and
- 2. any married or unmarried Child.

The Child must be under 26 years of age and:

- 1. A natural child.
- 2. A stepchild.
- A legally adopted child.
- 4. A child placed for adoption.
- A child for whom legal guardianship has been awarded to the Covered Person or the Covered Person's Spouse.
- 6. A Grandchild.

A Grandchild is a natural or adopted grandchild who is:

- a. less than 26 years of age; and
- b. the Covered Person's dependent for federal income tax purposes at the time the application or enrollment for coverage of the grandchild is made.

However, the term Child will include a Child over the limiting age if the Child is:

- 1. unmarried; and
- 2. physically or mentally disabled; and
- 3. financially dependent upon the Covered Person.

No one can be a dependent of more than one Covered Person.

Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit:

Spouse \$5,000 to \$150,000 in increments of \$5,000,

but cannot exceed 100% of the Employee's amount of Supplemental Life Insurance

Child (each)

• 14 days of age but less than 26 years of

age

\$10,000, but cannot exceed 100% of the Employee's amount of Supplemental Life

Insurance

The Spouse Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit will reduce to 65% at the Employee's age 65, 50% at the Employee's age 70, 35% at the Employee's age 75 and terminate when the Employee retires.

Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance Benefit:

\$5,000 to \$150,000 in increments of \$5,000,

but cannot exceed 100% of the Employee's amount of Supplemental Accidental Death

and Dismemberment Benefit

Child (each)

14 days of age but less than 26 years of

age

\$10,000, but cannot exceed 100% of the Employee's amount of Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment

Benefit

Supplemental Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefits are issued on a:

The Spouse Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit will reduce to 65% at the Employee's age 65, 50% at the Employee's age 70, 35% at the Employee's age 75 and terminate when the Employee retires.

Evidence of Insurability Requirements

Evidence of insurability will be required:

- 1. for any amount of Employee Supplemental Life Insurance in excess of \$100,000.
- 2. for any amount of Dependent Spouse Supplemental Life Insurance in excess of \$50,000.

Short Term Disability Benefit:

The Short Term Disability Insurance included in this certificate applies only to employees who have elected, been accepted for, and paid premiums for the Short Term Disability Insurance.

Benefit Percent: 60% of the Covered Person's Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings. The Covered Person's benefit may be reduced by Other Income Benefits and Disability Earnings.

Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings Definition:

The average weekly earnings received from the Covered Person's Employer for the three-month period ending just prior to the date of Disability. Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings includes commissions, averaged over the lesser of the most recent 24-month period or the Covered Person's period of employment. It does not include bonuses, overtime pay and other extra compensation.

Maximum Weekly Benefit: \$1,000

Minimum Weekly Benefit: \$15

Elimination Period: For Disability due to Injury: 14 days
For Disability due to Sickness: 14 days

Maximum Benefit Period: 24 Weeks of benefits
Premium contributions must continue while the Covered Person is receiving Short Term Disability payments.

STD Benefits are issued on a:

□ 24 hour basis □ non-occupational basis

Long Term Disability Benefit:

The Long Term Disability Insurance included in this certificate applies only to employees who have elected, been accepted for, and paid premiums for the Long Term Disability Insurance.

Benefit Percent: 60% of the Covered Person's Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings. The Covered Person's benefit may be reduced by Other Income Benefits and Disability Earnings. Some Disabilities may not be insured under the Policy.

Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings Definition:

The average monthly earnings received from the Covered Person's Employer for the 12-month period ending just prior to the date of Disability. Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings includes commissions, averaged over the lesser of the most recent 24-month period or the Covered Person's period of employment. It does not include bonuses, overtime pay and other extra compensation.

Maximum Monthly Benefit: \$5,000

Minimum Monthly Benefit: Greater of \$100 or 10% of Gross Disability Payment.

Elimination Period: 180 days - Benefits begin the day after completion of the Elimination Period.

Accumulation of Elimination Period: 30 days

Maximum Benefit Period:

Reducing Benefit Duration reflecting Social Security Normal Retirement Age

Age at Disability	Maximum Benefit Period
	Greater of SSNRA * or
Less than age 60	To age 65
Age 60	60 Months
Age 61	48 Months
Age 62	42 Months
Age 63	36 Months
Age 64	30 Months
Age 65	24 Months
Age 66	21 Months
Age 67	18 Months
Age 68	15 Months
69 and over	12 Months

^{*}SSNRA means the Social Security Normal Retirement Age as figured by the 1983 amendment or any later amendment to the Social Security Act.

Premium contributions are waived while the Covered Person is receiving Long Term Disability payments.

GENERAL DEFINITIONS

The male pronoun, whenever used in the Policy, includes the female.

Active Work or Actively at Work: The Covered Person reports for work at his usual place of employment or any other business location where he is required to travel and is able to perform the material and substantial duties of his regular occupation for the entire normal workday. The Covered Person must be working at least the minimum number of hours per week in an Eligible Class, as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Unless Disabled on the prior workday or on the day of absence, a Covered Person will be considered Actively at Work on the following days:

- 1. a Saturday, Sunday or holiday which is not a scheduled workday;
- 2. a paid vacation day, or other scheduled or unscheduled non-workday; or
- 3. an excused or emergency leave of absence (except medical leave).

Contributory or Non-Contributory Insurance: Contributory Insurance is insurance for which the Covered Person must apply and agree to make the required premium contributions. Non-Contributory Insurance is insurance for which the Covered Person does not have to make any premium contributions.

Covered Person: The Employee insured under the Policy. References to "Covered Person," "Covered Persons" and "Covered Person's" throughout this Certificate are references to a Covered Person.

Employee: A person who is:

- 1. directly employed in the normal business of the Policyholder; and
- 2. paid for services by the Policyholder; and
- 3. Actively at Work for the Policyholder, or any subsidiary or affiliate insured under the Policy.

No director or officer of an Policyholder will be considered an Employee unless he meets the above conditions.

Employer: The Policyholder and includes any division, subsidiary, or affiliated company named in the Policy. Employer does not include Employers of other related areas of practice for which the Covered Person may also work.

Hospital or Medical Facility: A legally operated, accredited facility licensed to provide full-time care and Treatment for the condition for which benefits are payable under the Policy. It is operated by a full-time staff of licensed physicians and registered nurses. It does not include facilities that primarily provide custodial, education or rehabilitative care, or long-term institutional care on a residential basis.

Injury: A bodily Injury resulting directly from an accident and independently of all other causes.

Physician: A practitioner of the healing arts who is:

- 1. duly licensed in the state in which the Treatment is received; and
- 2. practicing within the scope of that license.

The term Physician does not include the Covered Person, the Covered Person's Spouse, children, parents, parents-in-law, or siblings.

GENERAL DEFINITIONS (continued)

Regular Care: The Covered Person personally visits a Physician as often as is medically required to effectively manage and treat his disabling condition(s), according to generally accepted medical standards. The Covered Person is receiving appropriate Treatment and care, according to generally accepted medical standards, by a Physician whose specialty or experience is appropriate for the disabling condition(s).

Sickness: An illness, disease, pregnancy or complication of pregnancy.

Treatment: consultation, advice, tests, attendance or observation, supplies or equipment, including the prescription or use of prescription drugs or medicines.

We, Our and Us: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company.

CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS

Conformity With State or Federal Statutes: If any provision of the Certificate conflicts with any applicable law, the provision will be deemed to conform to the minimum requirements of the law.

Authority: When making a benefit determination under the Policy, We have the authority to determine the Covered Person's or Dependent's eligibility, if applicable, for benefits and to interpret the terms, conditions, limitations, and exclusions, and all other provisions of the Policy including the Certificate of Coverage and any riders or amendments. We may delegate this authority to other entities or persons who provide services in regard to the administration of the Policy. This provision applies, however, only where the interpretation of the Policy is governed by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA). This provision does not prevent the bringing of a legal action under the time limit for Legal Action provision, nor does it serve to deprive any insurance department of its statutory rights and obligations.

Fraud: We will focus on all means necessary to support fraud detection, investigation, and prosecution. It may be a crime if the Covered Person or the Employer knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive Us, files a claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information. These actions, as well as submission of false information, will result in denial of the Covered Person's claim, and are subject to prosecution and punishment to the full extent under state and/or federal law. We will pursue all appropriate legal remedies in the event of insurance fraud.

Incontestability: We may not contest the validity of the Policy, except for the non-payment of premiums after it has been in force for two years from its date of issue. No statement made by any Covered Person relating to his insurability shall be used in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which such statement was made after such insurance has been in force prior to the contest for a period of two years during such person's lifetime, nor unless it is contained in a written instrument signed by him. This clause will not affect Our right to contest claims made for accidental death or accidental dismemberment benefits.

Information To Be Furnished: The Policyholder may be required to furnish any information needed to administer the Policy. Clerical error by the Policyholder will not:

- 1. affect the amount of insurance which would otherwise be in effect; or
- 2. continue insurance which otherwise would be terminated; or
- 3. result in the payment of benefits not otherwise payable.

Once an error is discovered, an equitable adjustment in premium will be made. If the premium adjustment involves the return of unearned premium, the amount of the return will be limited to the 12-month period, which precedes the date We receive proof such an adjustment should be made. We may inspect any of the Policyholder's records which relate to the Policy.

Misstatement of Age: If a Covered Person's age has been misstated, premiums will be subject to an equitable adjustment. If the amount of the benefit depends upon age, then the benefit will be that which would have been payable, based upon the person's correct age.

Workers' Compensation: The Policy is not to be construed to provide benefits required by Workers' Compensation laws.

COVERED PERSON ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS

Covered Person's Eligibility: Employees who work on a full-time basis for a Policyholder are eligible for insurance after completion of the required Employee Waiting Period, provided they are in a class of Employees who are included. Employees will be considered to work on a full-time basis if they customarily work at least the number of hours per week shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

An Employee will become eligible for insurance on the latest of the following dates:

- 1. the Effective Date of the Policy;
- 2. the end of the Employee Waiting Period shown in the Schedule of Benefits;
- 3. the date the Policy is changed to include the Employee's class; or
- 4. the date the Employee enters a class eligible for insurance.

Effective Date of Covered Person Insurance: If an Employee is not Actively at Work on the date his insurance is scheduled to take effect, it will take effect on the day after the date he returns to Active Work. If the Employee's insurance is scheduled to take effect on a non-working day, his Active Work status will be based on the last working day before the scheduled Effective Date of his insurance.

An Employee must use forms provided by Us when applying for insurance.

The Employee's insurance will be effective at 12:01 A.M. Eastern Standard time as follows:

- 1. if it is Non-contributory, on the date the Employee becomes eligible for insurance, regardless of when he applies, or
- 2. if it is Contributory, and the Employee makes application within 31 days after the date he first became eligible, on the later of:
 - a. the date the Employee is eligible for insurance, regardless of when he applies; or
 - b. the date the Employee's application is approved by Us if evidence of insurability is required.

Evidence of insurability is required if an Employee applying for Contributory Insurance:

- 1. does not apply for insurance within 31 days after the date he first became eligible; or
- 2. he has previously terminated his insurance while in an eligible class.

Effective Date of Change in Amount of Insurance: If there is an increase in the amount of the Covered Person's insurance, the increase will take effect on:

- 1. the policy anniversary date on or next following the date of the increase, if the Covered Person is Actively at Work on the date of increase;
- 2. the date the Covered Person returns to Active Work if the Covered Person is not Actively at Work on the policy anniversary date on or next following the date of the increase;
- 3. the policy anniversary date on or next following the date of the increase, if the policy anniversary date is a non-working day and the Covered Person was Actively at Work on his last scheduled working day before the non-working day;
- the policy anniversary date on or next following the date of the increase if the Covered Person is on an approved layoff or leave of absence, for reasons other than a Sickness or Injury.

If evidence of insurability is required, the increase will take effect on the later of the dates indicated above or the date We approve his application.

COVERED PERSON ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS (continued)

Neither an increase nor a decrease in insurance will affect a Payable Claim that occurs prior to the increase or decrease.

A decrease in the amount of the Covered Person's insurance will take effect on the policy anniversary date on or next following the date of the decrease.

Family and Medical Leave of Absence: If the Covered Person is on a Family or Medical Leave of Absence, his insurance will be governed by his Employer's policy on Family and Medical Leaves of Absence.

We will continue the Covered Person's insurance if the cost of his insurance continues to be paid and his Leave of Absence is approved in advance and in writing by his Employer.

The Covered Person's insurance will continue for up to the greater of:

- 1. the leave period required by the Federal Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993; or
- 2. the leave period required by applicable state law.

While the Covered Person is on a Family or Medical Leave of Absence, We will use earnings from his Employer just prior to the date his Leave of Absence started to determine Our payments to him.

If the Covered Person's insurance does not continue during a Family or Medical Leave of Absence, then when he returns to Active Work:

- 1. he will not have to meet a new Employee Waiting Period including a Waiting Period for insurance of a Pre-Existing Condition, if applicable; and
- 2. he will not have to give Us evidence of insurability to reinstate the insurance he had in effect before his Leave of Absence began.

However, time spent on a Leave of Absence, without insurance, does not count toward satisfying his Employee Waiting Period.

COVERED PERSON ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS (continued)

Termination of Covered Person Insurance: The Covered Person's insurance will terminate at 12:00 midnight Eastern Standard time on the earliest of the following dates:

- 1. the last day of the period for which a premium payment is made, if the next payment is not made, subject to the Grace Period;
- the last day of the month during which he ceases to be a member of a class eligible for insurance:
- 3. the date the Policy terminates, or with respect to a specific benefit, the date the benefit terminates;
- 4. the date he is no longer Actively at Work due to a labor dispute, including but not limited to strike, work slowdown, lock out; or
- 5. the last day of the month during which he is no longer Actively at Work for any other reason, except as stated below.
 - For Life Insurance and Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage, active work
 ceases due to his Sickness or Injury, insurance may continue until the earlier of: the
 date he returns to work or 3 months from the date he stopped being Actively at Work,
 or a longer period if required by law; or
 - 2. For Life Insurance and Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage, active work ceases due to a Total Disability, Life Insurance coverage may continue in accordance with the Waiver of Premium provision.
 - 3. For Disability Insurance, active work ceases due to a temporary layoff or approved leave of absence. In such case, insurance will not continue beyond the end of the month following the month in which the layoff or leave began. For a leave of absence governed by federal or any applicable state Family and Medical Leave of Absence law, insurance will be continued in accordance with the Family and Medical Leave of Absence provision.

"Total Disability," as used above, is as defined in the Waiver of Premium provision.

DEPENDENTS ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS

Dependent's Eligibility: Dependents are eligible for insurance on the latest of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Covered Person becomes eligible for Dependent Insurance;
- 2. the date a person becomes a Dependent; or
- 3. the date the Policy is amended to include the Covered Person's class as being eligible for Dependent Insurance.

The Covered Person's Spouse or Child will not be eligible for Dependent Insurance if the Spouse or Child is:

- 1. eligible for insurance under the Policy as a Covered Person; or
- 2. a member of the armed forces on active duty, except for duty of 30 days or less for training in the Reserves or National Guard.

Effective Date of Dependent Insurance: No insurance will take effect on any day the Dependent (other than a newborn child) is confined in a Hospital or Medical Facility. Instead, insurance will take effect on the day following discharge from the Hospital or Medical Facility.

A Covered Person must use forms provided by Us when applying for Dependent Insurance.

Dependents will not be insured until the Employee is insured.

The Dependent Insurance will be effective at 12:01 A.M. Eastern Standard time:

- 1. if it is Non-contributory, on the date the Dependent becomes eligible for insurance regardless of when application was made; or
- 2. if it is Contributory and the Covered Person makes application within 31 days after the date the Dependent first became eligible, on the later of:
 - a. the date the Dependent becomes eligible for insurance, regardless of when application is made: or
 - b. the date the Dependent's application is approved by Us, if evidence of insurability is required.

Evidence of insurability is required, at the Covered Person's expense, if a Covered Person applying for Contributory insurance:

- 1. does not apply for Dependent insurance within 31 days after the date the Dependent first became eligible; or
- 2. has previously terminated Dependent insurance while in an eligible class.

Effective Date of Change in Amount of Insurance: If there is an increase in the amount of the Dependent's insurance the increase will take effect on the same date that:

- 1. the Covered Person's class changes; or
- 2. the Dependent's status or class changes.

If the Dependent is confined in a Hospital or Medical Facility on that date, any change will take effect on the day following discharge from the Hospital or Medical Facility.

If evidence of insurability is required, the increase will take effect on the later of the dates indicated above or the date We approve the application.

A decrease in the amount the Dependent's insurance will take effect on the policy anniversary date on or next following the date of the decrease.

DEPENDENTS ELIGIBILITY, EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERMINATION PROVISIONS (continued)

Termination of Dependent Insurance: Insurance on a Dependent will terminate at 12:00 midnight Eastern Standard time on the earliest of the following dates:

- 1. the last day of the month during which he ceases to be a Dependent as defined in the Policy;*
- 2. the last day of the month during which the Covered Person ceases to be a member of a class eligible for Dependent insurance;
- 3. the date the Covered Person's insurance under the Policy terminates;
- 4. the last day of the month during which the Dependent becomes a member of the armed forces on active duty, except for duty of 30 days or less for training in the Reserves or National Guard;
- 5. the last day of the period for which a Dependent's required premium payment is made, if the next payment is not made;
- 6. the date the Covered Person's Life Insurance premiums are waived under the Waiver of Premium Total Disability for Covered Person provision; or
- 7. the date the Policy terminates, or a specific benefit terminates.

*With respect to item 1 above, coverage of a Covered Person's grandchild will not terminate solely because the grandchild is no longer the Covered Person's dependent for federal income tax purposes.

LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON

Death Benefits: We will pay the Covered Person's beneficiary the amount of insurance in force on the date of death. We will make the payment in the form of a lump sum within two months of receipt by Us of satisfactory proof of the Covered Person's death. The benefit will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section.

Assignment: Life insurance as provided by the Policy may be assigned as an absolute assignment only. In making an assignment, the Covered Person must transfer all his present and future ownership rights to the person to whom he assigned the insurance. This includes the right to change the beneficiary and to convert the insurance. The Covered Person may not make a collateral or partial assignment of his insurance.

Beneficiary: The Covered Person's beneficiary will be the person(s) he names in writing to receive any amount of insurance payable due to his death.

The Covered Person may name or change a beneficiary by giving Us written notice at Our Home Office on a form acceptable to Us. When We receive the notice, it will be effective on the date made, subject to any payment We may have made before We receive it.

If the Covered Person names more than one beneficiary, those who survive will share equally unless the Covered Person specifies otherwise. If there is no named beneficiary living at the time of the Covered Person's death, We will pay any amount due in the following order:

- 1. to his legal Spouse; or
- 2. to his natural or legally adopted children in equal shares; or
- to his estate.

Notice of Claim: Written notice of a claim for death must be given to Us at Our Home Office by the Covered Person's beneficiary within 30 days of the date of death. If it is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible to do so.

The claim form is available from the Covered Person's Employer, or can be requested from Us. If the form is not received from Us within 15 days of a request, written proof of claim should be sent to Us without waiting for the form. Written proof must show the cause of death. Also, a certified copy of the death certificate must be given to Us.

Proof of Claim: Written proof of claim must be filed within 90 days of the loss. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 90 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON (continued)

Payment of Claim: Payment of Claim for loss of life will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section. All other benefits under the Policy are paid to the Covered Person.

If the Covered Person has chosen an option, no one may change it unless the Covered Person consents in writing. The Covered Person's beneficiary may choose an option within 60 days after death if one has not been chosen.

Legal Action: The Covered Person may not bring suit to recover under this section until 60 days after he has given Us written proof of loss. No suit may be brought more than three years after the date the proof of loss is required to be filed.

Physical Examination and Autopsy: We have the right to have a Physician of Our choice examine the Covered Person as often as necessary, but not more often than once each three months, while the claim is pending. We may also have an autopsy made in case of death, unless not allowed by law. We will pay the cost of the exam and autopsy.

Settlement Options: Instead of a single payment, the Covered Person may choose to have all or part of the insurance paid under one of the settlement options We have available. We will give the Covered Person full information about the options upon request.

Conversion Privilege: The Covered Person may convert:

- all or part of his Life Insurance to an individual policy of life insurance, other than term insurance, if his insurance terminated because he ceases to be a member of a class eligible for insurance;
- 2. the amount of insurance to an individual policy of life insurance, other than term insurance, that is lost due to a reduction of insurance because of age;
- 3. a limited amount of insurance to an individual policy of life insurance, other than term insurance, if he has been continuously insured under the Policy (or the policy it replaced) for five years and the insurance terminated due to termination or amendment of the Policy. The amount the Covered Person may convert in this case is the smaller of the following:
 - a. the amount of Life Insurance which terminates, less the amount he became eligible for under any Policy within 31 days after this insurance terminated; or
 - b. \$10,000.

The Covered Person may convert to any policy, other than term insurance, We are issuing for the purpose of conversions. The conversion policy will not have disability or other supplementary benefits. No evidence of insurability will be required. The Covered Person must submit a written application and the first premium payment for the conversion policy to Our Home Office within 31 days after his insurance terminates. It is the Covered Person's responsibility to pay the premiums for the conversion policy. The premium will be based on the amount and the form of the conversion policy, and on his class of risk and age on the date the conversion takes effect.

If the Covered Person dies within the 31 days allowed for making application to convert, We will pay the amount he was entitled under this Policy if the individual policy has not yet taken effect. We will do this whether or not application was made.

A conversion policy is in lieu of benefits under this section of the Policy. However, if the Covered Person is qualified for the Waiver of Premium-Total Disability provision, the converted policy will be cancelled. Premiums paid for the converted policy will be returned.

LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON (continued)

Amounts of insurance that the Covered Person has ported will not be eligible for the Conversion Privilege unless the Certificate of Portability is returned.

The conversion policy will take effect on the later of:

- 1. its date of issue; or
- 2. 31 days after the date this insurance terminates.

The insurance under the Policy may be reinstated within one year after termination of employment, if the Covered Person has converted and he:

- 1. gives Us proof that he was Totally Disabled when his insurance terminated and that his insurance would have continued in force under the Waiver of Premium-Totally Disabled provision if he had not converted; and
- 2. surrenders the conversion policy to Us without claim in return for premiums paid less any unpaid policy loans.

Employees rehired after converting insurance must either lapse that insurance or provide evidence of insurability to keep that individual policy.

Supplemental Life Limitations: No benefit will be paid for any loss caused directly or indirectly from:

- 1. suicide occurring within 24 months after the Covered Person's initial Effective Date of insurance; or
- 2. suicide occurring within 24 months after the Effective Date of any increase or additional insurance. This limitation applies only to the increased or additional amount of insurance.

In the event that the suicide exclusion applies to a loss, We will refund premiums paid for the amount of insurance not paid.

WAIVER OF PREMIUM - TOTAL DISABILITY FOR COVERED PERSON

We will continue the Covered Person's Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance in force without premium payment while he remains Totally Disabled if he:

- 1. becomes Totally Disabled before age 60;
- 2. remains Totally Disabled continuously for at least nine consecutive months;
- 3. gives Us proof of Total Disability, as required.

We will waive the Covered Person's premium payment on a monthly basis, beginning the first day of the month after the month he became Totally Disabled. We will refund any premium paid for the Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance after that day. We will not refund premiums for any period more than 12 months before the date proof of disability was furnished. This Waiver of Premium will continue to be effective even if the Policy terminates after the Covered Person becomes Totally Disabled.

Amount of Life Insurance Under the Total Disability Benefit: The amount of insurance continued would be the amount in force on the date the Covered Person became Totally Disabled. This amount will be reduced or terminated, based on the Schedule of Benefits in effect on the date of Total Disability. This amount will not be increased while the Covered Person remains Totally Disabled. All other Benefits will be terminated.

Death While Totally Disabled: If the Covered Person dies while his Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance is being continued under Waiver of Premium, We will pay the amount of insurance if We receive proof:

- 1. of the Covered Person's death; and
- 2. that Total Disability was continuous from the date it began to the date of death.

Proof of Total Disability: We will provide forms which the Covered Person must use when giving Us proof of Total Disability. The Covered Person must give Us proof no later than 12 months after the date he became Totally Disabled. We may at any time require proof that Total Disability continues. The Covered Person must give Us proof within 60 days after Our request. After the Covered Person has been Totally Disabled for more than two years from the date of Total Disability, We will not request proof any more than once a year. We may require the Covered Person to be examined, at Our expense, by a Physician of Our choice.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled: For purposes of this section, the Covered Person will be considered Totally Disabled if he is unable to perform each and every duty of his occupation at his usual place of employment and he is unable to do the material and substantial duties of any job suited to his education, training or experience.

We may require the Covered Person to be examined by a Physician, other medical practitioner or vocational expert of Our choice. We will pay for this examination. We can require an examination as often as it is reasonable to do so, but not more often than once each three months.

WAIVER OF PREMIUM – TOTAL DISABILITY FOR COVERED PERSON (continued)

Termination of the Total Disability Benefit: The Covered Person will no longer be eligible for the Total Disability Benefit and his Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance will terminate on the earlier of the following dates:

- the date the Covered Person ceases to be Totally Disabled. However, if he is still eligible for Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance when he returns to Active Work, his Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance may be continued in force if premium payments are resumed. If this is done, any increased amount of Basic and Supplemental Life Insurance he may then be eligible for will take effect as described in the Effective Date of insurance provision; or
- 2. the last day of the 60-day period following Our request for proof of Total Disability, if he does not give Us proof or refuses to take a medical exam;
- 3. the date the Covered Person reaches age 65;
- 4. the date premium has been waived for 12 months and the Covered Person is considered to reside outside the United States. The Covered Person is considered to reside outside the United States when he has been outside the United States for a total period of 6 months or more during any 12 consecutive months for which premium has been waived.

If the Covered Person's Total Disability ends and he does not return to Active Work, then the Covered Person may exercise the Conversion Privilege.

ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON

If while insured under the Policy, the Covered Person becomes terminally ill (called the "qualifying event") with a life expectancy of less than 12 months and the Covered Person has met all of the conditions set forth below, We will pay the Covered Person the amount of insurance shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

The Covered Person may elect to receive an Accelerated Death Benefit amount that is stated on the Schedule of Benefits. However, an Accelerated Death Benefit payment against the Covered Person's Life Insurance Benefit can only be made once in the Covered Person's lifetime.

The Life Insurance Benefit amount will be reduced by the amount paid under this provision.

The Covered Person must submit written medical evidence signed by the treating Physician and acceptable to Us that he is:

- 1. under a Physician's care for that condition, and
- 2. has a life expectancy of less than 12 months.

The Accelerated Death Benefit amount will be paid to the Covered Person after the Covered Person meets all of the conditions listed above.

We reserve the right to ask for a medical exam in connection with a claim. In the event that the Physician's examinations result in conflict with the medical evidence signed by the treating Physician, a second examination from a Physician of Our choice (at Our expense) will be requested. This second exam will determine if the Covered Person has met the conditions stated above.

The Covered Person must continue to pay any applicable premium for the amount of Life Insurance Benefits remaining after the reduction.

Upon the Covered Person's death, the amount of Life Insurance Benefits paid to the Covered Person's beneficiary will be reduced by the amount already paid under this provision and this payment shall constitute full settlement of the death benefit payable under the Policy.

At the time of payment of the Accelerated Death Benefit, We will send a statement to the Covered Person specifying:

- 1. the amount of benefits paid;
- 2. the affect of the Accelerated Death Benefit payment on the death benefit face amount and future premiums; and
- 3. the amount of Life Insurance benefits remaining.

Limitations: Accelerated Death Benefits will not be payable if:

- 1. the Covered Person has assigned his Life Insurance Benefits; or
- 2. We have been notified that all or a portion of the Life Insurance Benefits are to be paid to the Covered Person's former Spouse as part of a divorce agreement; or
- 3. the Covered Person is required by law to accelerate benefits in order to meet the claims of creditor(s); or
- 4. the Covered Person is required by a government agency to accelerate benefits in order to qualify for a government benefit or entitlement.

PORTABILITY PRIVILEGE FOR BASIC LIFE INSURANCE FOR COVERED PERSON

This provision applies only to the Covered Person's Basic Life Insurance Benefit. It does not apply to Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit or Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, as contained in the Policy.

The Covered Person may not elect to port his insurance unless the Covered Person has been insured by the Policy, or the one it replaced, for at least three consecutive months prior to the date the Covered Person's insurance under the Policy ends.

The Covered Person may elect to continue all or part of his Basic Life Insurance Benefit, by electing a portable Certificate of Insurance, subject to the following terms and restrictions.

The Covered Person may "port" his insurance if the insurance under the Policy ends for any reason other than:

- 1. termination of employment due to Sickness or Injury;
- 2. failure to pay any required premium;
- 3. the termination of the Policy; or
- 4. attainment of age 70.

The Covered Person may not port his insurance, if the Covered Person has reached his 70th birthday on the day his insurance under the Policy terminates.

The Covered Person may port the full amount of his Basic Life Insurance amount as of the day insurance under the Policy terminates.

The Covered Person can port to a portable Certificate of Insurance. The certificate provides term Group Life Insurance. This does not provide for Waiver of Premium benefit. The benefits provided by the portable Certificate of Insurance may not be identical to the benefits provided by the Policy.

To get a portable Certificate of Insurance, the Covered Person must apply to Us in writing and pay the required premium. The Covered Person has 31 days from the date insurance under the Policy ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that the Covered Person is insurable.

No Covered Person is allowed to convert his insurance, and elect a portable Certificate of Insurance at the same time. If a situation arises in which a Covered Person would be eligible to both convert and port, he may only exercise one of these privileges. The Covered Person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable Certificate of Insurance at the same time. If a Covered Person elects to port coverage, and at a later time, the Policy terminates, he will be allowed to exercise the conversion privilege.

Employees rehired after porting insurance must either lapse that insurance or provide evidence of insurability to keep the porting insurance.

PORTABILITY PRIVILEGE FOR SUPPLEMENTAL LIFE INSURANCE FOR COVERED PERSON AND DEPENDENTS

This provision applies only to the Covered Person's and Dependent's Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit. It does not apply to Basic Life Insurance Benefit or the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, as contained in the Policy.

The Covered Person may not elect to port his insurance unless the Covered Person has been insured by the Policy, or the one it replaced, for at least three consecutive months prior to the date the Covered Person's insurance under the Policy ends.

The Covered Person may elect to continue all or part of the Covered Person and insured Dependent's Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit by electing a portable Certificate of Insurance, subject to the following terms and restrictions.

The Covered Person may "port" his insurance if the insurance under the Policy ends for any reason other than:

- 1. termination of employment due to Sickness or Injury;
- 2. failure to pay any required premium;
- 3. the termination of the Policy; or
- 4. attainment of age 70.

The Covered Person may not port his insurance, or insurance for any of his insured Dependents, if the Covered Person has reached his 70th birthday on the day the Covered Person's insurance under the Policy terminates.

The Covered Person may port the full amount of his Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit amount as of the day insurance under the Policy terminates.

The Covered Person may port the full amount of his insured Dependent Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit amount(s), if:

- 1. the Spouse's amount under the Policy is at least \$10,000.
 - If the Covered Person ports an amount of his Supplemental Life Insurance Benefit, then any Dependent amount(s) elected must be the same percentage as the Covered Person elected to port.
 - The maximum Spouse amount that a Covered Person is eligible to port for all Spouse insurances combined is the lesser of the Spouse's inforce insurance under the Policy, or \$25.000.
- 2. the Child's amount under the Policy is at least \$4,000

PORTABILITY PRIVILEGE FOR SUPPLEMENTAL LIFE INSURANCE FOR COVERED PERSON AND DEPENDENTS (continued)

The Covered Person may port:

- 1. his Supplemental Life Insurance amount only;
- 2. his Supplemental Life Insurance amount and his insured Dependent Spouse's Supplemental Life Insurance amount:
- 3. his Supplemental Life Insurance amount and the Supplemental Life Insurance amounts of all insured Dependents; or
- 4. if the Covered Person is a single parent, his Supplemental Life Insurance amount and the Supplemental Life Insurance amounts of all of his insured Dependent children.

No other combinations of ported insurance amounts will be allowed.

If the Covered Person dies and has insurance for his insured Dependents under Supplemental Life Insurance, each of the Covered Person's then insured Dependents may port their Supplemental Life Insurance amounts as limited above. However, the Covered Person's then insured surviving Dependent Spouse must port in order for the Covered Person's then insured surviving Dependent children to port. If there is no surviving Dependent Spouse, no Dependent children will be allowed to port.

The Covered Person and insured Dependents can port to a portable Certificate of Insurance. The Certificate of Insurance provides term Group Life Insurance. This does not provide for Waiver of Premium benefit. The benefits provided by the portable Certificate of Insurance may not be identical to the benefits provided by the Policy.

To get a portable Certificate of Insurance, the Covered Person or insured Dependent must apply to us in writing and pay the required premium. The Covered Person or insured Dependent has 31 days from the date insurance under the Policy ends to do this. We won't ask for proof that the Covered Person or insured Dependent is insurable.

No Covered Person is allowed to convert his insurance, and elect a portable Certificate of Insurance at the same time. If a situation arises in which a Covered Person would be eligible to both convert and port, he may only exercise one of these privileges. If a Covered Person elects to port coverage, and at a later time the Policy terminates, he will be allowed to exercise the conversion privilege.

The Covered Person may never be insured under both a converted policy and a portable Certificate of Insurance at the same time.

Employees rehired after porting insurance must either lapse that insurance or provide evidence of insurability to keep the porting insurance.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON

If the Covered Person suffers a loss described below, We will pay the amount of insurance that applies. The Covered Person, or the Covered Person's beneficiary, must give Us proof that:

- 1. Injury occurred while the insurance was in force under this section;
- 2. loss occurred within 365 days after the Injury; and
- 3. loss was due to Injury independent of all other causes.

Amount of Insurance: The amount of insurance shown in the Schedule of Benefits will be paid according to the following table:

Loss of life	100%
Loss of both hands or both feet	100%
Loss of sight of both eyes	100%
Loss of one hand and sight of one eye	100%
Loss of one foot and sight of one eye	100%
Quadriplegia	100%
Paraplegia	75%
Hemiplegia	50%
Loss of one hand	50%
Loss of one foot	50%
Loss of sight of one eye	50%
Loss of speech	50%
Loss of hearing	50%
Loss of Thumb and Index Finger of the Same Hand	25%

Loss of sight means total and irrecoverable loss of sight. Loss of hands or feet means severance at or above the wrist or ankle. Loss of thumb and index finger means the actual, complete and permanent severance through or above the metacarpophalangeal joints. Loss of speech means the total and irrecoverable loss of speech. Loss of hearing means total and irrecoverable loss of hearing. Quadriplegia means total and permanent Paralysis of both upper and lower limbs. Paraplegia means total and permanent Paralysis of both lower limbs. Hemiplegia means total and permanent Paralysis of upper and lower limbs on one side of the body. Paralysis means permanent impairment and loss of the ability to voluntarily move or to have sensation in any entire extremity. Paralysis must be the result of an Injury to the brain or spinal cord and without the severance of a limb.

In paying this benefit, We will consider only losses sustained while insured under this section of the Policy. We will pay no more than the full amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for losses resulting from any one Injury.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON (continued)

Seat Belt and Air Bag Benefit for Covered Person: We will pay an additional benefit for the loss of the Covered Person's life that results from injuries sustained while driving or riding in a private Passenger Car if such Covered Person's Seat Belt was properly fastened. A benefit is not payable under this provision, if:

- 1. the Covered Person is either a driver or passenger, and the driver was legally intoxicated or under the influence of drugs at the time of the accident; or
- 2. the driver of the private Passenger Car does not hold a current and valid driver's license at the time of the accident.

An additional Air Bag Benefit will be paid if:

- 1. Seat Belt Benefit is payable; and
- the private Passenger Car is equipped with a single Air Bag and the Covered Person is the driver; or
- 3. the private Passenger Car is equipped with an Air Bag for both the driver and for the front passenger seat and the Covered Person is the driver or front seat passenger; or
- 4. the private Passenger Car is equipped with an Air Bag for the driver seat, for the front passenger seat and for all rear passenger seats and the Covered Person is the driver, front seat passenger or rear seat passenger; and
- 5. the police report or other evidence establishes that the Air Bag inflated properly upon impact.

We will pay:

- 1. A Seat Belt benefit of an amount equal to 10% of the full amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit: or
- 2. A Seat Belt and Air Bag Benefit of an amount equal to 10% of the full amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit.

However, the amount payable will not exceed \$10,000 for the Seat Belt Benefit or \$20,000 for the combined Seat Belt and Air Bag Benefit.

The accident causing the Covered Person's death must occur while the Covered Person is insured under the Policy.

Passenger Car means, for the purposes of this Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, any validly registered four-wheel private Passenger Car. Seat Belt means any restraint device which meets published federal safety standards, has been installed by the car manufacturer or reinstalled according to the manufacturer's specifications and has not been altered after such installation. The investigating officer must certify the correct position of the Seat Belt. A copy of the police report must be submitted with the claim.

Air Bag means, for the purposes of this Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, a supplemental restraint system that inflates for added protection to the head and chest areas. The Air Bag must meet published federal safety standards, be installed by the car manufacturer or consist of proper replacement parts as required by the car manufacturer's specifications and not have been altered after such installation.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON (continued)

Limitations: We will not pay a benefit for a loss caused directly or indirectly by:

- disease, bodily or mental infirmity, or medical or surgical Treatment of these;
- 2. suicide or intentionally self-inflicted Injury, while sane or insane;
- 3. participation in a riot or insurrection, or commission of an assault or felony;
- 4. war or any act of war, declared or undeclared while the Covered Person is serving in the armed services;
- 5. use of any drug, hallucinogen, controlled substance, or narcotic unless prescribed by a Physician;
- 6. driving while intoxicated, as defined by the applicable state law where the loss occurred;
- 7. engaging in the following hazardous activities, including skydiving, hang gliding, auto racing, mountain climbing, Russian Roulette, autoerotic asphyxiation or bungee jumping;
- 8. Injury arising out of or in the course of any occupation or employment for pay or profit, or any Injury or Sickness for which the Covered Person is entitled to benefits under any Workers Compensation Law, Employers Liability Law or similar law, unless this insurance is issued on an 24 hour basis as shown in the Schedule of Benefits:
- 9. travel or flight in, or descent from any aircraft, unless as a fare-paying passenger on a commercial airline flying between established airports on: a) a scheduled route; or b) a charter flight seating 15 or more people.

Notice of Claim: Written notice of a claim for death or Injury must be given to Us at Our Home Office by the Covered Person or his beneficiary within 30 days of the date of death or the date the Injury occurred. If it is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible to do so.

The claim form is available from the Covered Person's Employer, or can be requested from Us. If the Covered Person does not receive the form from Us within 15 days of his request, written proof of claim should be sent to Us without waiting for the form. Written proof should establish facts about the claim such as date of occurrence, nature, and extent of the loss involved.

Proof of Claim: Written proof of claim must be filed within 90 days of the loss. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 90 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Payment of Claim: Payment of Claim for loss of life will be paid in a lump sum within two months of receipt by Us of satisfactory Proof of Claim. The benefit will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section. All other benefits under the Policy are paid to the Covered Person.

If the Covered Person has chosen an option, no one may change it unless the Covered Person consents in writing. The Covered Person's beneficiary may choose an option within 60 days after death if one has not been chosen.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON (continued)

Legal Action: The Covered Person may not bring suit to recover under this section until 60 days after he has given Us written proof of loss. No suit may be brought more than three years after the date the proof of loss is required to be filed.

Physical Examination and Autopsy: We have the right to have a Physician of Our choice examine the Covered Person as often as necessary, but not more often than once each three months, while the claim is pending. We may also have an autopsy made in case of death, unless not allowed by law. We will pay the cost of the exam and autopsy.

Assignment: Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance provided by the Policy cannot be assigned.

LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS

Death Benefits: We will pay the Life Insurance Benefit amount in force on a Dependent in the form of a lump sum, if insured under this section of the Policy, within two months of receipt by Us of satisfactory proof of his death. The amount of insurance is shown in the Schedule of Benefits. Eligible Dependents are defined in the "General Definitions" section of the Policy.

Assignment: The Dependent Life Insurance Benefit provided by the Policy cannot be assigned.

Beneficiary: Benefits will be paid to:

- 1. the Covered Person, if living;
- 2. the legal Spouse of the Covered Person, if the Covered Person is not living; or
- 3. the estate of the Dependent, if the legal Spouse of the Covered Person is not living.

Notice of Claim: Written notice of a claim for death must be given to Us at Our Home Office by the Covered Person or his beneficiary within 30 days of the date of death. If it is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible to do so.

The claim form is available from the Covered Person's Employer, or can be requested from Us. If the form is not received from Us within 15 days of a request, written proof of claim should be sent to Us without waiting for the form. Written proof must show the cause of death. Also, a certified copy of the death certificate must be given to Us.

Proof of Claim: Written proof of claim must be filed within 90 days of the loss. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 90 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Payment of Claim: Payment of Claim for loss of life will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section. All other benefits under the Policy are paid to the Covered Person.

If the Covered Person has chosen an option, no one may change it unless the Covered Person consents in writing. The Covered Person's beneficiary may choose an option within 60 days after death if one has not been chosen.

Legal Action: The Covered Person may not bring suit to recover under this section until 60 days after he has given Us written proof of loss. No suit may be brought more than three years after the date the proof of loss is required to be filed.

Physical Examination and Autopsy: We have the right to have a Physician of Our choice examine the insured Dependent, as often as necessary while the claim is pending, but not more often than once each three months. We may also have an autopsy made in case of death, unless not allowed by law. We will pay the cost of the exam and autopsy.

Conversion: A Dependent may convert all or part of his Life Insurance to an individual life policy, other than term insurance, if his insurance terminates because:

- 1. the Covered Person ceases to be a member of a class eligible for Life Insurance;
- 2. the Covered Person's legal Spouse lost insurance due to a reduction of insurance because of age;
- 3. the Covered Person is Totally Disabled or dies; or
- 4. the Dependent is no longer eligible for Dependent Life Insurance. A Dependent may convert a limited amount of insurance to an individual life policy, other than term insurance, if he was continuously insured under the Policy (or the policy it replaced) for five years if his insurance terminated due to the Policy being terminated or amended.

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LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS (continued)

The amount the Dependent may convert in this case is the smaller of the following:

- 1. the Life Insurance Benefit amount which terminates less the amount he may become eligible for under any group within 31 days after this insurance terminated; or
- 2. \$10,000.

The Dependent may convert to any policy We are using for the purpose of conversions. The conversion policy will not have disability or other supplemental benefits. No evidence of insurability is required. The Dependent must submit a written application and the first premium to Our Home Office within 31 days after this insurance terminated. It is the Covered Person's responsibility to pay the premiums for the conversion policy. The premium will be based on the amount and form of the conversion policy, and on the Dependent's class of risk and age on the date the conversion takes effect.

If the Dependent dies within the 31 days allowed for making application to convert, We will pay the amount he was entitled under this Policy if the individual policy has not yet taken effect. We will do this whether or not application was made.

The conversion policy will take effect on the later of:

- 1. its date of issue; or
- 2. 31 days after the date this insurance terminated.

Amounts of insurance that the insured Dependent has ported will not be eligible for the Conversion Privilege unless the Certificate of Insurance is returned.

Supplemental Life Limitations: No benefit will be paid for any loss caused directly or indirectly from:

- 1. suicide occurring within 24 months after the Dependent's initial Effective Date of insurance; or
- 2. suicide occurring within 24 months after the Effective Date of any increase or additional insurance. This limitation applies only to the increased or additional amount of insurance.

In the event that the suicide exclusion applies to a loss, We will refund premiums paid for the amount of insurance not paid.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS

If the Dependent suffers a loss described below, We will pay the amount of insurance that applies. The Covered Person, or the Covered Person's beneficiary, must give Us proof that:

- 1. Injury occurred while the insurance was in force under this section;
- 2. loss occurred within 365 days after the Injury; and
- 3. loss was due to Injury independent of all other causes.

Amount of Insurance: The amount of insurance shown in the Schedule of Benefits will be paid according to the following table:

Loss of life	100%
Loss of both hands or both feet	100%
Loss of sight of both eyes	100%
Loss of one hand and sight of one eye	100%
Loss of one foot and sight of one eye	100%
Quadriplegia	100%
Paraplegia	75%
Hemiplegia	50%
Loss of one hand	50%
Loss of one foot	50%
Loss of sight of one eye	50%
Loss of speech	50%
Loss of hearing	50%
Loss of Thumb and Index Finger of the Same Hand	25%

Loss of sight means total and irrecoverable loss of sight. Loss of hands or feet means severance at or above the wrist or ankle. Loss of thumb and index finger means the actual, complete and permanent severance through or above the metacarpophalangeal joints. Loss of speech means the total and irrecoverable loss of speech. Loss of hearing means total and irrecoverable loss of hearing. Quadriplegia means total and permanent Paralysis of both upper and lower limbs. Paraplegia means total and permanent Paralysis of both lower limbs. Hemiplegia means total and permanent Paralysis of upper and lower limbs on one side of the body. Paralysis means permanent impairment and loss of the ability to voluntarily move or to have sensation in any entire extremity. Paralysis must be the result of an Injury to the brain or spinal cord and without the severance of a limb.

In paying this benefit, We will consider only losses sustained while insured under this section of the Policy. We will pay no more than the full amount shown in the Schedule of Benefits for losses resulting from any one Injury.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS (continued)

Seat Belt and Air Bag Benefit for Dependent: We will pay an additional benefit for the loss of the Dependent's life that results from injuries sustained while driving or riding in a private Passenger Car if such Dependent's Seat Belt was properly fastened. A benefit is not payable under this provision, if:

- 1. the Dependent is either a driver or passenger, and the driver was legally intoxicated or under the influence of drugs at the time of the accident; or
- 2. the driver of the private Passenger Car does not hold a current and valid driver's license at the time of the accident.

An additional Air Bag Benefit will be paid if:

- 1. Seat Belt Benefit is payable; and
- the private Passenger Car is equipped with a single Air Bag and the Dependent is the driver;
- 3. the private Passenger Car is equipped with an Air Bag for both the driver and for the front passenger seat and the Dependent is the driver or front seat passenger; or
- 4. the private Passenger Car is equipped with an Air Bag for the driver seat, for the front passenger seat and for all rear passenger seats and the Dependent is the driver, front seat passenger or rear seat passenger; and
- 5. the police report or other evidence establishes that the Air Bag inflated properly upon impact.

We will pay:

- 1. A Seat Belt benefit of an amount equal to 10% of the full amount of the Dependent's Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit; or
- 2. A Seat Belt and Air Bag Benefit of an amount equal to 10% of the full amount of Dependent's Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit.

However, the amount payable will not exceed \$10,000 for the Seat Belt Benefit or \$20,000 for the combined Seat Belt and Air Bag Benefit.

The accident causing the Dependent's death must occur while the Dependent is insured under the Policy.

Passenger Car means: for the purposes of this Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, any validly registered four-wheel private Passenger Car. Seat Belt means any restraint device which meets published federal safety standards, has been installed by the car manufacturer or reinstalled according to the manufacturer's specifications and has not been altered after such installation. The investigating officer must certify the correct position of the Seat Belt. A copy of the police report must be submitted with the claim.

Air Bag means: for the purposes of this Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit, a supplemental restraint system that inflates for added protection to the head and chest areas. The Air Bag must meet published federal safety standards, be installed by the car manufacturer or consist of proper replacement parts as required by the car manufacturer's specifications and not have been altered after such installation.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS (continued)

Limitations: We will not pay a benefit for a loss caused directly or indirectly by:

- 1. disease, bodily or mental infirmity, or medical or surgical Treatment of these;
- 2. suicide or intentionally self-inflicted Injury, while sane or insane;
- 3. participation in a riot or insurrection, or commission of an assault or felony;
- 4. war or any act of war, declared or undeclared, while the Covered Person is serving in the armed services:
- 5. use of any drug, hallucinogen, controlled substance, or narcotic unless prescribed by a Physician;
 - 6. driving while intoxicated, as defined by the applicable state law where the loss occurred;
- 7. engaging in the following hazardous activities, including skydiving, hang gliding, auto racing, mountain climbing, Russian Roulette, autoerotic asphyxiation or bungee jumping;
- 8. Injury arising out of or in the course of any occupation or employment for pay or profit, or any Injury or Sickness for which the insured Dependent is entitled to benefits under any Workers Compensation Law, Employers Liability Law or similar law, unless this insurance is issued on an 24 hour basis as shown in the Schedule of Benefits;
- 9. travel or flight in, or descent from any aircraft, unless as a fare-paying passenger on a commercial airline flying between established airports on: a) a scheduled route; or b) a charter flight seating 15 or more people.

Notice of Claim: Written notice of a claim for death or Injury must be given to Us at Our Home Office by the Covered Person or his beneficiary within 30 days of the date of death or the date the Injury occurred. If it is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible to do so. The notice should identify the insured Dependent.

The claim form is available from the Covered Person's Employer, or can be requested from Us. If the Covered Person does not receive the form from Us within 15 days of his request, written proof of claim should be sent to Us without waiting for the form. Written proof should establish facts about the claim such as date of occurrence, nature, and extent of the loss involved.

Proof of Claim: Written proof of claim must be filed within 90 days of the loss. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 90 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Payment of Claim: Payment of Claim for loss of life will be paid in a lump sum within two months of receipt by Us of satisfactory Proof of Claim. The benefit will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section. All other benefits under the Policy are paid to the Covered Person.

If the Covered Person has chosen an option, no one may change it unless the Covered Person consents in writing. The Covered Person's beneficiary may choose an option within 60 days after death if one has not been chosen.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS (continued)

Legal Action: The Covered Person may not bring suit to recover under this section until 60 days after he has given Us written proof of loss. No suit may be brought more than three years after the date the proof of loss is required to be filed.

Physical Examination and Autopsy: We have the right to have a Physician of Our choice examine the insured Dependent, as often as necessary while the claim is pending but not more often than once each three months. We may also have an autopsy made in case of death, unless not allowed by law. We will pay the cost of the exam and autopsy.

Assignment: Accidental Death and Dismemberment insurance provided by the Policy cannot be assigned.

CHILD CARE EXPENSE BENEFIT UNDER THE ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT

We will pay a Child Care Expense Benefit if:

- 1. a Covered Person and his Children are insured under the Policy; and
- 2. the Covered Person dies as a result of an Injury; and
- 3. a Loss of Life benefit is payable for the Covered Person under the Accidental Death and Dismemberment provision.

This benefit will be paid on behalf of any Child under age of 13 or any Child age 13 or older who needs ongoing personal care assistance, who is receiving child care from a licensed child care provider at the time of the Covered Person's death, or within 365 days of the Covered Person's death. Payment will be made to the Child's parent or legal guardian.

The benefit is equal to the lesser of the following amounts:

- 1. the actual cost charged for the Child Care Expenses per year;
- 2. 2.5% of the Covered Person's Loss of Life benefit payable under the Accidental Death and Dismemberment provision, not to exceed \$1,250 per year per Child.

However, We will not pay more than the overall maximum amount of \$2,500 per year for all Child Care Expenses combined.

This Child Care Expense Benefit is payable each year for each Dependent Child who qualifies for Child Care Benefits. No more than two Child Care Benefits will be payable for each Dependent.

To receive this benefit, the Child's parent or legal guardian must provide satisfactory proof that he is incurring expenses that entitle him to the Child Care Expenses Benefit. Expenses must be charged by a child care provider who is licensed to provide such services in the jurisdiction in which the services are provided.

The Child Care Expense Benefit will end on the earlier of the following:

- 1. the date the Child's parent or legal guardian is no longer incurring child care expenses;
- 2. the date the maximum number of Child Care Benefits have been paid;
- 3. the date the Child reaches 13 years of age unless the Child needs ongoing personal care assistance.

SPOUSE TRAINING BENEFIT UNDER THE ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT

When We receive proof that a Covered Person dies as a result of an Injury and an Accidental Death and Dismemberment Loss of Life benefit is payable, then We will pay an additional Spouse Training Benefit to the Covered Person's Spouse if:

The Spouse is insured under the Policy on the date of the Covered Person's accident, and is enrolled in a post secondary institution, professional or trade school training program:

- 1. for the purpose of obtaining an independent source of support and maintenance; and
- 2. within 3 months of the date of the Covered Person's death.

The Spouse Education Benefit payable is the lesser of:

- 1. expenses incurred for the training which includes tuition charged and the costs of materials needed, but does not include room and board costs;
- 2. 10% of the Covered Person's Spouse's full Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit;
- 3. \$3,000.

REPATRIATION BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSONS AND DEPENDENTS UNDER THE ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT

We will pay a Repatriation Benefit if all of the following requirements are met:

- 1. an Accidental Death and Dismemberment Loss of Life benefit as the result of an Injury is payable on behalf of the Covered Person's death or the death of a Dependent;
- 2. The Covered Person's or the Covered Person's Dependent's death occurs more than 100 miles from his primary place of residence and occurs outside the state or country of the Covered Person's or the Covered Person's Dependent's place of permanent residence; and
- 3. Covered Expenses are incurred for the preparation and transportation of the Covered Person's body or the Dependent's body to a mortuary near the primary place of residence.

The amount of the Repatriation Benefit is the lesser of:

- 1. the Covered Expenses incurred; or
- 2. 5% of the Covered Person's Accidental Death & Dismemberment Loss of Life benefit; or
- 3. \$2,500.

The Repatriation Benefit is payable to the person who incurs the expenses.

Covered Expenses include, but are not limited to the usual and customary fee or charge for the services rendered and supplies furnished in the area where services are rendered or the supplies are furnished. Such services and supplies include, but are not limited to, embalming, cremation, coffins, and transportation.

EDUCATION BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON UNDER THE ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT

We will pay a yearly Education Benefit to each of the Covered Person's Qualified Children if:

- an Accidental Death and Dismemberment Loss of Life benefit is payable for the Covered Person:
- 2. the Covered Person dies within 365 days after the date of the accident causing the accidental bodily Injury;
- 3. proof is given to Us that the Child is a Qualified Child; and
- 4. the Qualified Child continues to be enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited post-secondary institution of higher learning beyond the 12th grade level.

The maximum yearly Education Benefit amount is the lesser of:

- 1. 5% of the Covered Person's Accidental Death and Dismemberment Loss of Life benefits; or
- 2. \$1.250.

However, We will not pay more than \$2,500 per year for all Qualified Children combined.

This Education Benefit is payable in addition to any other benefits provided under the Policy. We will not pay more than one Education Benefit per Qualified Child during any one school year.

If the Covered Person has no surviving Children, or the Children are not insured under the Policy, or the Children do not meet the Education Benefit requirements, then no Education Benefit will be paid.

The Education Benefit will terminate for each Qualified Child on the earliest of the following dates:

- 1. the date the Qualified Child fails to furnish proof as required by Us;
- 2. the date the Qualified Child no longer qualifies as a Dependent Child for any reason except the Covered Person's death; or
- 3. the date on which the fourth Education Benefit has been paid.

The following term is defined for the purposes of this Education Benefit:

Qualified Child is any of the Covered Person's unmarried children under the age shown in the General Definitions section who, on the date of the Covered Person's death as a result of an Injury, was either:

- 1. enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited post-secondary institution of higher learning beyond the 12th grade level; or
- 2. at the 12th grade level and enrolls as a full-time student in an accredited post-secondary institution of higher learning beyond the 12th grade level within 365 days following the date of the Covered Person's death.

Definition of Disabled or Disability:

The Covered Person is Disabled or has a Disability when We determine that:

- 1. he is not Actively at Work and is unable to perform some or all of the Material and Substantial Duties of his regular Occupation due to his Sickness or Injury; and
- 2. he has an 20% or more loss in Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings due solely to the same Sickness or Injury; and
- 3. he is under the Regular Care of a Physician.

Disability must begin while the Covered Person is insured under the Policy.

Material and Substantial Duties: duties that

- 1. are normally required for the performance of the Covered Person's Regular Occupation; and
- 2. cannot be reasonably omitted or modified.

Regular Occupation means: the occupation which the Covered Person is routinely performing when his Disability occurs. We will look at the Covered Person's occupation as it is normally performed in the national economy instead of how the work tasks are performed for a specific Employer or at a specific location.

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification, work permit, or visa does not, in itself, mean the Covered Person is Disabled. Additionally, economic factors, such as recession, job obsolescence, pay-cuts and job sharing will not be considered in determining whether the Covered Person meets the definition of Disability/Disabled.

We require the Covered Person to be under the Regular Care of a Physician for the Sickness or Injury causing his Disability in order to be eligible to receive payments from Us.

We may require the Covered Person to be examined by Physicians, other medical practitioners or vocational experts of Our choice. We will pay for these examinations. We can require examinations as often as it is reasonable to do so. We may also require the Covered Person to be interviewed by an authorized representative of Ours. Refusal to be examined or interviewed may result in denial or termination of his claim.

Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion 3/12: We will not cover any Disability that begins during the first 12 months after the Covered Person's Effective Date of insurance that is caused or contributed to by, or resulting from, a Pre-Existing Condition or medical or surgical treatment for a Pre-Existing Condition.

Pre-Existing Condition means any Sickness or Injury including Mental Illness, Substance Abuse or Subjective Symptoms for which the Covered Person, within 3 months prior to his Effective Date of insurance.

- 1. was diagnosed by or received Treatment from a legally qualified Physician; or
- 2. had symptoms for which an ordinarily prudent person would have sought Treatment.

Mental Illness means: any Sickness, disease or disorder, which is:

- listed in the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Health Disorders (or any successor diagnostic manual) published by the American Psychiatric Association; and
- 2. usually treated by a mental health provider or other qualified provider, using psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs or other similar methods of Treatment.

Mental Illness includes any such conditions whether or not related to an underlying physical, genetic, STD-UHC-TX

chemical, organic or biological cause, although it may be associated with physical symptoms, manifestations or expressions. Specific conditions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. bipolar disorder;
- 2. depression and depressive disorders;
- 3. psychoses;
- 4. mood disorders;
- 5. manic-depressive illness;
- 6. anxiety disorders;
- 7. stress disorders including post-traumatic stress disorders;
- 8. somatoform disorders;
- 9. factitious disorders;
- 10. eating disorders;
- 11. adjustment disorders; and
- 12. personality disorders.

For purposes of the Policy, Mental Illness does not include coma (unless a consequence of Substance Abuse), mental retardation or Alzheimer's disease and other forms of dementia with an objectifiable organic basis.

Subjective Symptoms means: the manifestations of the Covered Person's condition, which he tells his Physician, that is not verifiable using tests, procedures and clinical examinations generally accepted in the practice of medicine. Examples of Subjective Symptoms include, but are not limited to, headache, pain, fatigue, stiffness, soreness, ringing in ears, dizziness, numbness and loss of energy.

Substance Abuse means: alcoholism, or the non-medical use of narcotics, sedatives, stimulants, hallucinogens, or any other such substance, whether or not prescribed by a Physician.

Calculating the Weekly Payment:

The Benefit Percent and Maximum Weekly Benefit are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

The Covered Person's Weekly Payment will be determined as follows:

- If the Covered Person is Disabled and not working, or working and earning less than 20% of his Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings, the Covered Person's Weekly Payment will be determined as follows:
 - a. Multiply his Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings by the Benefit Percent.
 - b. Compare the result in Step 1a with the Maximum Weekly Benefit.
 - The lesser of these two amounts is the Covered Person's weekly Gross Disability Payment.
 - d. Subtract from his weekly Gross Disability Payment any Other Income Benefit amounts that he receives or is eligible to receive. The result is the Covered Person's Weekly Payment.

- 2. If the Covered Person is Disabled and working earning between 20% and 80% of his Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings, the Covered Person's Weekly Payment will be determined as follows:
 - a. Multiply his Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings by the Benefit Percent.
 - b. From 100% of his Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings subtract any Other Income Benefits, and any income he earns or receives from any form of employment.
 - c. Compare the result in Steps 2a and 2b with the Maximum Weekly Benefit.
 - d. The lesser of the amounts from 2c is the Covered Person's Weekly Payment.

After the Elimination Period, if the Covered Person is Disabled for only part of a week, We will send him 1/7th of his Weekly Payment for each day of Disability.

Gross Disability Payment means: the payment amount before We subtract Other Income Benefits and Disability Earnings.

Receipt of Disability Payments: The Covered Person will begin to receive payments when We approve his claim, provided the Elimination Period has been met and he is Disabled. We will send him a payment each week for any period for which We are liable. If he is Disabled and working, proof of Disability Earnings will be required before benefits are paid.

Disability Earnings mean: the earnings, which the Covered Person receives while Disabled, and working.

Elimination Period means: the length of time the Covered Person must be continuously Disabled before a benefit is payable. The Elimination Period begins on the first day of Disability.

Hospital Confined or Hospital Confinement means: the Covered Person is admitted as an inpatient in a Hospital or Medical Facility for a period of at least 24 hours for the condition resulting in his Disability.

Disability During a Covered Layoff or Leave of Absence: If the Covered Person becomes Disabled while he is on a covered layoff or leave of absence, We will calculate his benefit using his Pre-Disability Weekly Earnings from his Employer in effect just prior to the date his absence begins.

Other Income Benefits: We will subtract from the Covered Person's Gross Disability Payment the following Other Income Benefits:

- 1. any benefits and awards he receives or is eligible to receive under:
 - a. Workers' Compensation Law;
 - b. occupational disease Law; or
 - c. any other similar Act or Law.

unless this insurance is issued on a non-occupational basis as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

- 2. any Disability income benefits he receives or is eligible to receive under:
 - a. any compulsory benefit act or Law;
 - b. any other group insurance policy with the Employer or with an association;
 - c. any other group insurance policy with another employer under which he becomes covered while he is Disabled under the Policy; or
 - d. any governmental retirement system as the result of his job with his Employer.
- 3. any benefits under the United States Social Security Act, the Jones Act and any other similar plan or Act. Benefits include:
- a. Disability benefits he is eligible to receive and any disability benefits his Spouse or his STD-UHC-TX

children receive or are eligible to receive as a result of his Disability.

b. retirement benefits he receives and any retirement benefits his Spouse or his children receive as a result of his receipt of retirement benefits.

If the Covered Person's Disability begins after his 70th birthday, and he was receiving Social Security retirement benefits before his Disability began, then We will not reduce Our payments to him by these retirement benefits.

Pension Plan means: a plan that provides retirement benefits and which is not wholly funded by Employee contributions. The term does not include a profit sharing plan, a thrift plan, an individual retirement account (IRA), a tax sheltered annuity plan (TSA), a stock ownership plan or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation.

- 4. any benefits he receives from his Employer's sick leave or salary continuation plan.
- 5. any benefits from the Employer's Retirement Plan he:
 - a. receives as disability benefits;
 - b. voluntarily chooses to receive as retirement benefits; or
 - receives as retirement benefits once he reaches the greater of age 62 or normal retirement age, as defined in his Employer's Retirement Plan.

Regardless of how the retirement funds from the plan are distributed, for the purposes of determining Our payment to the Covered Person, We consider Employee and Employer contributions to be distributed at the same time throughout the Covered Person's lifetime.

We will not reduce payments the Covered Person receives from Us for his contributions to the Employer's Retirement Plan, or for amounts he rolls over or transfer to an eligible Retirement Plan.

Disability benefits under a retirement plan are benefits that are paid due to disability and which do not reduce the retirement benefits which would have been paid if the disability had not occurred.

Retirement benefits under a retirement plan are benefits that are paid based on the Covered Person's Employer's contribution to the retirement plan. Disability benefits that reduce the retirement benefits under the plan will also be considered a retirement benefit.

Eligible retirement plan is defined in Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and includes future amendments to Section 402 affecting the definition.

- 6. any benefits for loss of time or lost wages he receives from the mandatory portion of a no-fault motor vehicle insurance plan, or automobile liability insurance policy.
- 7. any amount he receives under any unemployment compensation Law, unless this insurance is issued on a non-occupational basis as shown in the Schedule of Benefits.
- any amounts he receives from a third party (after subtracting attorney's fees) by judgment, settlement or otherwise.

If the Covered Person receives any of the Other Income Benefits in a lump sum payment, We will pro-rate the lump sum on a weekly basis over the time period for which the sum was given. If no time period is stated, the sum will be pro-rated on a weekly basis to the end of the Covered Person's Maximum Benefit Period.

Other Income Benefits must be payable as a result of the same Disability for which the Covered Person is receiving a payment from Us, except for retirement benefits.

We will NOT subtract from the Covered Person's Gross Disability Payment any amounts he receives from the following sources:

- 1. 401(k) plans
- 2. profit sharing plans
- 3. thrift plans
- 4. tax sheltered annuities
- 5. stock ownership plans
- 6. non-qualified plans of deferred compensation
- 7. Pension Plans for partners
- 8. military pension and military disability income plans
- 9. credit disability insurance
- 10. franchise disability income plans
- 11. a Retirement plan from another employer
- 12. Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA)
- 13. benefits from individual disability plans

Effect of Other Income Benefits on Payment: If subtracting Other Income Benefits results in a zero benefit, We will pay the Covered Person the Minimum Weekly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The Minimum Weekly Benefit, however, may be applied toward an outstanding overpayment.

Estimating Amounts of Other Income Benefits: We have the right to estimate the amount of benefits the Covered Person may be eligible to receive under the "Other Income Benefits" section. We can reduce Our payments to him by the estimated amount if:

- 1. he has not been awarded but has not been denied such benefits; or
- 2. he has been denied such benefits and the denial is being appealed; or
- 3. he is reapplying for such benefits.

We will NOT reduce Our payments to the Covered Person by the estimated amount if:

- 1. he applies or reapplies for the benefits and appeals his denial through all of the administrative levels We believe are necessary; or
- 2. he signs Our reimbursement agreement form stating that he promises to pay Us any overpayment caused by an award.

If We reduce Our payments to the Covered Person by an estimated amount:

- 1. We will adjust Our payment to him when he provides proof of the amount awarded; or
- 2. We will issue a lump sum refund of the estimated amount if he was denied benefits and has completed all appeals (or reapplications) We believe are necessary.

Continuity Of Insurance Upon Transfer Of Insurance Carriers: In order to prevent loss of insurance for a Covered Person because of a transfer of insurance carriers, We will provide insurance for certain Employees as follows:

Employees who are not Actively at Work due to Sickness or Injury:

We will insure the Employee under the Policy if the prior group insurance policy insured him and the cost of his insurance under the prior group insurance policy was paid.

Our payments to the Employee will be limited to the lesser of the Weekly Payment under this Policy or the weekly payment the prior group insurance policy would have paid him, had that policy stayed in effect. Our payments will be reduced by any amount the prior group insurance policy is responsible for paying.

Employees who are Disabled due to a Pre-Existing Condition:

If the Employee was insured by the prior group insurance policy immediately prior to becoming eligible for insurance under this Policy, he is Actively at Work and he is insured under this Policy, then he may be eligible for payments under this Policy if his Disability is due to a Pre-Existing Condition.

In order to receive payments from Us, the Employee must satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion test of:

- 1. this Policy; or
- 2. the prior group insurance policy had that policy stayed in effect.

We will give credit toward continuous time covered under both policies. We will determine Our payments using the provisions of this Policy, but the Employee's Weekly Payment will not be more than the maximum weekly payment of the prior group insurance policy.

The Employee's Weekly Payment will end on the earlier of the following:

- 1. the end of the Maximum Benefit Period under this Policy;
- 2. the date benefits would have ended under the prior group insurance policy, if the policy had stayed in effect.

If the Employee cannot satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion test of either policy, then he will not be eligible for a Weekly Payment.

Recurrent Disability: If the Covered Person's current Disability is related or due to the same causes(s) as his prior Disability for which We made a payment, We will treat his current Disability as part of his prior claim. He will not have to complete another Elimination Period if he returns to Active Work for his Employer on a full time basis for 14 consecutive days or less. His Disability will be subject to the same terms of the Policy as his prior claim and will be treated as a continuation of that Disability.

Any Disability which occurs after 14 consecutive days from the date the Covered Person's prior claim ended will be treated as a new claim. His new claim will be subject to all of the provisions, including the Elimination Period.

If he becomes entitled to benefits under any other Group Short Term Disability policy, he will not be eligible for payments under the Policy.

Recurrent Disability means: a Disability that is:

- 1. caused by a worsening in the Covered Person's condition; and
- 2. due to the same or related cause(s) as his prior Disability for which We made a payment.

Multiple Causes: If a period of Disability is extended by a new, unrelated cause while benefits are payable, benefits will continue while the Covered Person remains Disabled, subject to the following:

- 1. benefits will not continue beyond the end of the original Maximum Benefit Period; and
- any Exclusions and Pre-existing Conditions Limitations will apply to the new cause of Disability.

Concurrent Disability: Benefits for a Concurrent Disability will be paid as if the Concurrent Disability were caused by one Injury or one Sickness. In no event will a Covered Person be considered to have more than one continuous period of Disability at the same time.

Concurrent Disability means: one continuous period of Disability that is caused by more than one Injury or Sickness.

Rehabilitation Services: A rehabilitation program is available to assist the Covered Person in his return to work. Participation in this program is voluntary on his part and will be offered at Our discretion.

Our vocational rehabilitation specialists will review the Covered Person's file to determine if rehabilitation services might help him return to a Gainful Occupation. Once the review is completed, We may offer and pay for a return to work program. We will work with the Covered Person's Physician and other appropriate specialists to develop a plan that best suits the Covered Person's needs.

The return to work program may include, but is not limited to, the following services:

- 1. coordination with the Covered Person's Employer to assist him in his return to work;
- 2. evaluation of adaptive equipment to allow the Covered Person to work;
- 3. vocational evaluation to determine how his Disability may impact his employment options;
- 4. job placement services;
- 5. resume preparation;
- 6. job seeking skills training;
- 7. retraining for a new occupation; or
- 8. assistance with relocation that may be part of an approved return to work program.

We reserve the right to make the final decision concerning the Covered Person's eligibility to take part in a rehabilitation program and the amount of any services he will be provided.

Gainful Occupation means: an occupation that can be expected to provide the Covered Person with an income at least equal to his Gross Disability Payment within 6 months of his return to work, considering:

- 1. his past training, as well as training he could receive;
- 2. his education and experience; and
- 3. his physical and mental capacity.

Gainful Occupation will be determined with the assistance of a licensed vocational or rehabilitation specialist.

Employee Outreach Services: We may provide Employee Outreach Services for a Covered Person who has a medical disability accompanied by psychosocial problems that may interfere with his recovery and return to work.

Employee Outreach Services will be provided at our discretion and may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. service provider referrals; and
- 2. identifying available community and state resources that may be helpful in the Covered Person's recovery and return to work.

Termination of Benefits: We will stop sending the Covered Person payments and his claim will end on the earliest of:

- 1. the date he is no longer Disabled according to the terms of the Policy;
- 2. the date he reaches the end of the Maximum Benefit Period;
- 3. the date he fails to provide proof of continuing Disability;
- 4. the date he is able to increase his Disability Earnings by increasing the number of hours he works or the number of duties he performs, but he chooses not to do so;
- 5. the date he refuses to be examined by a Physician, if such an exam is requested by Us;

- 6. the date he refuses to be interviewed by one of Our representatives;
- 7. the date he ceases to be under the Regular Care of a Physician;
- the date he dies.

General Exclusions: We will not cover a Disability under the Policy if it is due to:

- 1. an act or accident of war, declared or undeclared, whether civil or international, and any substantial armed conflict between organized forces of a military nature;
- 2. intentionally self-inflicted Injuries;
- 3. active participation in a riot;
- 4. committing or attempting to commit a felony;
- an Occupational Sickness or Injury if the Schedule of Benefits indicates that benefits are issued on a non-occupational basis. However, We will cover Disabilities due to an Occupational Sickness or Injury for partners or sole proprietors who cannot be covered by Workers' Compensation Law.

We will not make a payment for any period of time during which the Covered Person is incarcerated or under House Arrest as a result of a felony conviction. The Maximum Benefit Period will be reduced by the amount of time he is incarcerated or under House Arrest after completion of the Elimination Period.

Occupational Sickness or Injury means: an Injury or Sickness which is paid or payable by any workers' compensation law, occupational disease law or similar law.

House Arrest means: any restriction placed on the Covered Person's movement outside of his home by a court of competent jurisdiction. Compliance with such restriction is regularly monitored using electronic or other means.

Claim Information:

Notice of Claim: Written notice of a claim must be given to Us at Our Home Office by the Covered Person within 30 days after the date his Disability begins. If it is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible to do so.

The claim form is available from the Covered Person's Employer, or can be requested from Us. If the Covered Person does not receive the form from Us within 15 days of his request, written proof of claim should be sent to Us without waiting for the form. Written proof should establish facts about the claim such as date of occurrence, nature and extent of the Disability.

The Covered Person must notify Us immediately when he returns to work in any capacity.

Filing a Claim: The Covered Person and his Employer must fill out their own section of the claim form and then give it to the Covered Person's attending Physician. The Physician should fill out his section of the form and send it directly to Us.

Proof of Claim: Written proof of claim must be filed within 90 days after the Covered Person's Elimination Period ends. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 90 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Proof of claim must include:

- 1. the date the Covered Person's Disability began;
- 2. appropriate documentation of the Disabling disorder;
- 3. the extent of the Covered Person's Disability, including restrictions and limitations preventing him from being Actively at Work and performing his Regular Occupation;
- 4. the appropriate documentation of the Covered Person's earnings;
- 5. the name and address of any Hospital or Medical Facility where the Covered Person received Treatment;
- 6. the name and address of all Physicians providing Regular Care or specialty care.

We may request that the Covered Person send proof of continuing Disability, satisfactory to Us, indicating that he is under the Regular Care of a Physician. This proof, provided at the Covered Person's expense, must be received within 30 days of a request by Us.

In some cases, the Covered Person will be required to give Us authorization to obtain additional medical information, and to provide non-medical information as part of his proof of claim, or proof of continuing Disability. We will deny a Covered Person's claim or stop sending him payments if the appropriate information is not submitted.

Payment of Claim: Except as otherwise noted for specified additional benefits that may be included in the Policy, all benefits are payable to the Covered Person. If a benefit is payable to the Covered Person's estate, to a minor or to someone who is not competent to give a valid release, We have the right to pay up to \$1,000 to any of the Covered Person's relatives whom We consider entitled. Any amount We pay in good faith releases Us from further liability, but only for the amount paid.

Overpayment of Claim: We have the right to recover any overpayments due to:

- 1. fraud:
- 2. any error We make in processing a claim; and
- 3. the Covered Person's receipt of Other Income Benefits.

The Covered Person must reimburse Us in full. We will determine the method by which the repayment is to be made. We have the right to recover overpayment from the Covered Person's Spouse if living, otherwise children under the age of 26 or estate.

Legal Action: The Covered Person may not bring suit to recover under this section until 60 days after he has given Us written proof of loss. No suit may be brought more than three years after the date the proof of loss is required to be filed.

LUMP SUM SURVIVOR BENEFIT UNDER THE WORKING RETURNS SHORT TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

When We receive proof that the Covered Person died, We will pay his Spouse, if living, otherwise, his children under age 26 a lump sum benefit equal to 3 weeks of the Covered Person's weekly Gross Disability Payment but not to exceed \$3,000.

The Lump Sum Survivor Benefit will be paid if, on the date of the Covered Person's death:

- 1. his Disability had continued for at least 15 consecutive days; and
- 2. he was receiving or was entitled to receive a Weekly Payment under the Policy.

If the Covered Person has no living Spouse or children, payment will be made to his estate. However, We will first apply the survivor benefit to any overpayment which may exist on his claim.

Definition of Disabled or Disability:

The Covered Person is Disabled or has a Disability when We determine that:

- 1. he is not Actively at Work and is unable to perform some or all of the Material and Substantial Duties of his Regular Occupation due to his Sickness or Injury; and
- 2. he has a 20% or more loss in Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings due solely to the same Sickness or Injury; and
- 3. he is under the Regular Care of a Physician.

After 24 months of payments, the Covered Person is Disabled when We determine that due to the same Sickness or Injury, he is unable to perform some or all of the material and substantial duties of any Gainful Occupation for which he is reasonably fitted by education, training or experience and he continues to suffer a 20% or more loss in his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings due solely to the Sickness or Injury.

Disability must begin while the Covered Person is insured under the Policy.

Material and Substantial Duties: duties that

- 1. are normally required for the performance of the Covered Person's Regular Occupation; and
- 2. cannot be reasonably omitted or modified.

Regular Occupation means: the occupation which the Covered Person is routinely performing when his Disability occurs. We will look at the Covered Person's occupation as it is normally performed in the national economy instead of how the work tasks are performed for a specific Employer or at a specific location.

Gainful Occupation means: an occupation that can be expected to provide the Covered Person with an income at least equal to his Gross Disability Payment within 12 months of his return to work, considering:

- 1. his past training, as well as training he could receive;
- 2. his education and experience; and
- 3. his physical and mental capacity.

Gainful Occupation will be determined with the assistance of a licensed vocational or rehabilitation specialist.

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification does not, in itself, mean the Covered Person is Disabled. Additionally, economic factors, such as recession, job obsolescence, pay-cuts and job sharing will not be considered in determining whether the Covered Person meets the definition of Disability/Disabled.

We require the Covered Person to be under the Regular Care of a Physician for the Sickness or Injury causing his disability in order to be eligible to receive payments from Us.

We may require the Covered Person to be examined by Physicians, other medical practitioners or vocational experts of Our choice. We will pay for these examinations. We can require examinations as often as it is reasonable to do so. We may also require the Covered Person to be interviewed by an authorized representative of Ours. Refusal to be examined or interviewed may result in denial or termination of his claim.

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Transplant Benefit: If, while insured under the Policy, the Covered Person donates an organ for an Organ Transplant Procedure, and as a result he becomes Disabled, We will consider him to be Disabled as a result of Sickness and his Elimination Period will be waived. Disability resulting from an Organ Transplant Procedure will have a limited pay period of 12 months. This benefit will be payable only once in the Covered Person's lifetime. Benefit payments will be subject to all of the provisions contained in the Policy, except for those that are in conflict with the provisions of this Transplant Benefit.

Organ Transplant Procedure means: the Covered Person donates any of the following for transplantation into another person: kidney, liver, lung, skin or bone marrow.

Calculating the Monthly Payment:

The Benefit Percent and Maximum Monthly Benefit are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Calculate the Covered Person's Monthly Payment as follows:

- 1. Multiply the Covered Person's Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings by the Benefit Percent.
- 2. Compare the result in Step 1 with the Maximum Monthly Benefit.
- 3. The lesser of these two amounts is the Covered Person's monthly Gross Disability Payment.
- 4. Subtract from his monthly Gross Disability Payment all Other Income Benefit amounts that he receives or is eligible to receive. The result is the Covered Person's Monthly Payment.

In no event will the Covered Person's Monthly Payment exceed the Maximum Monthly Benefit.

If the Covered Person is Disabled and working, earning between 20% and 80% of his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings calculate his benefit payment as follows:

Calculate the Covered Person's Gross Disability Payment as follows:

- 1. Multiply his Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings by the Benefit Percent.
- 2. Compare the result in Step 1 with the Maximum Monthly Benefit.
- 3. The lesser of these two amounts is the Covered Person's Gross Disability Payment, which is used in the benefit calculation below.

When the Covered Person first returns to work during a period of disability, the Work Incentive Benefit establishes that, for 12 months, his Monthly Payment, as determined above, will not be reduced as long as Payment does not exceed 100% of his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings.

During the period of time that the Work Incentive Benefit applies:

- Add the Covered Person's monthly Disability Earnings to his Gross Disability Payment, as calculated above.
- 2. Compare the result in Step 1 to his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings.
- 3. If the result from Step 2 is less than or equal to 100% of the Covered Person's Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings, We will not further reduce his Monthly Payment, as calculated above.
- 4. If the result in Step 2 is greater than 100% of the Covered Person's Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings, We will subtract the amount over 100% from his Monthly Payment, as calculated above.

The result is the amount We will pay the Covered Person each month.

After the period of time that the Work Incentive Benefit applies:

- 1. Subtract the Covered Person's Disability Earnings from his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings.
- 2. Divide the result in Step 1 by his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings. This is his percentage of lost earnings.
- 3. Multiply the Covered Person's Monthly Payment, as calculated above, by the answer in Step 2

The result is the amount We will pay the Covered Person each month.

After the Elimination Period, if the Covered Person is Disabled for only part of a month, We will send him 1/30th of his payment for each day of Disability.

Gross Disability Payment means: the payment amount before We subtract Other Income Benefits and Disability Earnings.

Monthly Payment means: the payment amount after We subtract any Other Income Benefits.

Elimination Period means: the length of time the Covered Person must be continuously Disabled before a benefit is payable. The Elimination Period begins on the first day of Disability. If the Covered Person returns to work for a period of time not to exceed the Accumulation of Elimination Period and cannot continue, he will not have to begin a new Elimination Period. However, We will count only those days he is Disabled toward satisfying the Elimination Period. The Elimination Period and the Accumulation of Elimination Period are shown in the Schedule of Benefits.

Disability Earnings mean: the earnings, which the Covered Person receives while Disabled, and working.

Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings: The Covered Person's Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings adjusted on each anniversary of benefit payments by the lesser of 5% or the current annual percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W). The Covered Person's Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings may increase or remain the same, but will never decrease. This manner of indexing is only used to determine the Covered Person's percentage of lost earnings while he is Disabled and working and in the determination of Gainful Occupation. Consumer Price Index (CPI-W) means: the index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers published by the U.S. Department of Labor. We reserve the right to use some other similar measurement if the Department of Labor changes or stops publishing the CPI-W.

Receipt of Disability Payments: The Covered Person will begin to receive payments when We approve his claim, provided the Elimination Period has been met and he is Disabled. We will send him a payment each month for any period for which We are liable. If he is Disabled and working, proof of Disability Earnings will be required before benefits are paid.

Disability During a Covered Layoff or Leave of Absence: If the Covered Person becomes Disabled while he is on a covered Layoff or Leave of Absence, We will calculate his benefit using his Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings from his Employer in effect just prior to the date his absence begins.

Fluctuation of Disability Earnings: If the Covered Person's Disability Earnings fluctuate, We may average his Disability Earnings over the most recent 3 months to determine if his claim should continue subject to all other terms and conditions in the Policy.

If We average his Disability Earnings, We will not terminate his claim unless the average of his Disability Earnings from the last 3 months exceeds 80% of his Indexed Pre-Disability Monthly Earnings.

We will not pay the Covered Person for any month during which Disability Earnings exceed the amount allowable under the Policy.

Other Income Benefits: We will subtract from the Covered Person's Gross Disability Payment the following Other Income Benefits:

- 1. any benefits and awards he receives or is eligible to receive under:
 - a. Workers' Compensation Law;
 - b. occupational disease Law; or
 - c. any other similar Act or Law.
- 2. any Disability income benefits he receives or is eligible to receive under:
 - a. any compulsory benefit Act or Law;
 - b. any other group insurance policy with the Employer or with an association;
 - c. any other group insurance policy with another Employer under which he becomes insured while he is Disabled under the Policy; or
 - d. any governmental retirement system as the result of his job with his Employer.
- 3. any benefits under the United States Social Security Act, the Jones Act, and any other similar plan or Act. Benefits include:
 - a. Disability benefits he is eligible to receive and any disability benefits his Spouse or his children receive or are eligible to receive as a result of his Disability.
 - b. retirement benefits he receives and any retirement benefits his Spouse or his children receive as a result of his receipt of retirement benefits.

If the Covered Person's Disability begins after his 70th birthday, and he was receiving Social Security retirement benefits before his Disability began, then We will not reduce Our payments to him by these retirement benefits.

Pension Plan means: a plan that provides retirement benefits and which is not wholly funded by Employee contributions. The term does not include a profit sharing plan, a thrift plan, an individual retirement account (IRA), a tax sheltered annuity plan (TSA), a stock ownership plan or a non-qualified plan of deferred compensation.

- 4. any benefits he receives from the Employer's sick leave or salary continuation plan.
- 5. any benefits from the Employer's retirement plan, the Public Employees Retirement System and the State Teachers Retirement System he:
 - a. receives as disability benefits;
 - b. voluntarily chooses to receive as retirement benefits; or
 - c. receives as retirement benefits once he reaches the greater of age 62 or normal retirement age, as defined in his Employer's Retirement Plan.

Regardless of how the retirement funds from the plan are distributed, for the purposes of determining Our payment to the Covered Person, We consider Employee and Employer contributions to be distributed at the same time throughout the Covered Person's lifetime.

We will not reduce payments the Covered Person receives from Us for his contributions to the Employer's retirement plan, or for amounts he rolls over or transfer to an eligible Retirement Plan.

Disability benefits under a retirement plan are benefits that are paid due to disability and which do not reduce the retirement benefits which would have been paid if the disability had not occurred.

Retirement benefits under a retirement plan are benefits that are paid based on the Covered Person's Employer's contribution to the retirement plan. Disability benefits that reduce the retirement benefits under the plan will also be considered a retirement benefit.

Eligible retirement plan is defined in Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and includes future amendments to Section 402 affecting the definition.

- 6. any benefits for loss of time or lost wages he receives from the mandatory portion of a no-fault motor vehicle insurance plan, or automobile liability insurance policy.
- 7. any amount he receives under any unemployment compensation Law.
- 8. any amounts he receives from a third party (after subtracting attorney's fees) by judgment, settlement or otherwise.

If the Covered Person receives any of the Other Income Benefits in a lump sum payment, We will pro-rate the lump sum on a monthly basis over the time period for which the sum was given. If no time period is stated, the sum will be pro-rated on a monthly basis to the end of the Covered Person's Maximum Benefit Period.

Other Income Benefits must be payable as a result of the same Disability for which the Covered Person is receiving a payment from Us, except for retirement benefits.

We will NOT subtract from the Covered Person's Gross Disability Payment any amounts he receives from the following sources:

- 1. 401(k) plans
- 2. profit sharing plans
- 3. thrift plans
- 4. tax sheltered annuities
- 5. stock ownership plans
- 6. non-qualified plans of deferred compensation
- 7. Pension plans for partners
- 8. military pension and military disability income plans
- 9. credit disability insurance
- 10. franchise disability income plans
- 11. a retirement plan from another Employer
- 12. Individual Retirement Accounts (IRA)
- 13. individual disability income plans

Effect of Other Income Benefits on Payment: If subtracting Other Income Benefits results in a zero benefit, We will pay the Covered Person the Minimum Monthly Benefit shown in the Schedule of Benefits. The Minimum Monthly Benefit, however, may be applied toward an outstanding overpayment.

Cost of Living Increases: After the first deduction for each of the Other Income Benefits, We will not further reduce the amount of the Covered Person's Monthly Payment under the Policy due to cost of living increases he receives from any of the sources described in the "Other Income Benefits" section.

Estimating Amounts of Other Income Benefits: We have the right to estimate the amount of benefits the Covered Person may be eligible to receive under the "Other Income Benefits" section. We can reduce Our payments to him by the estimated amount if:

- 1. he has not been awarded but have not been denied such benefits; or
- 2. he has been denied such benefits and the denial is being appealed; or
- 3. he is reapplying for such benefits.

We will NOT reduce Our payments to the Covered Person by the estimated amount if:

- 1. he applies or reapplies for the benefits and appeals his denial through all of the administrative levels We believe are necessary;
- 2. he signs Our reimbursement agreement form stating that he promises to pay Us any overpayment caused by an award.

If We reduce Our payments to the Covered Person by an estimated amount:

- 1. We will adjust Our payment to him when he provides proof of the amount awarded; or
- 2. We will issue a lump sum refund of the estimated amount if he was denied benefits and has completed all appeals (or reapplications) We believe are necessary.

Termination of Benefits: We will stop sending the Covered Person payments and his claim will end on the earliest of:

- 1. the date he is no longer Disabled according to the terms of the Policy;
- 2. the date he reaches the end of the Maximum Benefit Period;
- 3. the date he fails to provide proof of continuing Disability;
- 4. the date his Disability Earnings exceed the amount allowable under the Policy;
- 5. the date he is able to increase his Disability Earnings by increasing the number of hours he work or the number of duties he performs but he chooses not to do so;
- 6. the date he refuses to be examined by a Physician, if such an exam is requested by Us;
- 7. the date he refuses to be interviewed by one of Our representatives;
- 8. the date he ceases to be under the Regular Care of a Physician;
- 9. the date he dies.

If the Covered Person is a citizen of the United States and is receiving Treatment outside of the United States, We may require him to return to the United States for Treatment. Failure to do so when requested may result in termination of benefits.

Limitations:

Mental Illness and Substance Abuse Limitation

Disabilities due to Mental Illness or Substance Abuse have a limited pay period of 24 months. This is a lifetime cumulative maximum benefit period for Disabilities due to Mental Illness or Substance Abuse.

We will continue to send the Covered Person payments beyond the limited pay period if he is confined to a Hospital or Medical Facility. If he is still Disabled when he is discharged, We will send him payments for a recovery period of up to 90 days. If he becomes re-confined at any time during the recovery period and remains confined for at least 14 days in a row, We will send payments during that additional confinement and for one additional recovery period up to 90 more days.

In no case will benefits be paid beyond the Maximum Benefit Period.

Mental Illness means: any Sickness, disease or disorder, which is:

- listed in the current edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Health Disorders (or any successor diagnostic manual) published by the American Psychiatric Association; and
- 2. usually treated by a mental health provider or other qualified provider, using psychotherapy, psychotropic drugs or other similar methods of Treatment.

Mental Illness includes any such conditions whether or not related to an underlying physical, genetic, chemical, organic or biological cause, although it may be associated with physical symptoms, manifestations or expressions. Specific conditions include, but are not limited to:

- 1. bipolar disorder;
- 2. depression and depressive disorders;
- psychoses;
- 4. mood disorders;
- 5. manic-depressive illness;
- 6. anxiety disorders;
- 7. stress disorders including post-traumatic stress disorders;
- 8. somatoform disorders;
- 9. factitious disorders;
- 10. eating disorders;
- 11. adjustment disorders; and
- 12. personality disorders.

For purposes of the Policy, Mental Illness does not include coma (unless a consequence of Substance Abuse), mental retardation or Alzheimer's disease and other forms of dementia with an objectifiable organic basis.

Substance Abuse means: alcoholism, or the non-medical use of narcotics, sedatives, stimulants, hallucinogens, or any other such substance, whether or not prescribed by a Physician.

General Exclusions: We will not cover a Disability under the Policy if it is due to:

- an act or accident of war, declared or undeclared, whether civil or international, and any substantial armed conflict between organized forces of a military nature;
- 2. intentionally self-inflicted Injuries;
- 3. active participation in a riot;
- 4. committing or attempting to commit a felony.

We will not make a payment for any period of time during which the Covered Person is incarcerated or under House Arrest as a result of a convicted felony. The Maximum Benefit Period will be reduced by the amount of time he is incarcerated or under House Arrest after completion of the Elimination Period.

House Arrest means: any restriction placed on the Covered Person's movement outside of his home by a court of competent jurisdiction. Compliance with such restriction is regularly monitored using electronic or other means.

Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion: 3/12

We will not cover any Disability that begins during the first 12 months after the Covered Person's Effective Date of insurance that is caused or contributed to by a Pre-Existing Condition.

Pre-Existing Condition means: any Sickness or Injury including Mental Illness, Substance Abuse or Subjective Symptoms for which the Covered Person, within 3 months prior to his Effective Date of insurance:

- 1. was diagnosed by or received Treatment from a legally qualified Physician; or
- 2. had symptoms for which an ordinarily prudent person would have sought Treatment.

Continuity of Insurance Upon Transfer of Insurance Carriers: In order to prevent loss of insurance for a Covered Person because of a transfer of insurance carriers, We will provide insurance for certain Employees as follows:

Employees who are not Actively at Work due to Sickness or Injury:

We will insure the Employee under this Policy if the prior group insurance policy insured him and the cost of his insurance under the prior group insurance policy was paid.

Our payments to the Employee will be limited to the lesser of the Monthly Payment under the Policy or the monthly benefit the prior group insurance policy would have paid him, had that policy stayed in effect. Our payments will be reduced by any amount the prior group insurance policy is responsible for paying.

Employees who are Disabled due to a Pre-Existing Condition:

If the Employee was insured by the prior group insurance policy immediately prior to becoming eligible for insurance under this Policy, he is Actively at Work and he is insured under this Policy, then he may be eligible for payments under this Policy if his Disability is due to a Pre-Existing Condition.

In order to receive payments from Us, the Employee must satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion test of:

- 1. this Policy; or
- 2. the prior group insurance policy, had that policy stayed in effect.

We will give credit toward continuous time insured under both policies. We will determine Our payments using the provisions of this Policy, but the Employees Monthly Payment will not be more than the maximum monthly payment of the prior group insurance policy.

The Employee's Monthly Payment will end on the earlier of the following:

- 1. the end of the Maximum Benefit Period;
- 2. the date benefits would have ended under the prior group insurance policy, if the policy had stayed in effect.

If the Employee cannot satisfy the Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion test of either policy, then he will not be eligible for a Monthly Payment.

Recurrent Disability: If the Covered Person's current Disability is related or due to the same causes(s) as his prior Disability for which We made a payment, We will treat his current Disability as part of his prior claim and he will not have to complete another Elimination Period if he returns to Active Work for his Employer on a full time basis for 6 consecutive months or less. His Disability will be subject to all of the provisions as his prior claim and will be treated as a continuation of that Disability.

Any Disability which occurs after 6 consecutive months from the date the Covered Person's prior claim ended will be treated as a new claim. His new claim will be subject to all of the provisions, including the Elimination Period.

If the Covered Person returns to work for another Employer, We will treat a Recurrent Disability the same as established above for the first 6 months following his return to work. Any Recurrent Disability that occurs more than 6 months but less than 12 months after the end of the Covered Person's prior Disability will be treated as a continuation of the prior Disability, but the Covered Person will be required to complete a new Elimination Period.

If the Covered Person becomes entitled to benefits under any other Group Long Term Disability policy, he will not be eligible for payments under the Policy.

Recurrent Disability means: a Disability that is:

- 1. caused by a worsening in the Covered Person's condition; and
- 2. due to the same or related cause(s) as his prior Disability for which We made a payment.

Multiple Causes: If a period of Disability is extended by a new, unrelated cause while benefits are payable, benefits will continue while the Covered Person remains Disabled, subject to the following:

- 1. benefits will not continue beyond the end of the original Maximum Benefit Period; and
- 2. any Exclusions and Pre-existing Conditions Limitations will apply to the new cause of Disability.

Concurrent Disability: Benefits for a Concurrent Disability will be paid as if the Concurrent Disability were caused by one Injury or one Sickness. In no event will a Covered Person be considered to have more than one continuous period of Disability at the same time.

Concurrent Disability means: one continuous period of Disability that is caused by more than one Injury or Sickness.

Lump Sum Survivor Benefit: When We receive proof that the Covered Person died, We will pay his Spouse, if living, otherwise, his children under age 26, a lump sum benefit equal to 3 months of the Covered Person's monthly Gross Disability Payment if, on the date of the Covered Person's death:

- 1. his Disability had continued for 180 or more consecutive days; and
- 2. he was receiving or was entitled to receive a Monthly Payment under the Policy.

If the Covered Person has no living Spouse or children, payment will be made to his estate. However, We will first apply the survivor benefit to any overpayment which may exist on the Covered Person's claim.

Workplace Modification Benefit: A workplace modification benefit may be payable to the Covered Person's Employer if a change is made to the work environment or the way a job is performed to allow the Covered Person to be Actively at Work and to perform the Material and Substantial Duties of his Regular Occupation, or any Gainful Occupation.

To qualify for a benefit:

- 1. the Covered Person must be Disabled under the terms of the Policy;
- 2. the Employer must agree to make the necessary modifications so that the Covered Person can return to work; and
- 3. any proposed modifications to the work place must be in writing and approved by Us prior to implementation.
- 4. In considering any proposed modifications, We have the right to have the Covered Person evaluated by a Physician or other health care professional, or a vocational rehabilitation specialist of Our choice.

When the above qualifications are met, the Covered Person's Employer will be reimbursed for the cost of the modification up to a maximum amount for the Workplace Modification Benefit. This benefit is available to the Covered Person on a one-time-only basis, at Our discretion, and will be paid in addition to any other Disability benefits for which the Covered Person qualifies. The Workplace Modification Benefit maximum amount is \$5,000.

Rehabilitation Services: A rehabilitation program is available to assist the Covered Person in his return to work. Participation in this program is voluntary on his part and will be offered at Our discretion.

Our vocational rehabilitation specialists will review the Covered Person's file to determine if rehabilitation services might help him return to a Gainful Occupation. Once the review is completed, We may offer and pay for a return to work program. We will work with the Covered Person's Physician and other appropriate specialists to develop a plan that best suits the Covered Person's needs.

The return to work program may include, but is not limited to, the following services:

- 1. coordination with the Covered Person's Employer to assist him in his return to work;
- 2. evaluation of adaptive equipment to allow the Covered Person to work;
- 3. vocational evaluation to determine how his Disability may impact his employment options;
- 4. job placement services;
- 5. resume preparation;
- 6. job seeking skills training;
- 7. retraining for a new occupation; or
- 8. assistance with relocation that may be part of an approved return to work program.

We reserve the right to make the final decision concerning the Covered Person's eligibility to take part in a rehabilitation program and the amount of any services he will be provided.

During the Covered Person's participation in an approved rehabilitation program, his Gross Disability Payment will be increased by 5% for Rehabilitation Services.

In addition, We will make monthly payments to the Covered Person for 3 months following the date his Disability ends if We determine he is no longer Disabled while:

- 1. he is participating in Our rehabilitation program; and
- 2. he is not able to find employment.

Employee Outreach Services: may provide Employee Outreach Services for a Covered Person who has a medical disability accompanied by psychosocial problems that may interfere with his recovery and return to work.

Employee Outreach Services will be provided at our discretion and may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. service provider referrals; and
- identifying available community and state resources that may be helpful in the Covered Person's recovery and return to work.

Social Security Assistance: If the Covered Person is receiving a payment from Us, through, We can provide advice to him regarding his Social Security Disability benefits claim and assist him with his application or appeal.

Receiving Social Security Disability benefits may enable:

- 1. him to receive Medicare after 24 months of disability payments;
- 2. him to protect his retirement benefits; and
- 3. his family to be eligible for Social Security benefits.

We can assist the Covered Person in obtaining Social Security disability benefits by:

- 1. helping him find appropriate legal representation or other assistance;
- 2. obtaining medical and vocational evidence; and
- 3. reimbursing pre-approved case management expenses.

Claim Information:

Notice of Claim: Written notice of a claim must be given to Us at Our Home Office by the Covered Person within 30 days after the date his Disability begins. If it is not possible, written notice must be given as soon as it is reasonably possible to do so.

The claim form is available from the Covered Person's Employer, or can be requested from Us. If the Covered Person does not receive the form from Us within 15 days of his request, written proof of claim should be sent to Us without waiting for the form. Written proof should establish facts about the claim such as date of occurrence, nature and extent of the Disability.

The Covered Person must notify Us immediately when he returns to work in any capacity.

Filing a Claim: The Covered Person and his Employer must fill out their own section of the claim form and then give it to the Covered Person's attending Physician. The Physician should fill out his section of the form and send it directly to Us.

Proof of Claim: Written proof of claim must be filed within 90 days after the Covered Person's Elimination Period ends. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 90 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Proof of claim must include:

- 1. the date the Covered Person's Disability began;
- 2. appropriate documentation of the Disabling disorder;
- 3. the extent of the Covered Person's Disability, including restrictions and limitations preventing him from being Actively at Work;
- 4. the appropriate documentation of the Covered Person's earnings;
- 5. the name and address of any Hospital or Medical Facility where the Covered Person received Treatment;
- 6. the name and address of all Physicians providing Regular Care or specialty care.

We may request that the Covered Person send proof of continuing Disability, satisfactory to Us, indicating that he is under the Regular Care of a Physician. This proof, provided at the Covered Person's expense, must be received within 30 days of a request by Us.

In some cases, the Covered Person will be required to give Us authorization to obtain additional medical information, and to provide non-medical information as part of his proof of claim, or proof of continuing Disability. We will deny a Covered Person's claim or stop sending him payments if the appropriate information is not submitted.

Payment of Claim: Except as otherwise noted for specified additional benefits that may be included in the Policy, all benefits are payable to the Covered Person. If a benefit is payable to the Covered Person's estate, to a minor or to someone who is not competent to give a valid release, We have the right to pay up to \$1,000 to any of the Covered Person's relatives whom We consider entitled. Any amount We pay in good faith releases Us from further liability, but only for the amount paid.

Overpayment of Claim: We have the right to recover any overpayments due to:

- 1. fraud:
- 2. any error We make in processing a claim; and
- 3. the Covered Person's receipt of Other Income Benefits.

The Covered Person must reimburse Us in full. We will determine the method by which the repayment is to be made. We have the right to recover overpayment from the Covered Person's Spouse if living, otherwise child under the age 26 or estate.

Legal Action: The Covered Person may not bring suit to recover under this section until 60 days after he has given Us written proof of loss. No suit may be brought more than three years after the date the proof of loss is required to be filed.

CERTIFICATE MODIFICATIONS RIDER

Certificate Modification(s) to the Certificate

Policyholder: Immunotek Bio Centers, LLC

Policy Number: 309759

It is agreed that the Certificate is amended as follows:

Effective January 1, 2022, with respect to residents of the states as shown on the subsequent pages, the following provisions amend, replace or are added, when applicable, to the Certificate:

Signed for the Company by:

Secretary

(unthy). Burch

President

Mulh

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company Hartford, Connecticut

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

ALASKA

Residents of the state of Alaska, the following provisions are included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Alaska state law:

Dependent Definition

When dependent coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage and Domestic Partners are described in the definition of a Dependent, Any references to gender (i.e., "of the opposite or same sex" or "of the same sex") in the Domestic Partner and Domestic Partnership definitions are deleted and do not apply to you.

Discretionary Authority

When a Discretionary Authority provision is shown in the CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS section, it is hereby deleted in its entirety.

Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit Limitations

The travel/flight limitation in the Accidental Death Benefit or Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit is amended with regard to charter flights by deleting the phrase "seating 15 or more people".

ARKANSAS

Residents of the state of Arkansas, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Arkansas state law:

Insurer Information Notice

Any questions regarding the Policy may be directed to: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East Minnetonka, MN 55343 1-866-615-8727

Policyholders have the right to file a complaint with the Arkansas Insurance Department (AID). You may call AID to request a complaint form at (800) 852-5494 or (501) 371-2640 or write the Department at:

Arkansas Insurance Department 1 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Little Rock, Arkansas 77202

IDAHO

Residents of the state of Idaho, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Idaho state law:

Insurer Information Notice

Any questions regarding the Policy may be directed to: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East Minnetonka, MN 55343 1-866-615-8727

If the question is not resolved, you may contact the Idaho Department of Insurance: Idaho Department of Insurance
Consumer Affairs
700 W State Street, 3rd Floor
PO Box 83720
Boise ID 83720-0043
1-800-721-3272 or www.DOI.Idaho.gov

Incontestability

The Incontestability provision as contained in the section entitled CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS is hereby changed to read as follows:

Incontestability: We may not contest the validity of the Policy, except for the non-payment of premiums or fraudulent misrepresentations, after it has been in force for one year from its date of issue. No statement made by any Covered Person relating to his insurability shall be used in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which such statement was made after such insurance has been force prior to the contest for a period of one year during such person's lifetime, unless it is contained in a written instrument signed by him. This clause will not affect Our right to contest claims made for accidental death or accidental dismemberment benefits.

LOUISIANA

Residents of the state of Louisiana, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Louisiana state law:

Applicable to Policies that include an Accelerated Death Benefit:

NOTICE: This is a Life Insurance Policy which pays Accelerated Death Benefits at the Policyholder's option under conditions specified in the Policy.

MINNESOTA

Minnesota has determined that its statutory requirements apply to Minnesota residence when non-Minnesota sitused Employers have 25 or more Employees residing in Minnesota.

Any questions regarding these statutory requirements may be directed in writing to:

UnitedHealthcare Specialty Benefits Contract Services Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East Minnetonka, MN 55343

MISSOURI

Residents of the state of Missouri, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Missouri state law:

Suicide

When a Suicide Limitation for Life Insurance is included in the Certificate of Coverage, no benefit will be paid for any loss caused directly or indirectly from suicide occurring within one year after the Covered Person's initial effective date or effective date or any increase of additional insurance.

In the event the insured dies as a result of suicide within one year from the date of issue of the policy, the Policyholder shall promptly refund all premiums paid for coverage.

Waiver

When a WAIVER OF PREMIUM section is included in the Certificate of Coverage the definition of Total Disability or Totally Disabled is replaced with the following:

Total Disability or Totally Disabled: For purposes of this section, means the Covered Person's inability, because of sickness or injury to perform the material and substantial duties of the Covered Person's occupation for a period of at least twelve (12) months, unless the total benefit period is less than twelve (12) months. After the initial benefit period, total disability shall mean the Covered Person's inability to perform the material and substantial duties of any occupation for which the insured is qualified by education, training or experience.

MONTANA

Residents of the state of Montana, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Montana state law:

Conformity with Montana Statutes: For Montana residents, the provisions of this Policy are intended to conform to the minimum requirements of Montana law. If any provision of the Policy conflicts with any Montana statutes, the provision will be deemed to conform to the minimum requirements of the Montana law.

Discretionary Authority

When a Discretionary Authority provision is shown in the CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS section it is hereby deleted in its entirety.

Dependent Definition

When Dependent Child coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage, the definition of a Dependent Child shall include a child placed for adoption.

When dependent coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage and Domestic Partners are described in the definition of a Dependent, the definition of a Domestic Partner will be expanded to include a person of the opposite or same sex.

Conversion Privilege

The Conversion Privilege provision shown in the LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON section is modified to allow a Covered Person to convert a limited amount of insurance to an individual policy of life insurance, other than term, if he has been continuously insured under the Policy (or the policy it replaced) for three years and the insurance terminated due to termination or amendment of the Policy.

When dependent life insurance coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage, the Conversion Privilege provision shown in the LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS section is modified to allow a Dependent to convert a limited amount of insurance to an individual life policy, other than term, if he was continuously insured under the Policy (or the policy it replaced) for three years if his insurance terminated due to the Policy being terminated or amended.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Residents of the state of New Hampshire, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with New Hampshire state law:

Conversion Privilege

The Conversion Privilege provision shown in the LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON section is expanded to include the following:

The Covered Person will be given written notice of this conversion privilege and its duration within 15 days after the date of termination of the Policy. If this notice is given more than 15 days after the date of termination, the time allowed for the exercise of the privilege of conversion will be extended for a period of 15 days following the date of the written notice. Such notice will be mailed to the Covered Person at the last address furnished to the Policyholder.

When dependent life insurance coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage, the Conversion Privilege provision shown in the LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS section is expanded to include the following:

The Dependent will be given written notice of this conversion privilege and its duration within 15 days after the date of termination of the Policy. IF this notice is given more than 15 days after the date of termination, the time allowed for the exercise of the privilege of conversion will be extended for a period of 15 days following the date of the written notice. Such notice will be mailed to the Dependent at the last address furnished to the Policyholder.

Proof of Claim

The provision(s) entitled Proof of Claim as contained in the Certificate of Coverage is modified to include the following:

Failure to furnish such proof of claim within the Certificate of Coverage stated time limit will not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such proof and that such proof was furnished as soon as it was reasonably possible.

Discretionary Authority

When a Discretionary Authority provision is shown in the Certificate of Coverage GENERAL PROVISIONS section it is hereby deleted in its entirety.

NORTH CAROLINA

Residents of the state of North Carolina, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with North Carolina state law:

Proof of Claim

The provision(s) entitled Proof of Claim as contained in the Certificate is modified as follows:

Written proof of claim must be filed within 180 days of the loss. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 180 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Occupational Injury or Sickness Exclusion

Any exclusion that applies to an Occupational Injury or Sickness is hereby replaced by the following:

An Occupational Injury or Sickness for treatments which are paid under the North Carolina Worker's Compensation Act only to extent such services or supplies are the liability of the employee, employer or workers' compensation insurance carrier according to a final adjudication under the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act or an order of the North Carolina Industrial Commission approving a settlement agreement under the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act.

NORTH DAKOTA

Residents of the state of North Dakota, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with North Dakota state law:

20 Day Right to Examine Certificate: There is a 20 day right to review this Certificate. If You decide not to keep it, it may be returned to Us within 20 days of the original Certificate Effective Date. In that event, We will consider it void from the Certificate Effective Date and refund all premium paid. Any claims paid during the initial 20 day period will be deducted from the refund.

OKLAHOMA

Residents of the state of Oklahoma, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Oklahoma state law:

Certificates delivered to residents of state of Oklahoma are subject to Oklahoma laws.

Dependent Child Definition

When Dependent Child coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage the term "Child" includes a natural child, legally adopted child, stepchild, foster child or any child who is under the custody of the Covered Person

Incontestability

The Incontestability provision shown in the Certificate GENERAL PROVISIONS section is replaced by the following:

Incontestability: We may not contest the validity of the Policy, except for the non-payment of premiums, after it has been in force for two years from its date of issue. No statement made by any Covered Person relating to his insurability shall be used in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which such statement was made after such insurance has been in force prior to the contest for a period of two years during such person's lifetime, unless it is contained in a written instrument signed by him. This clause will not affect Our right to contest claims made for accidental death or accidental dismemberment benefits.

Life Insurance Payment of Claim:

The Payment of Claim provision shown in the LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON section is replaced by the following:

Payment of Claim: Payment of Claim for loss of life will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section. We will make payment within 60 days of receipt of due proof of death. All other benefits under the Policy are paid to the Covered Person.

If the Covered Person has chosen an option, no one may change it unless the Covered Person consents in writing. The Covered Person's beneficiary may choose an option within 60 days after death if one has not been chosen.

When dependent coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage, the Payment of Claim provision shown in the LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT FOR DEPENDENTS section is replaced by the following:

Payment of Claim: Payment of Claim for loss of life will be paid in accordance with the beneficiary section. We will make payment within 60 days of receipt of due proof of death. All other benefits under the Policy are paid to the Covered Person.

If the Covered Person has chosen an option, no one may change it unless the Covered Person consents in writing. The Covered Person's beneficiary may choose an option within 60 days after death if one has not been chosen.

TEXAS

Residents of the state of Texas, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Texas state law:

Have a complaint or need help?

If you have a problem with a claim or your premium, call your insurance company first. If you can't work out the issue, the Texas Department of Insurance may be able to help.

Even if you file a complaint with the Texas Department of Insurance, you should also file a complaint or appeal through your insurance company. If you don't, you may lose your right to appeal.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

To get information or file a complaint with your insurance company:

Call: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Toll-free: 1-866-615-8727

Mail: United HealthCare Insurance Company Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka. MN 55343

The Texas Department of Insurance

To get help with an insurance question or file a complaint with the state:

Call with a question: 1-800-252-3439 File a complaint: www.tdi.texas.gov

Email: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Mail: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714-9091

¿Tiene una queja o necesita ayuda?

Si tiene un problema con una reclamación o con su prima de seguro, llame primero a su compañía de seguros. Si no puede resolver el problema, es posible que el Departamento de Seguros de Texas (Texas Department of Insurance, por su nombre en inglés) pueda ayudar.

Aun si usted presenta una queja ante el Departamento de Seguros de Texas, también debe presentar una queja a través del proceso de quejas o de apelaciones de sucompañía de seguros. Si no lo hace, podría perder su derecho para apelar.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Para obtener información o para presentar una queja ante su compañía de seguros:

Llame a: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Teléfono gratuito: 1-866-615-8727

Dirección postal: United HealthCare Insurance Company Administrative

Offices, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka. MN 55343

El Departamento de Seguros de Texas

Para obtener ayuda con una pregunta relacionada con los seguros o para presentar una queja ante el estado:

Llame con sus preguntas al: 1-800-252-3439 Presente una queja en: <u>www.tdi.texas.gov</u>

Correo electrónico: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Dirección postal: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714-9091

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Accelerated Death Benefit

Death benefits will be reduced if an acceleration-of-life insurance benefit is paid.

DISCLOSURE: Receipt of Acceleration Death Benefits may affect You, Your spouse or Your family's eligibility for public assistance programs such as medical assistance (Medicaid), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), supplementary social security income (SSI), and drug assistance programs. You are advised to consult with a qualified tax advisor and with social service agencies concerning how receipt of such payment will affect You, Your spouse and Your family's eligibility for public assistance.

DISCLOSURE: The Accelerated Death Benefits offered under this Policy may or may not qualify for favorable tax treatment under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Whether such benefits qualify depends on factors such as Your life expectancy at the time benefits are accelerated or whether you use the benefits to pay necessary long-term care expense, such as nursing home care. If the Accelerated Death Benefits qualify for favorable tax treatment, the benefits will be excludable from Your income and to subject to federal taxation. Tax laws relating to Accelerated Death Benefits are complex. You are advised to consult with a qualified tax advisor about circumstances under which You could receive Accelerated Death Benefits excludable from income under federal law.

We reserve the right to ask for a medical exam in connection with a claim. In the event that the Physician's examinations result in conflict with the medical evidence signed by the treating Physician, a second examination from a Physician of Our choice (at Our expense) will be requested. This second exam will determine if the Covered Person has met the conditions stated above.

At the time of payment of the Accelerated Death Benefit, We will send a statement to the Covered Person specifying:

- 4. the amount of benefits paid;
- 5. the affect of the Accelerated Death Benefit payment on the death benefit face amount and future premiums; and
- 6. the amount of Life Insurance benefits remaining.

Incontestability

The Incontestability provision under the CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS section, is amended to remove the phrase "or fraudulent misrepresentations" from the first sentence.

WASHINGTON

Residents of the state of Washington, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Washington state law:

Accelerated Death Benefit

When an ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT section is include in the Certificate of Coverage, the following Accelerated Death Benefit Notice is also included:

If you receive payment of accelerated death benefits from a life insurance policy, you may lose your right to receive certain public funds, such as Medicare, Medicaid, Social Security, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and possibly others. Also, receiving accelerated benefits from a life insurance policy may have tax consequences for you. We cannot give you advice about this. You may wish to obtain advice from a tax professional or an attorney before you decide to receive accelerated benefits from a life insurance policy.

This Accelerated Death Benefit is not intended to qualify under section 101(g)(26 U.S.C. 101(g) or section 770B(26U.S.C. 7702B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended by Public Law 104-191

Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit

The first paragraph shown in the ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR COVERED PERSON section is replaced by the following:

The Covered Person suffers a loss described below, We will pay the amount of insurance that applies. The Covered Person, or the Covered Person's beneficiary, must give Us proof that:

- 1. Injury occurred while the insurance was in force under this section;
- 2. loss occurred within 365 days after the Injury; and
- 3. loss was due to Injury independent of all other causes.

When dependent Accidental Death and Dismemberment coverage is included in the Certificate of Coverage, the first paragraph shown in the ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT BENEFIT FOR COVERED DEPENDENT section is replaced by the following:

The Dependent suffers a loss described below, We will pay the amount of insurance that applies. The Covered Person, or the Covered Person's beneficiary, must give Us proof that:

- 1. Injury occurred while the insurance was in force under this section;
- 2. loss occurred within 365 days after the Injury; and
- 3. loss was due to Injury independent of all other causes.

STATUTORY PROVISIONS

ALASKA

Residents of the state of Alaska, the following provisions are included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Alaska state law:

Discretionary Authority

When a Discretionary Authority provision is shown in the CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS section, it is hereby deleted in its entirety.

Overpayment of Claim

The Overpayment of Claim section as contained in the Certificate is hereby changed to read as follows:

Overpayment of Claim: Within 180 days of payment of a benefit, We have the right to recover any overpayments due to:

- 1. fraud:
- 2. any error We make in processing a claim; and
- 3. the Covered Person's receipt of Other Income Benefits.

The Covered Person must reimburse Us in full. We will determine the method by which the repayment is to be made. We have the right to recover overpayment from the Covered Person's Spouse if living, otherwise child under the age 26 or estate.

ARKANSAS

Residents of the state of Arkansas, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Arkansas state law:

Insurer Information Notice

Any questions regarding the Policy may be directed to: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East Minnetonka, MN 55343 1-866-615-8727

Policyholders have the right to file a complaint with the Arkansas Insurance Department (AID). You may call AID to request a complaint form at (800) 852-5494 or (501) 371-2640 or write the Department at:

Arkansas Insurance Department 1 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Little Rock, Arkansas 77202

MINNESOTA

Minnesota has determined that its statutory requirements apply to Minnesota residence when non-Minnesota sitused Employers have 25 or more Employees residing in Minnesota.

Any questions regarding these statutory requirements may be directed in writing to:

UnitedHealthcare Specialty Benefits Contract Services Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East Minnetonka, MN 55343

MONTANA

Residents of the state of Montana, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Montana state law:

Conformity with Montana Statutes: For Montana residents, the provisions of this Policy are intended to conform to the minimum requirements of Montana law. If any provision of the Policy conflicts with any Montana statutes, the provision will be deemed to conform to the minimum requirements of the Montana law.

Discretionary Authority

When a Discretionary Authority provision is shown in the CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS section it is hereby deleted in its entirety.

Disability Pre-Existing Exclusion

Any applicable Pre-Existing exclusion will not be applied to any disability that begins more than 12 months after the Covered Person's Effective Date of insurance.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Residents of the state of New Hampshire, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with New Hampshire state law:

Proof of Claim

The provision(s) entitled Proof of Claim as contained in the Certificate of Coverage is modified to include the following:

Failure to furnish such proof of claim within the Certificate of Coverage stated time limit will not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it is shown not to have been reasonably possible to furnish such proof and that such proof was furnished as soon as it was reasonably possible.

Discretionary Authority

When a Discretionary Authority provision is shown in the Certificate of Coverage GENERAL PROVISIONS section it is hereby deleted in its entirety.

NORTH CAROLINA

Residents of the state of North Carolina, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with North Carolina state law:

Proof of Claim

The provision(s) entitled Proof of Claim as contained in the Certificate is modified as follows:

Written proof of claim must be filed within 180 days of the loss. However, if it is not possible to give proof within 180 days, it must be given no later than one year after the time proof is otherwise required, except in the absence of legal capacity.

Occupational Injury or Sickness Exclusion

Any exclusion that applies to an Occupational Injury or Sickness is hereby replaced by the following:

An Occupational Injury or Sickness for treatments which are paid under the North Carolina Worker's Compensation Act only to extent such services or supplies are the liability of the employee, employer or workers' compensation insurance carrier according to a final adjudication under the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act or an order of the North Carolina Industrial Commission approving a settlement agreement under the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act.

NORTH DAKOTA

Residents of the state of North Dakota, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with North Dakota state law:

20 Day Right to Examine Certificate: There is a 20 day right to review this Certificate. If You decide not to keep it, it may be returned to Us within 20 days of the original Certificate Effective Date. In that event, We will consider it void from the Certificate Effective Date and refund all premium paid. Any claims paid during the initial 20 day period will be deducted from the refund.

OKLAHOMA

Residents of the state of Oklahoma, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Oklahoma state law:

Certificates delivered to residents of state of Oklahoma are subject to Oklahoma laws.

Incontestability

The Incontestability provision shown in the Certificate GENERAL PROVISIONS section is replaced by the following:

Incontestability: We may not contest the validity of the Policy, except for the non-payment of premiums, after it has been in force for two years from its date of issue. No statement made by any Covered Person relating to his insurability shall be used in contesting the validity of the insurance with respect to which such statement was made after such insurance has been in force prior to the contest for a period of two years during such person's lifetime, unless it is contained in a written instrument signed by him. This clause will not affect Our right to contest claims made for accidental death or accidental dismemberment benefits.

TEXAS

Residents of the state of Texas, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Texas state law:

Incontestability

The Incontestability provision under the CERTIFICATE GENERAL PROVISIONS section, is amended to remove the phrase "or fraudulent misrepresentations" from the first sentence.

TEXAS

Residents of the state of Texas, the following provision is included to bring your Certificate into conformity with Texas state law:

Have a complaint or need help?

If you have a problem with a claim or your premium, call your insurance company first. If you can't work out the issue, the Texas Department of Insurance may be able to help.

Even if you file a complaint with the Texas Department of Insurance, you should also file a complaint or appeal through your insurance company. If you don't, you may lose your right to appeal.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

To get information or file a complaint with your insurance company:

Call: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Toll-free: 1-866-615-8727

Mail: United HealthCare Insurance Company Administrative Offices 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka. MN 55343

The Texas Department of Insurance

To get help with an insurance question or file a complaint with the state:

Call with a question: 1-800-252-3439 File a complaint: www.tdi.texas.gov

Email: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Mail: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714-9091

¿Tiene una queja o necesita ayuda?

Si tiene un problema con una reclamación o con su prima de seguro, llame primero a su compañía de seguros. Si no puede resolver el problema, es posible que el Departamento de Seguros de Texas (Texas Department of Insurance, por su nombre en inglés) pueda ayudar.

Aun si usted presenta una queja ante el Departamento de Seguros de Texas, también debe presentar una queja a través del proceso de quejas o de apelaciones de sucompañía de seguros. Si no lo hace, podría perder su derecho para apelar.

UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Para obtener información o para presentar una queja ante su compañía de seguros:

Llame a: UnitedHealthcare Insurance Company

Teléfono gratuito: 1-866-615-8727

Dirección postal: United HealthCare Insurance Company Administrative

Offices, 9900 Bren Road East, Minnetonka. MN 55343

El Departamento de Seguros de Texas

Para obtener ayuda con una pregunta relacionada con los seguros o para presentar una queja ante el estado:

Llame con sus preguntas al: 1-800-252-3439 Presente una queja en: <u>www.tdi.texas.gov</u>

Correo electrónico: ConsumerProtection@tdi.texas.gov

Dirección postal: MC 111-1A, P.O. Box 149091, Austin, TX 78714-9091

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